The New-York Times.

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THE WAR.

Vigorous Sorties by the Garrison of Paris on All Sides.

The Entire German Line Driven Back.

Terrible Effect of the Artillery of the Besieged.

A Prussian Confession of the Effect of the Fire.

Successful Sorties by the Garrison at Metz.

The Prussians Keep Beyond the Range of Bazaine's Guns.

Official French Report of the Battle of Orleans.

Probable Prussian Advance Toward Tours.

Operations in the North and East of France.

THE SIEGE OF PARIS.

The Prussians Driven from their Advance Positions—Proclamation by Gambetta Announcing the Fact.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—Minister GAMBETTA has issued the following proclamation: "Inhabitants of Tours—I announce to you with inexpressible satisfaction, that on the 12th inst. the more than ever heroic people of Paris, growing impatient behind their ramparts, have determined to march forward against the enemy. Here is the bulletin of their first victory: On the entire zone around the city, the Prussians have been driven out of all the positions which they had been occupying since three weeks. Toward St. Denis they have been driven away beyond Stains, Pierrefette and Dugny. On the east side, Joinville, Creteil, Bambigny and the plateau of Avron, have been recaptured. They have been forced from Le Bas-Meudon and St. Cloud, and thrown back on Versailles. The enemy know now what a people will do who are determined to save their institutions and their honor. I invite the provinces to do their duty as Paris has done hers. Vive Paris! Vive la France! Vive la Republique!"

Further Details of the Operations about Paris—A Radical Movement in the City Suppressed.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The terrible artillery fire of Fort du Mont Valérien has literally swept the country round about. For a circuit of six kilometres the Prussian works have been destroyed. All the batteries that the Prussians have sought to erect against Mont Valérien have been annihilated. The Chateau of Meudon has also been destroyed. The Prussian engineers have been driven from Clamart, Meudon and Montretout. Villejuif and Cacham have both been recovered by the French. On the north the Prussians have been driven back as far as Deuil and Bonneuil. The entire peninsula around Genvilliers has been freed from the Prussians by several strong cavalry reconnoissances, and is now in French hands again. On the east of Paris a lively cannonade has been maintained toward Bondy. The Prussians have also been driven from Champigny, more than three miles east of Vincennes. The Prussian circle around Paris is therefore expanding daily instead of contracting, and the Parisians are greatly encouraged.

A RADICAL MOVEMENT.

Demonstrations have lately occurred in Paris favorable to a radical change in the Government. Their origin was ascribed to GUSTAVE FLOURENS and LOUIS BLANC. The movement was utterly insignificant.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—One of the gunners on the Paris fortifications has particularly distinguished himself by the accuracy with which he points his guns. He has thus far frustrated all the efforts of the Prussians to construct offensive works within range of his guns. He is an Alsatian, named CHRISTIAN. The authority reporting this mentions that the Prussians have not yet been able to plant a single battery near enough to disturb any part of Paris. A steady fire has recently been maintained from Forts Mont du Valérien and D'Issy. The Prussians have been compelled to retreat from the fire of these forts behind the plateaux of Meudon and St. Cloud. The *morale* of the French soldiers is excellent. They are drilling constantly.

THE GARIBALDIS.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—MENOTTI GARIBALDI has arrived at Marseilles, on the way to Paris. RICCIOTTI is also expected at that city.

GERMAN REJOICINGS TO COME.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—Arrangements have been completed in most of the German towns for bonfires, illuminations, fire-works and bell-ringing, to celebrate the entrance of the German Army into Paris.

Prussian Confirmation of the Destructive Fire—A French Sortie Repulsed.

VERSAILLES, Oct. 13, via BERLIN, Oct. 14.—The French have shelled and wantonly fired the Palace of St. Cloud. Ten French battalions made a sortie from Paris today. They were easily repulsed by the Second Bavarian Corps, which lost only nineteen men.

NEWS FROM WITHIN THE CITY.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—It is reported that M. KERATRY left Paris in a balloon and landed in safety. On the day of his departure a decree appeared suppressing the Prefecture of Police. The Danish Minister has arrived here from Paris. As soon as the bombardment of the capital commences all the representatives of the foreign Powers will come to Tours.

STORIES OF THE GARRISON.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The land around Fort Mont du Valerien was regarded as the "garden spot" of Paris. Before the investment of Paris, the commander of the fort employed his men digging the potatoes and collecting the other crops, all of which were stored in the fortress.

PRUSSIAN DESERTER.

LONDON, Oct. 14—Noon.—A dispatch from Versailles, dated yesterday, via Berlin, today, has just been received, and contains the following news:

"The Court-martial in the Prussian lines makes short work of deserters. Prince FREDERICK CHARLES occupies the house of Prince MOSKOWA. The Royal head-quarters are at the west of the beleaguered city, and those of the Crown Prince to the east."

METZ.

Bazaine's Latest Sortie—A Sortie Under Canrobert—The Prussian Positions.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from the Sub-Prefect of Pont L'Evegne, dated on Wednesday, (12th,) fully confirms the reports of successful sorties by Marshal BAZAINE. He had burnt five villages, which had given shelter to the Prussians, dislodged the enemy from several positions, and cut to pieces four regiments of cavalry and several battalions. At the same time Gen. CANROBERT made a successful sortie on the left bank of the Moselle.

PRUSSIAN POSITIONS.

TOURS, Oct 12.—Advices from Metz show that the Prussians occupy a cordon of villages around the city, but hold no position within a distance of twenty kilometres of the fortifications. Marshal BAZINE made a sortie on Saturday last in which he captured 600 oxen and 500 sheep from the enemy.

MUTINY.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Prussians report that a mutiny is imminent among the French soldiers at Metz.

DISEASE.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—Later news has been received from Metz. Dysentery, scurvy, bronchitis and other diseases are prevalent in the city. All able-bodied citizens have been compelled to serve in the defense of the city.

LE BOEUF.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—There has been much anxiety recently about the French General, LE BOEUF. The correspondent of the *Standard* today says he is in Metz, and has a command under Marshal BAZAINE.

PREPARING FOR WINTER.

Wooden huts for the troops are arriving at the Prussian position below Metz.

BATTLE OF ORLEANS.

Official Report of the French General—The French Dispute the Ground Inch by Inch—Transit of the Loire in Good Order.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—The General commanding the Fifteenth Corps makes the following report:

LA FESLE ST. AUBIN, Oct. 13.—Yesterday the enemy continued to advance toward Orleans. Our troops, who were on the road to Paris, and had taken part the day before in the battle at Arthenay, gave way. A brigade of the Third Division, who tried to oppose the enemy's advance, being constantly opposed by forces more numerous, and a superior artillery, had to fall back on Orleans, disputing the ground foot by foot. I was obliged, in order to check the enemy's progress, to go forward personally with three battalions of the reserve belonging to the Second Division. The enemy was checked for three hours, but at last we were broken and overcome by their shells. After very sharp fighting, which does honor to our army, I determined to evacuate Orleans and to withdraw to the left bank of the Loire. Our retreat, which was not molested, was effected with coolness and in good order.

L'ORLEANAIS.

Operations Between Tours and Paris—Bourbaki in Tours—Enthusiasm of the Volunteers—Activity of the Government.

TOURS, Oct. 14—Evening.—The news of the successful sortie of the Parisians causes intense excitement. All the troops here left this afternoon, to join the forces opposing the enemy near Orleans and Chateaudun. Among these reinforcements are the Francs-Tireurs from Bordeaux, and the south of France, who marched through the streets to the depot singing patriotic songs. They were wildly cheered by the people, and the enthusiasm was unbounded. As they reached the station they were met by Gen. BOURBAKI, who had just arrived, accompanied by M. CREMIEUX; and the soldiers and citizens joined in an impromptu ovation to the General and the Minister. The scene was most impressive.

ABOUT ORLEANS.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—The following official dispatches have been received at the Ministry of the Interior:

MER, ON THE RAILWAY BETWEEN TOURS AND ORLEANS, Oct. 14.

No Prussians are at Beaugency, but they have occupied Marny in force.

ANOTHER STORY.

It is reported, unofficially, this morning that the Prussians seem to be falling back from this side of Orleans. They are no longer in Beaugency and Meung. These towns are nearly fifteen miles south of Orleans, and are the most extreme points in this direction yet reached by the enemy.

ACTIVITY OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Minister GAMBETTA works constantly, not with the civil administration, but with the military chiefs, his first object being the organization of the armed forces of the country. When that has been accomplished he will turn his attention to political matters. The Government has issued a proclamation to the people of the provinces, showing how the enemy treat the population of the territory they occupy. It charges that they first buy, then take, and finally pillage. The proclamation is to be placarded in all the communes.

THE COUNT DE CHAMBORD.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Prussians are levying heavy contributions on the people around Beauvais, in the Department of Oise. The Count DE CHAMBORD has issued a patriotic address to the Pontifical Zouaves, who participated in the battle at Orleans a few days ago. Though they fought magnificently, he said, the Nationals and Mobiles merited equal praise.

CHATEAUDEAU.

TOURS, Oct. 12, via LONDON, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Bonneval, on the Loire, today, (the 12th,) reports that the Prussians lately at Villeaumblam are now moving toward Chateaudun, where the National Guards are ready to receive them. The rolling stock of the railway has been sent to Vendome.

THE NORTH.

Opening of the Bombardment of Soissons—The Fighting at St. Quentin—Brittany—Rouen.

ST. QUENTIN, Oct. 13.—The Prussians have commenced to bombard Soissons. The town is able and prepared to stand a siege.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The details of the fighting before St. Quentin have been received, and furnish, according to one of the journals, "a story of true French heroism." The Prussians had not returned to make a second effort to capture the town as they threatened. The French preparations to receive them were perfect.

THE RISING IN BRITTANY.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—An American, who has just arrived here from Brest, says the patriotic uprising in Brittany is wonderful. Thousands of men, led by the Cures, crowd the railway trains on their way to Tours, to obtain arms and enlist. Throughout the country the greatest enthusiasm prevails.

ROUEN.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The following advices have been received here from Tours, dated at that place Wednesday evening:

The Rouen *Journal* has an editorial demanding that the town be placed in a state of siege, and the command intrusted to an experienced General. The writer intimates in that connection, that Gen. BOURBAKI, returning from Tours, will pass through Rouen.

The Gardes Mobile, at Rouen, have received orders to march at a moment's notice.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A detachment of 3,000 Germans, under the command of Prince ALBERT, with artillery, have marched on Rouen, making exhaustive requisitions on the way.

THE NORTHERN FORTRESSES READY.

The French fortresses on the Belgian frontier, Mezieres, Maubenge, Roeroy, Douai, Valenciennes, Lille, &c., are fully prepared for a siege. The bombardment of the first-named is imminent. The commanders of Cambray and Landrevies have given orders for the inundation of the surrounding country as a means of defense.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The German garrison of Stenay, captured by the French from Montmédy, numbered only sixty men.

THE EAST.

Harrassing Prussian Communications—Germans at Epinal—Defeat of the National Guard and Occupation of the City.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—The invaders attribute the frequent railway accidents in their rear to the ill will of the inhabitants. They make this the pretence for treating the civil authorities with excessive severity, and for levying enormous requisitions. The inhabitants of Aube, and other eastern departments are resolved on resistance. The Francs-Tireurs are springing up everywhere, overrunning the country, and doing much harm to the Prussians.

GERMANS AT EPENAL.

NEUFCHATEAU, Oct. 13.—A force of Prussians, 7,000 strong, is at Epinal. Ten trains of German troops have passed the Meuse going to Paris.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The National Guard gallantly but vainly defended Epinal, and finally retreated toward Xertigny. The Francs-Tireurs, who were near at hand in force, gave them no support, and fled on the appearance of the enemy without firing a shot.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Epinal dated yesterday afternoon, announces that the Prussians have entered that place. The citizens made a stout defense, but were not able to resist the artillery of the enemy. The town was considerably damaged by the cannonade.

THE SOUTH.

Lyons in a State of Defense—Disappearance of all Symptoms of Disorder.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—Reliable information has just been received here, by mail, from Lyons, showing that that city is amply prepared to resist any force the Prussians can send against it. The heights near the city have been strongly fortified. Entrenched camps have been constructed and heavy guns placed in position. The entire population is armed, and are drilling day and night. Large numbers of Mobiles and Francs-Tireurs have reached Lyons. There are troops enough there now for an army, and they may be easily organized to act on the offensive. All symptoms of disorder have disappeared from that city, and throughout the south of France the situation is now accepted uncomplainingly.

THE ARMY OF THE SOUTH.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The French Army of the South has as a nucleus three cavalry regiments, which were sent south from Paris before the investment of the city, the Algerian infantry, and the troops formerly serving in the western departments, making a total of 6,000 effective and disciplined men.

MARSEILLES.

TOURS, Oct. 14.—The following news dispatches have been given to the public, today, by the Ministry:

MARSEILLES, Oct. 13.—A decree of M. ESQUIROS suspends the *Gazette du Midi*, until further orders, as a measure of public safety. CANZIO, the son-in-law of Gen. GARIBALDI, has arrived here. M. ESQUIROS has received a petition demanding that the Bishop resign, and be replaced by one chosen from the clergy of Marseilles. M. ESQUIROS decrees that the congregation of Jesuits of Marseilles be dissolved. The fathers will be expelled within three days, but will be conducted to the frontier. Their properties will be sequestered provisionally.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Gen. Burnside and the War—Beauregard and Napoleon—Bismarck's Apprehensions from Republicanism in Germany.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Every one here is asking if it is reserved to Gen. BURNSIDE, by rushing in where diplomatists fear to tread, to end the war? It was a Yankee dentist who rescued the Ex-Empress from Republican vengeance and got her out of France. It is not impossible that another Yankee, by insinuating himself into the good graces of King WILLIAM, may get him and his Chancellor to listen to reason as expounded from the American point of view. Mr. RUSSELL, of the London *Times*, gives Gen. BURNSIDE a first-rate notice in a letter from Versailles today, relating to a "certain General who is acting as an intermediary of some sort between the belligerents."

BEAUREGARD'S OFFER OF SERVICE.

It has been a question as to whether BEAUREGARD really offered his services to the French. The facts which I have just heard are these: Previous to the fall of Sedan he communicated through Col. DUNCAN to the Emperor his desire to serve him in a military capacity. Only the other day Col. DUNCAN received from Wilhelmshoehe a reply, in which the Emperor, thanked the General for the offer, and regretted that it came too late for him to be able to avail himself of it, but that in the present strait of France a renewal of it would be eagerly accepted by the Provisional Government.

REPUBLICANISM IN GERMANY.

The correspondent of the NEW-YORK TIMES at Carlsruhe, writing on the 9th, says that in Prussia proper, and in the Northern States of Germany, the republican system finds but little favor at the present juncture. It is otherwise, however, in Southern Germany, and the fact is well known in Berlin, in spite of Count BISMARCK's card to REUTER. The Police are actively engaged in watching every movement tending toward Republicanism. The arrests at Königsberg created a great sensation, and the approval, by Count BISMARCK, of the measures of Gen. VON FALKENSTEIN, is calculated to do a great deal of mischief. The people think his actions are opposed to his sentiments, as expressed in the Reuter dispatch. No doubt the Prussian Government dreads the influence of Republican institutions. If it were otherwise why gag the Press in Frankfort. Censure, until of late was entirely unknown there, but during the past fortnight the issue of a daily paper was suppressed four times. It is to be hoped that this fact may prove to have been due to the action of over-zealous officials and that BISMARCK will take steps to prevent further mischief.

Preparing the Bill of Expenses for Presentation—War Contributions of Napoleon I. to be Refunded by France.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Prussian Government have ordered an appraisement of the damage done to private property in Strasbourg, evidently with the intention of putting the amount in the bill of indemnity against France.

The Oste *Gazette* says Stettin has been ordered to furnish a minute of the war contributions levied by the French early in this century, probably for the same purpose. No mention has yet been made of the damages to be claimed for the execution of CONRAD VON HOHENSTAUFEN.

THE FRENCH CAPTURES.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The official accounts shows that the French war vessels have captured thirty-two prizes since the commencement of the war.

CITY WAR NEWS.

Appeal by Americans at Paris for Aid for the Wounded.

A meeting of the American International Sanitary Committee was held at Paris on the 10th of September, at which the following resolutions were adopted on motion of Rev. WILLIAM O. LAMSON:

Resolved, That circumstances having prevented the removal of the staff and material of this Committee from Paris, it now finds itself, in view of the threatened siege of the city, in the immediate prospect of the largest need of all its resources. To greatly extend and prolong its work large expenditures will be required, far exceeding the means remaining in its treasury. It must, therefore, at once take a decision, either to remain quite inadequate to the requirements of the wounded during the threatened siege, or to go forward boldly, with firm confidence in the ample support of the friends of humanity in the United States. The Committee prefer the latter course, feeling that their confidence will be fully justified, and that the contributions for which they cannot wait will be readily offered to pay the debts which must be incurred to carry on the great work of charity to the wounded and suffering. They feel, therefore, that prompt and vigorous efforts will be set on foot by their friends at home, that their obligations may be fully met and the American people show themselves second to no other in generous response to this loud call upon the sympathies of the world.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to communicate the foregoing resolution to the proper parties at home, accompanied with an appeal for their publication in the NEW-YORK TIMES.

EDWARD A. CRANE, Secretary.

By order of the Committee.

Thomas W. Evans, Col. James McKaye, James W. Tucker, William O. Lamson, Albert Lee Wood, Edward A. Crane, of the American International Sanitary Committee.

The Sanitary Corps at Paris.

The American branch of the International Committee for Relief of the Wounded, has received information that the Committee at Geneva sent forward to Paris, before communication with that city had been cut off, 192 packages of special supplies for the wounded, and that it is at the present moment represented in Paris by its Commission agents and well-outfitted Ambulance Corps and helpers, who must contiue until the siege is broken. Among these heroic representatives of the international agents is a complete staff of Austrian surgeons, who have located an ambulance establishment and hospital near the Tuileries. The Committee in this City has also been informed by Mr. G. MAYNIER, President of the Committee at Geneva, that it is in urgent need of material for the wounded.

The French Charitable Fair.

The ladies of the Committee charged with the duty of organizing the Charitable Fair to be held in this City for the relief of the sufferers by the dreadful war in France, announce to all who sympathize with them in this work that a preliminary meeting to complete their arrangements will be held on Tuesday next, Oct. 18, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the residence of Mme. LAMONTAGUE, No. 50 West Fifteenth-street. The following are the names of the ladies of the Committee:

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

President—Mme. VICTOR PLACE, Consulat General of France. Vice-Presidents—Mlle, A. G. de Blossières, No. 50 West Fifteenth-street; Mme. Ogden Doremus, No. 70 Union-place; Mme. Ames Van Wart, No. 107 Fifth-avenue. Secretary—Mme. G. Mourraille, No. 20 West Twelfth-street. Vice-Secretary—Mlle. Louise Bruguière, No. 57 West Nineteenth-street. Treasurer—M. A. Charvet, No. 148 Duane-street.

LADIES PRESIDING AT THE TABLES.

Mme. Victor Place, au Consulat General de France; Mme. Odgen Doremus, No. 70 Union-place; Mme. Ames Van Wart, No. 107 Fifth-avenue; Mme. A. Charvet, No. 146 West Forty-ninth-street; Mme. E. Jehl, No. 237 Fourth-avenue; Mme. Ch. Lassalle. No. 327 West Twenty-eighth-street; Mme. Bouillon, No. 126 West Seventeenth-street; Mme. Lazare, No. 15 East Forty third-street; Mme. Simon and Picaut, Mme. Vigot, No. 42 East Fourteenth-street; Mlle. Leclère, No. 10 Gramercy Park; Mlle. Aubert, No. 6 Livingston-place; Mlle. A. G. de Blossières, No. 50 West Fifteenth-street.

LADIES APPOINTED ALSO TO RECEIVE DONATIONS.

Mme. Jumel Pery, Washington Heights; Mme. Lespinasse, Fort Washington; Mme. de Comeau, Staten Island; Mme. G. Reynaud, Fleetwood; Mme. d'Hervilly, Philadelphia, Penn; Mme. Ruiz, Philadelphia, Penn.

All the articles are to be sent to J. RIFFLARD & SONS, No 42 Vesey-street.

We published last Saturday the names of the American ladies that have joined this work of charity.

CAMBRIA AND DAUNTLESS.

The Dauntless Wins the Race—The Cambria Seven Minutes and Seventeen Seconds Behind.

The race between the *Cambria* and *Dauntless* was decided yesterday, the latter winning by over seven minutes. Both yachts arrived at the Hook shortly after 10 A. M., and the tug-boat took up a position and blew the preparatory whistle at 10 hours, 53 minutes, 30 seconds, and the second for a start five minutes later. The yachts passed the line as follows:

	H.	M.	S.
Dauntless, James Gordon Bennett, Jr.	11	7	30
Cambria, James Ashbury	11	9	0

At this time there was a fresh breeze from north-west by west, so the tug-boat steamed out south-east by east, and the two contestants followed with wings spread to catch every breath of wind. Both yachts carried their jib-headed topsails. The commander of the *Dauntless* would not set her square-headed one, as the *Cambria* was minus that piece of canvass, having lost it o hthe previous day. The *Sappho* came out also, a nd followed the *Cambria*, which was following directly in the wake of the *Dauntless*. After passing the *Scotland*, the light-ship, the *Dauntless* slightly increased her lead of the *Cambria*, which was steadily leaving the *Sappho* in the background. There was very little change running down to the stake-boat, which they rounded as follows:

	H.	M.	S.
Dauntless	1	43	45
Cambria	1	47	50

Both yachts then hauled up on the starboard tack, and stood off south-west by west. The *Sappho* did not go round the tug-boat, but turned round with the *Cambria* as she met her coming back. On the beat back the *Dauntless* held a great deal better wind than the *Cambria*, and steadily head-reached her. Toward the afternoon the wind gradually died away, and there was hardly enough to keep the yachts moving. What little there was, was from the north, making the yachts head west by south half south. At 2:50 the breeze freshened, and both yachts made a long stretch, and the *Cambria* went about at 5:30, and the *Dauntless* six minutes later. Both then stood to the southward for half an hour, the *Cambria* tacking at 6:4, and the *Dauntless* two minutes later, and then they lay up for the tug-boat, laying off the point of the Hook, which they passed as follows:

	Total Time. H.	M.	S.	H.	M.	S.	Corrected Time. H.	M.	S.
Dauntless	6	29	35	7	22	05	7	28	05
Cambria	6	43	45	7	34	35	7	35	22

The *Dauntless* won the $250 cup by 7 minutes and 17 seconds. The *Cambria* was towed up to the South Ferry last night.

Mr. JAMES GAYLOR, special agent of the Post-office Department for this City, has ferreted out and brought to justice two dishonest Post-office servants. WILLIAM J. GETTY, JR., a letter-carrier, was discovered to have secreted and embezzled a letter containing about $4. He was brought before Commissioner WILLIAMS, admitted his guilt, and was held for trial. JOSEPH P. BOYCE, a Clerk at the Erie letter-table in the Post-office, was found in possession of a letter secreted on his person containing about seven dollars. He waived examination, and was held for trial.

EUROPEAN MAIL NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIPS CALABRIA AND HANSA

The Cunard steam-ship *Calabria*, which left Liverpool Oct. 4, and Queenstown Oct. 5, reached this port last night. Her advices are fresher by three days than those at hand by the *Russia*, on Wednesday night last. The *Hansa*, from Bremen, Oct. 2—the first steamer dispatched hither since the decision of the line to resume traffic—arrived at a late hour.

THE CRY FOR PEACE.

Count Bismarck's Account of the Negotiations.

The following circular—only partially telegraphed to the TIMES—has been addressed by Count BISMARCK to the North German Embassies and Legations:

FERRIERES, Sept. 27.

The report of M. JULES FAVRE, presented to his colleagues after our interview on the 21st of September, causes me to address to Your Excellency a communication which will give you a correct idea of what passed between us. Upon the whole, I cannot but admit that M. FAVRE has endeavored to convey an accurate account of the transaction. If he has not fully succeeded in so doing, his errors are sufficiently explained by the length of our interviews and the circumstances under which they were held. With regard to the drift of his entire argument, I ought, however, to observe that the primary topic of our conversations was not the conclusion of peace, but of an armistice, which was to precede it. As to our terms of peace, I expressly declared to M. FAVRE that I should state the frontier we should claim only after the principle of cession of territory had been publicly conceded by France. In connection with this the formation of a new Moselle district, with the arrondissements of Saarbrück, Chateau Salins, Saargemünd, Metz, and Thionville, was alluded to by me as an arrangement included in our intentions, but I have not renounced the right of making such further demands as may be calculated to indemnify us for the sacrifices which a continuance of the war will entail. M. FAVRE called Strasbourg the key of the house, leaving it doubtful which house he meant. I replied that Strasbourg was the key of our house, and we therefore objected to leave it in foreign hands. Our first conversation, in Château Haute Maison, near Montry, was confined to an abstract inquiry into the general characteristics of the past and present ages. M. FAVRE's oddly pertinent remark on this occasion was that they would pay any sum, "tout l'argent que nous avons," but declined any cession of territory. Upon my declaring such cession to be indispensable, he said in that case it would be useless to open negotiations for peace; and he argued on the supposition that to cede territory would humiliate—nay, dishonor, France. I failed to convince him that terms such as France had obtained from Italy and demanded from Germany, without even the excuse of previous war—terms which France would have undoubtedly imposed upon us had we been defeated, and in which nearly every war had resulted down to the latest times—could have nothing dishonoring in themselves to a country vanquished after a gallant struggle, and that the honor of France was of no other quality or nature than the honor of all other countries. M. FAVRE likewise declined to see that, as a question of honor, the present restoration of Strasbourg would be on a par with the former restoration of Landau and Saar-louis, and that the honor of France was just as little bound up with the unlawful conquests of LOUIS XIV., as it had been with those of the First Republic or the First Empire. Our conversations took a more practical turn at Ferrières, where they referred to the question of an armistice. Such having been their exclusive theme at that place disproves the assertion that I refused an armistice under any conditions, M. FAVRE doing me, on this and other occasions, the honor of making me express my own personal notions, —for instance, "il faudrait un armistice et je n'en veux à aucun prix," and such like,—compels me to rectify his allegations. I never, in conversations of this kind, speak of myself as according or denying anything, but only communicate the intentions and demands of the Government whose business I have to transact. In this conversation we both were of opinion that an armistice might be concluded to give the French nation an opportunity of electing a Representative Assembly, which alone would be in a position so far to strengthen the title to power possessed by the existing Government as to render it possible for us to conclude with them a peace valid in accordance with the rules of international law. I remarked that to an army in the midst of a victorious career an armistice is always injurious; that in the present instance, more particularly, it would give France time to reorganize her troops, and to make defensive preparations, and that, therefore, I could not accord an armistice without some military equivalent being conceded to us. I mentioned as such the surrender of the fortresses obstructing our communications with Germany; because, if by an armistice we were to be detained in France longer than was absolutely necessary, we must insist upon increased means of bringing up provisions. I referred to Strasbourg, Toul and some less important places. Concerning Strasbourg, I urged that the crowning of the glacis having been accomplished, the conquest of that place might be shortly anticipated, and that we, therefore, thought ourselves entitled to demand that that garrison should surrender as prisoners of war. The garrisons of the other places would be allowed free retreat. Paris was another difficulty. Having completely inclosed this city, we could permit it renewed intercourse with the rest of France only if the importations of fresh provisions thereby rendered possible did not weaken our own military position and retard the date at which we might hope to starve out the place. Having consulted the military authorities and taken His Majesty's commands, I therefore ultimately submitted the following alternative: "Either the fortified place of Paris is to be given into our hands by the surrender of a commanding portion of the works, in which case we are ready to allow Paris renewed intercourse with the country, and to permit the provisioning of the town; or, the fortified place of Paris not being given into our hands, we shall keep it invested during the armistice," which latter would otherwise result in Paris being able to oppose us at its expiry, reinforced by fresh supplies and strengthened by new defenses. M. FAVRE peremptorily declined handing over any portion of the works of Paris, and also refused the surrender of the Strasbourg garrison as prisoners of war. He, however, promised to take the opinion of his colleagues at Paris respecting the other alternative under which the military *status quo* before Paris was to be maintained. Accordingly, the programme which M. FAVRE brought to Paris as the result of our conversations, and which was rejected there, contained nothing as to the future conditions of peace. It only included an armistice of from a fortnight to three weeks, to be granted on the following conditions, in order to enable the election of a National Assembly to be held:—Firstly, in and before Paris the maintenance of the military *status quo*; secondly, in and before Metz the continuance of hostilities within a circle hereafter to be more accurately defined; thirdly, the surrender of Strasbourg with its garrison, and the evacuation of Toul and Bitche, their garrisons being accorded free retreat. I believe our conviction that this was a very acceptable offer will be shared by all neutral Cabinets. If the French Government has not availed itself of this opportunity for having a National Assembly elected in all parts of France, those occupied by us not excepted, this indicates a resolve to prolong the difficulties which prevent the conclusion of a valid peace, and to ignore the voice of the French people. From all we see here the conviction is forced upon us, as it no doubt is likewise upon the rulers of Paris, that free and unbiassed general elections will yield a majority in favor of peace. I request your Excellency to communicate this circular to the Government to which you are accredited.

BISMARCK.

BELEAGUERED PARIS.

An American Opinion from the Interior City Scenes.

Paris (Sept. 27) Correspondence of the London Daily News.

An American, who took an active part in the Confederate defense of Richmond, has just been in to see me. He does not believe that the town will hold out long, and scoffs at the mode in which it is being defended. I reserve my opinion until I have seen it under fire. Certainly they "do protest too much." The papers contain lists of citizens who swear to die rather than surrender. The bourgeois, when he goes off to the ramparts, embraces his wife in public, and assumes a martial strut as though he were a very Curtius on the way to the pit. Jules is perpetually hugging Jacques, and talking about the altar of his country on which he means to mount. I verily believe that the people walking on the Boulevards, and the assistants of the shops who deal out their wares in uniform, are under the impression that they are losers already, periling life and limb for their country. Every girl who trips along thinks that she is a maid of Saragossa. It is almost impossible for an Englishman to realise the intense delight which a Frenchman has in donning a uniform, strutting about with a martial swagger and listening to a distant cannonade. As yet the only real hardships we have suffered have been that our fish is a little stale, and that we are put on short allowance of milk. The National Guards on the ramparts, I hear, grumble very much as having to spend the night in the open air. The only men I think I can answer for are the working men of the outer faubourgs and a portion of the Provincial Gardes Mobiles. They do mean to fight. Some of the battalions of the National Guards will fight, too, but I should be afraid to trust the greater portion of them, even behind earth-works. "Remember," says the *Figaro* to them today, "that you have wives and children; do not be too venturesome." This advice, I think, was hardly needed. As for the regular troops, they are not to be trusted, and I am not sorry to think that there are 20,000 sailors in the forts to man the guns.

THE IRON CROSS.

Prussian Bravery Rewarded on French Soil.

Versailles (Sept. 26,) Correspondent London Times.

There was a parade today at 10 o'clock, which will have an historical interest. It was held on a remarkable arena. On the upper step of the two from which arises the pedestal of the equestrian statue of LOUIS the Great, stood a powerfully built man in the prime of life, of fine bearing, with a fair full beard and a keen bright eye. Two stars are on his breast but it does not need them to mark the Prince of Prussia. He wears his flat cap, with peak and red band, undressed frock, and long boots, coming above the knee. On his left an officer of dragoons held a salver, encircled with laurels, on which was placed a heap of the Iron Crosses and their ribands, which will mark this war. The cross is of iron, with a silver edge; on one side is a crown, with the letters "F. W.," three oak leaves, and the date 1813; on the other side a crown, with the letter "W.," and the date 1870. The riband is broad black with a white border. On the right of the Prince stood a group of Generals and officers of the Staff—Blumenthal, Tümpling, Kirchback, Voigts-Rhetz, Gottberg, Eulenburg, Heykte, Seckendorff, Schleinitz, Bissing, &c. On the step below were ranged the Duke of Coburg, the Princes of Würtemberg and Mecklenburg, Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern, and the Duke of Augustenburg, with their staff. In the court-yard, drawn up at right angles to the statue of LOUIS the Great, a splendid regiment of dismounted dragoons formed one side of the square, of which that facing the statue was constituted by two regiments in masses of grand divisions in close order, with the officers on the flanks; and on the left of the Prince, below, two lines of troops formed a kind of alley for the recipients of the crosses. A band of buglers and drummers, apart at one of the angles of the square, gave a martial welcome to the Prince when he entered and mounted the steps of the statue. There as he stood were "France triumphant over Spain," "France triumphant over the German Empire," before him, and Peace and Abundance nearer at hand, and in monumental rows on either side were his strange, grim body guard—old DU GUESCLIN, grim Turenne, Bayard, Condé, and the smaller greatnesses of Jourdan, Masséna, Lannes, Mortier, and the rest of the illustrious sixteen who once adorned the Pont de la Concorde. Higher still! Lift your eyes and see over those serried helmets: just across the angle of the statue of LOUIS the Great, and above the Prince's head, as you look from the left of the court, there is an inscription on the front of the pavillion. The world knows it. The words are, "*A toutes les glories de la France.*" And the happy recipients of the Iron Cross came up, one after the other, to the number of more than thirty, and the Prince said a word or two to all, shook hands with some, and when that ceremony was over he drew his sword, raised it in the air, and with a loud voice called for "three cheers for the King." The wounded men in the gilded and pictured galleries far away must have heard the cheers which followed—three great shouts as of one tremendous threat—and then a General, VOIGTS-RHETZ or SARDRATH, called for "three cheers for the Crown Prince," which were also given with immense effect, and the drums and bugles repeated a sort of triumphant blare and ruffle. Then the Crown Prince descended from the base of the indignant statue, and, mounting his horse, rode out to the Place d'Armes, where the Generals and Staff went on foot to see the march past of the troops, which excited the admiration of the crowd of French onlookers.

ITALIAN ROME.

The Pope's Present Occupation—King William's Reply to His Call for Aid.

Florence (Sept. 28) Correspondence of the London Daily News.

The Pope amuses himself by watching, himself unseen, through a little window of St. Peter's in the Vatican, the Italian soldiers, who visit the Great Temple with much devotion, and, passing before the statue of St. Peter, bow and kiss its toe and make the sign of the cross. On the evening of the 26th he said to Cardinal PATRIZI, "Does your Eminence know that these Italian soldiers seem much better Christians than those who were in my service a week ago? Good fellows! Good fellows!" A few days since two Italian officers of artillery entered the Vatican to visit the museum, and on entering ascended by mistake the grand staircase to the right instead of the one in front. The gendarmes and halbardiers made way for them with every sign of respect. In the same respectful manner they were saluted by prelates and abbés. Passing from hall to hall, they arrived at a spot where were dignitaries of the highest rank, cardinals, bishops, &c., in great numbers, one of whom asked what they desired. "To visit the museum," answered the officers. "You have mistaken your way," said Cardinal PACCA; "these are the apartments of His Holiness, and this is his ante-chamber." PIUS IX., at the unexpected clank of sabres, putting his head at the crack of the door, saw the officers bowing themselves out backward with all manner of reverences before the clerical dignitaries. Upon being told the cause of their appearance, he exclaimed, opening the door, "Fine fellows! brave youths!" PIUS IX., who was himself an officer of hussars in his youth, is decidedly pleased by the Italian soldiers. These are trifles which I tell you, but they may have more influence than any one imagines upon the *modus vivendi*.

Scarcely had the Pope received notice of the Italian expedition against Rome when he asked aid from the King of Prussia, who answered him under date of Sept. 8, as follows:

HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE GERMAN ARMIES, NEAR RHEIMS, Sept. 8, 1870.

MOST HOLY FATHER: Monsignor the Bishop of Paderborn has presented to me the letter in which your Holiness informs me that you have reason to believe His Majesty the King of Italy may perhaps send an army into the Pontifical States, and into Rome itself.

Your Holiness requests me to hinder the King of Italy in the execution of the project, and asks also for an armed intervention of my troops in case your Holiness should have need of protection. I regret that the policy always adopted by myself and my Government prevents me absolutely from intervention in any such question. I am, beside, on the best terms with my brother the King of Italy, and I could not imperil the relations which exist between Germany and Italy for a political interest which does not in any way, as your Holiness seems to think touch upon the interests of Prussia. I have no doubt, beside, that his Majesty the King of Italy and his Government, if they should be forced to enter the States of your Holiness in order to avert the excesses of the revolutionary party in Europe, would give your Holiness every guarantee which can assure the free exercise of that spiritual authority which your Holiness ought to exert in the interest of the Church of which you are the acknowledged head. With the most earnest desire that peace and order may be shortly re-established in all parts of Europe, I beg your Holiness to believe me your sincere friend,

WILLIAM.

CRIMINAL TRIALS.

Calendar of the Circuit Court—List of Prisoners to be Arraigned—Important Cases.

The October Term of the United States Circuit Court for the trial of criminal business will commence on Monday next, before Judge BENEDICT, and will continue for three weeks thereafter. District-Attorney DAVIS and Assistant District-Attorney PURDY will appear as prosecuting officers. The calendar for the short time in which the Court will sit is an unusually heavy one, embracing upward of 100 cases. Conspicuous among the prisoners who will be arraigned are Samuel T. Blatchford, R. B. Caldwell, Francis A. Howard, Romeyn Mulligan, W. H. Whimster. Chas. J. Theriot, Julius Mott, —— Green, together with others, the alleged conspirators in the great drawback frauds. The accused will probably be given separate trials. The cases of MORRIS S. HILL, E. J. OAKLEY and CORNELIUS OAKLEY, indicted for embezzling large sums of money from national banks with which they were connected, are also on the calendar, in addition to the following cases:

Violation of the laws against counterfeiting, &c.—David Brownley, John Broden, Michael Monahan, James Droyn, William Morton, Peter McClusky, James Fitzpatrick, William Gurney, David Herring, R. B. Clark, Alexis Nicholas, Reuben Carpenter, Hart L. Pearce, William Guilbert, George B. Chadwick, John B. Feeny, and James Morris.

Violations of the postal laws—Christian F. Hartell, Christopher F. Duggan, James Getty, W. Bruce and Robert Boyce.

Smuggling offenses—Charles Knight, Isidor Wolf, Myrtle May, and Paul Mares. Whisky frauds—— Gordon. Forging United States Pay master's checks—Egbert F. Teneyck. Swindling soldiers—J. Woodruff Lewis. Fraudulent bankruptcy—Raymond S. Latorre, Moses Oppenheimer. Custom-house frauds—Thomas W. Eagan, Frank Webb. Resisting United States officer—Gen. W. O. C. Ryan, of Cuban notoriety.

POSTSCRIPT.

TIMES OFFICE, OCT. 15—4 A. M.

HOLLAND AND PRUSSIA.

The King of Holland About to Declare War upon Prussia—Opposition of the Cabinet—An Appeal to the People.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A special dispatch from the Hague says great agitation prevails upon the discovery that the King was about to declare war with Prussia. There was a row in the King's Cabinet. The King was told that he must not take the initiative. The Crown Prince warned the Ministers if they did not take sides now, Holland would regret her inactivity. The Cabinet appealed to the people. Petitions from all parts, in favor of giving the States-General, not the King, the right to declare war, calmed down the bellicose feeling of King WILLIAM. The majority of the population side with the Crown Prince.

THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Further Congressional Returns—The Extent of the Victory in Luzerne County.

SCRANTON, Oct. 14.—SHOEMAKER (Rep.) has 1,209 majority for Congress in the Twelfth District. Luzerne County (official) gives him 594 majority, and Susquehanna County (official) gives him 615 majority. The district was 1,789 Democratic in 1868. Judge GEORGE W. WOODWARD for President Judge of Luzerne County is defeated by GARRICK M. HARDING, (Rep.,) of Wilkesbarre, by 2,252 majority. CORAY and WILLIAMS (Reps.) and KEENE (Dem.) are elected to the Legislature from Luzerne. The Republicans also elect most of the rest of their county ticket.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 14.—The official count of the Tenth District Lebanon and Schuylkill Counties gives KILLINGER (Republican) 629 majority.

HARMER, Republican, is elected to Congress from the Fifth District by 160 majority.

The official count of the Eighth District, Berks County, gives GETZ (Democrat) 5,366 majority.

ERIE, Penn., Oct. 14.—The official vote of Erie for Congress gives SCOFIELD (Rep.) 5,597, and MARVIN (Dem.) 4,089, a Repblican loss since 1868 of 1,600.

Official Returns from Various Districts.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—Official returns, Sixteenth Congressional District—Adams County gives Myers, Dem., 325 majority; Bedford County gives Myers 30 majority; Franklin County gives Myers 186 majority; Somerset County gives Cessna 948 majority. Republican majority 407, with Fulton County to hear from.

Seventeenth District.—Blair County gives Morrell, Republican, 980 majority; Huntingdon County gives Spear, Democrat, 586 majority; Mifflin County gives Spear 5 majority; Cambria County is yet to hear from. A dispatch from Huntingdon says Spear has 11 majority in the district.

Twentieth District.—Clarion County gives Griffith, Democrat, 1,544 majority; Venango County gives Gilfillan, Republican, 370 majority; Crawford and Mercer are yet to hear from.

Twenty-first District.—Fayette County gives Foster, Democrat, 815 majority; Indiana County gives Stewart, Republican, 1,594 majority; Westmoreland County gives Foster 1,533 majority. Foster's majority in the district, 754.

Twenty-fourth District.—Beaver County gives Donly, Republican, 860 majority; Washington County gives McClellan, Democrat, 306 majority; Greene and Lawrence Counties are yet to hear from.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Oct. 14—Evening.—Official returns from Alleghany County give Negley 11,161. Hopkins 7,968, and Trew 1,369. The Twenty-third District of Alleghany County gives McJunkin 6,207, and Sirwell 3,088. Washington County gives Danby, Rep., 4,507 and McClelland 4,813. Lawrence County gives Danby 2,617, and McClelland 1,757. Clarion County gives Gilfillan, Rep., 1,382, and Griffith, Dem., 2,926. Venango County gives Gilfillan 3,167, and Griffith 2,797. The Twentieth Congressional District, Crawford County, gives Gilfillan, Rep., 507 majority.

INDIANA.

The State Possibly Republican—A Republican Senate.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 14.—Very few additional returns were received today, and not enough to definitely settle the result on the State ticket. The Democrats claim 2,000 majority. The Republicans think the official vote may yet give them the State ticket. The official returns from the Fourth Congressional District elect WILSON, Republican, over GOODING by 4 majority. SHANKS, Republican, in the Ninth District, has a majority of 285. The Republicans claim two majority in the Senate. In the House the Democratic majority will not be over five or six.

PRISON REFORM.

The Congress at Cincinnati—Juvenile Reformation.

Prison Reform Congress was given up to gentlemen connected with the juvenile reformation. Papers were read by Brother TELIOU, of the Catholic Protectory of New-York, on the "Confidence in the inmates of reformatories is an Element of Success in their Treatment;" by Mr. B. F. AINSWORTH, of the Indiana House of Refuge, on the thesis that "The Strongest Wall is No Wall;" by Rev. MARCUS AMES, of the Massachusetts Girls' Industrial School, "On the Desirableness of an Increased Number of Reformatories in the United States, and Especially for Girls;" by Miss MARY CARPENTER, of England, "On the Responsibility of Parents for the Support of the Inmates in Reformatories;" by Capt. M. L. ELDRIDGE, of the Massachusetts Nautical Reform School, giving a history of that institution; and by Mr. GARDNER TUFTS, of Massachusetts, on "The Family Visitation of the Wards of the State as now Practiced in Massachusetts." These papers were very able and all were inspired with the spirit of earnest workers. The discussions following each were spirited.

THE TURF.

The Jerome Park Races—Last Day's Programme—The Entries and Latest Pool-Betting at the Club-Rooms.

Today is the fifth and last day of the Jerome Park races. There are five races and a steeple-chase to be run during this afternoon. The first race as a sweepstakes for two-year olds of $200 each, half forfeits, with $500 added, which has eighteen entries, but the probable starters are four only: Mr. BELMONT's ch. c. *By the Sea*, Mr. LITTELL's ch. f. *Rattan*, Mr. PENNOCK's ch. c. by *Censor*, and DENNISON & CRAWFORD's b. c. *Mascus*. In pools Mr. BELMONT's entry brings $200, Mr. LITTELL's $150, PENNOCK's $80, and DENNISON & CRAWFORD's $25.

The Lambard Stakes is the second race, and is for three-year olds only, $500 each, half forfeit, with $2,000 added; two miles. Of the twenty-three entries the probable runners are Capt. MOORE's ch. c. *Foster*, Mr. BELMONT's ch. f. *Finesse*, Mr. MORRIS' ch. f. *Remorseless*, and McCORMICK & PAGE's b. c. *Hamburg*. The following pool conveys an idea of the estimation the chances of the horses are held in by the turf *cognoscenti*: *Foster* $700, *Finesse* $610, *Hamburg* $555, *Remorseless* $230. This will be the most interesting race of the day, if not of the entire meeting.

The third race, a free handicap of one mile and three-quarters, has the following accepted entries: *Sanford*, 108 pounds; *Corsican*, 112 pounds; *Flash of Lightning*, 86 pounds; *My Maryland*, 87 pounds; *Nannie Douglas*, 105 pounds. *Corsican* and *Nannie Douglas*, Major BACON's entry, are the favorites against the field.

The two-year-old Selling Sweepstakes, three-quarters of a mile, has two entries, Major BACON's b. f. *Girl of My Heart*, 87 pounds, and *Miss Nellie*, 82 pounds. There was no pool-betting on this race.

The Selling Stakes, for three-year olds, one mile and a quarter, has *Merry Thought*, 92 pounds; *Hilarity*, 99 pounds, and *Tallaria*, 97 pounds, entered. *Merry Thought* is the favorite.

The Steeple Chase has *Oysterman*, 154 pounds; *Buddy Malone*, 144 pounds, and *Eminence*, 139 pounds, entered. The betting is $100 to $60 on *Oysterman* against the field.

OUR STEEL MANUFACTURES.

The Cambria Iron-Works—Coke and its Production—American Blast-Furnace Practice as Compared with European—An Immense Establishment—A Fine Bessemer Plant.

From Our Special Correspondent.

PITTSBURG, Monday, Sept. 19, 1870.

After spending a night at the excellent Logan House, at Altoona, and part of the day in the Pennsylvania Railway's workshops, we proceeded to Johnstown. This village is located on the Central Road, about seventy-eight miles from Pittsburg, and stands related to the Cambria Iron-works in much the same manner as Essen does to the great Krupp Steel-works, or La Creusot to the establishment of SCHNEIDER & Co. It is an extremely interesting locality, not only in its industrial features, but in its economical or sociological relations. The Cambria Iron-works is the largest industrial establishment in the country, and is owned as a stock company by a few Pennsylvania capitalists of the "heaviest" description. Its product is almost solely railway iron. The marked peculiarity is that its manufacture embraces every stage, from mining the ore and coal, to the delivery of the finished product. It owns its coal and iron mines, smelts its iron, refines and rolls it, builds its own machinery, makes its brick and mortar, erects its structures and seldom goes beyond its own resources to procure any of its material. It gives employment to about four thousand eight hundred workmen, the result of whose labor last year was seventy-six thousand tons of railway iron, the value of which was about five millions of dollars; and if to this we add the value of labor converted into fixed capital, in the form of buildings and machinery, we shall have a total of nearly five and a half millions. This centralizing tendency, if it may be called so,—this uniting under one control all the necessary and coordinated parts of a great branch of industry, which are usually more or less distributed, is somewhat uncommon in other trades, but has many instances in the iron manufacture, both in Europe and in America. It may be contrasted with those branches which, like cotton and woolen, boot, and shoes, and the majority of less universal industries, tend to the dispersion of these parts and their sub-division among capitalists. I leave the general discussion of this contrast to those who are disposed to study it philosophically. It will present many interesting problems, and perhaps throw light upon the tendencies of modern industry. I perceive no general law tending to this consolidation of processes, other than the most general one of profit and loss, which may dictate opposite courses under different circumstances. The Cambria Company have naturally followed this policy because their works are located where ore and coal lie in juxtaposition, and everything seems to be favorable to that method.

THE COAL USED.

Two seams of coal are mined, one of which is exposed in the hill-side near the works, with a thickness of four feet. The other lies some fifty feet lower, and is mined within a few rods of the furnaces. It is of the soft bituminous variety, and cokes very well. It is used generally throughout the works, either raw or coked, and is admirably adapted, in its proper forms, for smelting or for puddling. In order to use it in the blast-furnace bituminous coal must be coked. The semi-bituminous variety may be employed raw, but a truly bituminous coal is totally unfit for such a purpose, since it would coke in the furnace, burn to great waste, and interfere with the proper action of the blast. The volatile matters of the coal (hydrocarbons, water, sulphur, &c.,) exercise little reducing effect upon the ore, and are more or less deleterious; and as they may be reckoned very nearly as so much loss any way, the proper method is to drive them off by coking. Almost universally throughout the State of Pennsylvania this is done in the good old barbarous way of piling it in heaps, care being taken to leave air-channels at the bottom, with vents at the top, protected by the larger lumps. Only forty per cent. of coke is yielded by this method, much of the fixed carbon being burned, and the outside of the heap being subjected to loss of volatile matter, without "caking" or solidifying, and therefore is lost. Great banks of dull, gray carbonaceous powder may be seen around such places, forever lost to all utility.

OVENS FOR COKE.

The Cambria Company are now introducing ovens with signal success, in which the yield of coke is sixty per cent., and the labor of coking actually less than by the old method, while the quality of the coke is immensely improved. It is purer, harder, more homogeneous, and in better form than before, while the cost of the ovens is hardly worth considering in view of the immense gains and economy of the treatment. The ovens are heated by the burning of expelled gases, and very little of the fixed carbon is burned. They are charged by a chute, each oven receiving about three and a quarter tons, which is coked forty-eight hours. The charges are then pushed out by a steam ram, and the ovens recharged while red-hot. It is to be hoped that this method will take the place everywhere of the present slovenly, wasteful way of coking in heaps.

THE ORES USED.

The ores used at Johnstown are the red and brown hematites, the red being the variety known as fossil ore, which is common enough throughout the Alleghany region, and not all excellent in quality. The brown hematite is derived from a bank adjoining the furnace, and was originally very rich and good, but has deteriorated so much in quality that, whereas it was smelted ten years ago for $9 per ton, the cost has now risen to $26 per ton, and it requires two and a half tons of coke to make a ton of white iron. I dare not criticise the superb management of the Cambria Company. I presume that there is a reason for it, but I am amazed that Americans are content to make iron in this prodigal manner. This is a fair sample of Pennsylvania blast-furnace practice—nay, in many respects, the Cambria Works have improved upon the general average—but to burn up two and a half pounds of coke to get a pound of forge pig is positively dreadful. It is as bad as the New-York Court-house. It is as bad as Mr. ISHERWOOD's naval engines. If there is the least necessity for it, then the published statements of English, and German smelters, backed by the best professional authority and the most accurate technical journals, are grossly deceptive. It is persistently claimed, and generally believed, that in the Cleveland district in England a ton of iron (2,240 pounds) is made with 1,800 pounds of coke; and ton for ton is not at all uncommon. This is done, too, with the oolitic ores, which average about forty-two to forty-four per cent. of iron—rather a "lean" ore than otherwise. Still it must be said that these oolitic ores require little fluxing, and are, to all intent, rich ores *in the furnace*. The European method is to mix a silicious ore with a calcareous ore, which flux each other, both yielding iron. The American method is to take two or three refractory, silicious ores, and add pure limestone until a smelting mixture is obtained. The European makes lean ores rich in the furnace; the American the reverse. Here anything that will yield iron at $26 to $28 per ton is taken, and no questions asked; and the art of making ores flux each other, while both yield iron, is almost invariably ignored. Go wherever you will in our blast-furnace districts, you will generally find a huge pile of brown hematite, containing silica and alumina, and mountains of magnetic or red ores, both containing large quantities of silica, and intended to form a "rich" mixture. As if this were not "rich" enough, some furnaces in Pittsburg and the Mahoning district mix in all the tap-cinder they can get—a silicate of iron, with phosphates and sulphides, and all the rankest poisons of the puddling furnace—and then blaze away. To flux such a mixture, so that it will smelt, requires lime enough to make it poorer than the poorest ores which are smelted with profit and economy in Germany and Austria. An extra refinement of some of our practice is to be found among those who place the management in the hands of an Irishman, whose qualification consists in his ignorance of blast-furnace chemistry, and his willingness to work for $ a day or even less. The Cambria Company make iron as cheaply as any other, and hence would be found no advantage in buying. It is comprehensible, therefore, that they may have thought best to go on smelting constantly deteriorating ores rather than encounter the expense of opening new beds in new localities, and reform their practice by beginning anew. But they have at last recognized the necessity for cheaper iron, and are determined to make it. I wish every other blast-furnace in the country were under the same distraint.

THE CAMBRIA FURNACES.

The Cambria furnaces are good structures, of medium size, provided with "bell and cone" chargers, air lifts, &c. The bell and cone, for keeping closed the throat of the furnace, is old enough in England, where it is very generally used with hot-blast. It prevents the escape of gases, except into the hot-blast stoves, and under the boilers, where they are utilised to the utmost. The economy of this appliance has been found to be very great in England, but it is seldom used in this country, probably because it would reduce the cost of making iron, and then what would be the use of a tariff? The Cambria Company consume annually nearly ninety thousand tons of iron. The mighty forge and mill, where this enormous mass is worked over, consists of several large buildings, united by transepts, and their united length is nearly 1,800 feet, with a width from 100 to 150 feet. Within this structure are forty-two double puddling furnaces, and thirty reheating furnaces. Three grades of iron are made for as many different parts of the rail. When the rail is subjected to the stresses of a rolling load it is bent downward, the flange being thrown into a state of tension, the head into a state of compression, while the "web," or "stem," is subjected to a stress which tends to slide these parts longitudinally. The flange, therefore, should be made of tough, fibrous iron, capable of resisting extension,—the head of hard iron to resist compression, and the web of a good welding iron, since it is at the junctions of the web with the flange and head that the longitudinal shearing forces are greatest. These qualities are all attained in a high degree by the Cambria rails. We saw specimens broken. When the rail was laid head downward and the force applied from above, the head snapped readily, while the flange held together, exhibiting long tough fibres. When laid in its normal position, flange downward, it bent at a large angle, and could not be broken in the press. These various qualities of the metal are determined partly by the manner of puddling, partly by the mixtures employed, and partly by the treatment in rolling. We were interested in a somewhat peculiar manner of puddling, viz., the omission of a fettling and the use of a soapstone in the sides or boshes of the furnace. This of course results in a loss of iron, but it improves very decidedly the quality. We examined it with much interest.

THE MACHINERY.

The machinery of the mill is excellent, and well worth studying. The engines are provided with a highly ingenious and simple cut-off, adjusting the power to the work to be done in the most simple manner I have ever seen. It is the invention of Mr. GEO. FRITZ, the engineer of the works; indeed, everything about the establishment seems to have been invented or vastly improved by him. The foundry and machine-shops are capable of producing everything used at the works, from a pump-handle to a 2,000 horse-power engine. The hauling is done by locomotives, of which there are eleven in use. The coal and other materials are raised from the mine up an inclined plane, near the blast furnace, by a stationary engine. Recognizing the fact that steel must ultimately take the place of iron, the Cambria Company have nearly completed a foundry for making Bessemer ingots, which will be rolled in their mills. This foundry is the best that has been built, either in America or Europe, for that purpose, and the plant is magnificent throughout. It contains all the improvements suggested at Troy and Harrisburg, together with many others arising from the fertile brain of Mr. FRITZ. The blowing-engines are models of compactness, economy, and proportion of parts.

THE WOOLEN-MILL.

A most interesting feature was the "woolen-mill." The population of Johnstown being composed almost entirely of the employes of these works, (who are necessarily adult males,) with their families, it became an interesting problem, how to supply occupation to the remainder—to their wives and children who might desire it. To meet it, a woolen-mill was purchased as an experiment, and being found insufficient to accommodate all who applied for employment, a much larger one is in course of construction. Altogether, we were profoundly impressed with the Cambria Works, not only on account of their magnitude, but especially of the perfection of mechanical system and executive management displayed in every part, from the highest to the lowest function. Indeed, what else would have been expected from such a superintendent as Hon. D. J. MORELL, and such an engineer and executive officer as GEORGE FRITZ, Esq.? We shall visit next the City of Pittsburg, to examine the cast-steel works and the Ellushausen process.

A SLEEPING BEAUTY.

A Nap of Twenty-one Years' Duration—Examination by a Medical Committee at St. Louis.

From the St. Louis (Mo.) Republican, Oct. 10.

The St. Louis Medical Society, on Saturday night, appointed a committee, composed of Dr. GILL, Dr. EDGAR, Dr. JOHNSTON, Dr. MCPHEETERS and Dr. RUMBOLD, to make inquiries respecting the case of SUSAN C. GODSEY, who has attained no small celebrity as "The Sleeping Beauty," having been, as is alleged, some twenty-one years in a state of unconsciousness, with the exception of intervals of a few minutes daily. She was brought to this city last week, and is staying, or rather sleeping, at the house of Mrs. DAVIS, on Walnut-street, between Fifth and Sixth. The fact that the Medical Society has thought it worth while to examine into the case removes the suspicion of anything like humbug, and so it becomes really a subject for a very interesting inquiry.

This Committee called about 10 o'clock A. M., yesterday, at the house mentioned, and soon after their arrival the girl awoke to consciousness for a few minutes, and then fell back into her state of insensibility and sleep. The physicians found that her pulse beat at about 108 or 109 per minute, and her temperature was from 93 to 97. Inquiries were made as to her diet, her conversation and her past history. After making their observations and taking a few notes, the Committee retired. Another visit was made at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and another at 10 in the evening. The case was stated to be one which had never been paralleled in their experience. The report which they will make next Saturday will no doubt be interesting. The following particulars were ascertained of the girl's history:

SUSAN C. GODSEY, the subject of the inquiry, is twenty-nine years of age, and was born seven miles west of Trenton, Gibson County, Tenn., where her parents kept a small farm. Her family removed to Obion County, where she was a sprightly, healthy little girl, and she went with them. After this she was occasionally taken ill with chills and fever, but was partially relieved by the use of quinine. On the 1st of August, 1848, when she was nearly eight years of age, she fell into a torpid, insensible, benumbed condition, in which, as it is veraciously stated, she has remained during the last twenty-one years, varied only by a very singular and unparalleled series of phenomena, which go on with the accuracy of clock-work. Every morning, precisely at the first dawning of light, she is found awake. This state of wakefulness, however, does not ordinarily last for more than from four to eight minutes. During its continuance she eats and drinks and talks. After having been awake for the time stated, the patient is then seized with a kind of convulsion—her head moves from one side of the pillow to the other in what is called "a lateral motion." These motions are very rapid, and appear entirely uncontrollable. She then bends forward her head, and a kind of hiccoughing is heard in her throat, and she finally relapses into her former torpid condition; her eyes are closed, her lips are firmly compressed, and no motion is visible except a constant agitation of the hands, which move about perpetually. This process is repeated every time she wakes, and also at intervals when asleep. Among the curious facts mentioned in connection with this case is that of the numerical regularity of the symptoms which precede the awakening. In a few minutes after she is seized with the convulsions and the lateral motion as described, she has twelve hiccoughs, then adding one each time until she has sixteen. This usually takes half an hour. The order of number are then reversed. After having had a convulsion, followed by sixteen hiccoughs, the number is gradually lessened until eleven is reached, then she awakes. From 6 to 12 in the morning she wakes once every hour. In the afternoon, however, she sleeps until 3 o'clock, and then at sundown. During the night she awakes at [illegible] o'clock. The next time is 3 in the morning.

It will thus be seen that this lady, who is the subject of a strange nervous derangement, is going through a series of convulsions, in the midst of which she wakes at regular hours, and after a peculiar round has been enacted. When asleep she is alike insensible to the effects of both sound and pain.

During the last five or six years, Miss GODSEY has been subject to neuralgic pains in the head and spine, and in almost constant pain when awake to feel it. Her mind is perfectly rational while she is awake, and she readily distinguishes her mother and the friends who attend to her. Of course, she has had no opportunity of enlarging her ideas, and her mind is in almost the same state with regard to knowledge as when she was eight years of age. She is unable to stand or walk, but can speak in a low tone of voice.

She says she is never sleepy, and never hungry. Small portions of well-cooked food are supplied to her daily, but she seldom shows a preference as to what she eats. She drinks tea and coffee sometimes, and very frequently asks for water. She breathes in a very low and subdued manner. Personally she has very frank, intelligent features, black hair, small mouth, and dark complexion. She has for years been attended by Dr. GLOVER and Dr. PHEA. This is the first time she has been so far away from home, having been brought for the purpose of undergoing a medical inspection. The patient has been examined by numerous eminent physicians, and her symptoms are considered to be the result of an abnormal condition of the nervous system, unparalleled in the history of medical science.

THE TRADE OF MURDER.

Review of the Case of Margaret Waters, the Murderess, Hanged on Oct. 11.

From the London Spectator, Oct. 1.

The case made out at the Central Criminal Court against MARGARET WATERS, one of the two women charged with the wholesale murder of children in a baby-farming house at Brixton, is so complete and clear that there can be no doubt of the justice of her sentence. Whatever may have been thought before as to the possibility of the death of some of the children being caused by such neglect as would amount to manslaughter, it is evident now that there was an organized system in that house, that children were "adopted" with a view of being slowly murdered by starvation and narcotics, and that the child COWEN fell a victim to that treatment.

OBTAINING THE VICTIM.

A review of the facts connected with the child COWEN shows us that WATERS took the active part in procuring him from his grandfather, and that she had the chief management of the house at Brixton. We first hear of her in connection with an advertisement offering to adopt a child on payment of a small premium. A musician named COWEN, living at Brixton, wrote to the address given in this advertisement, and made an appointment at some railway-station, with a person calling herself WILLIS. This person turned out to be WATERS, and to her care Mr. COWEN confided the illegitimate child of his daughter. The child, which was then a very fine, healthy child, was taken away on the 17th of May. A premium of £2 was paid with it, WATERS at first refusing to take the money, and having to be pressed to take it. She said at the time that £4 was only mentioned in the advertisement to prevent numbers of applicants, and she gave an account of herself and her husband to show that she was not in want of money.

THE MURDER DISCOVERED.

The next thing Mr. COWEN heard about the child was from a Police Sergeant, who had also answered an advertisement about adoption, and had heard from a Mrs. OLIVER. Going to a railway station with the Sergeant, he saw Mrs. OLIVER, who turned out to be ELLIS, and who was wearing the same dress he had seen upon WATERS at a similar interview. ELLIS was followed home, and the next day the house was searched. Eleven children were found there, five supported by a weekly allowance, and these five in fair condition; the rest adopted children, lying huddled on a sofa, dressed in foul and wet clothes, looking thin and wasted, all of them in a sort of stupor, and two of them as if they were dying. The child COWEN, such a fine, healthy child three weeks before, had scarcely a bit of flesh on its bones, could only be recognized by its hair, could not cry, could hardly be wakened when it was asleep, and looked more like a shriveled-up monkey than a human being. WATERS, being taxed with its murder, told Mr. COWEN that he had only given her £2 for its keep. While the house was being searched, the children on the sofa were hastily cleaned, and bottles of milk were placed beside them. The child COWEN was at once taken to a wet-nurse, and for a time it seemed to rally; but it soon relapsed into a stupor, and that gave place to death. Want of food while it was young, the administration of laudanum, a bottle smelling of which was found in the house, and which the doctor called for the defence said "killed children like a shot," extreme wasting, the natural result of such treatment, and congestion of the brain, were the operating causes.

THE PLEA OF THE CULPRIT.

It is needless to go through the medical theories started by the defense, or to hint at the "charitable presumptions" which are suggested. The woman WATERS' own statement is conclusive. "You only gave me £2, Mr. COWEN." It was clear that a child must starve upon that, and the narcotics enabled it to starve noiselessly. The woman's after-thought that the child was intended for a wealthy couple, and that its death was a great loss to her in a pecuniary point of view, is contradicted by her own words as well as by the whole of her conduct. If it had been her interest to keep the child alive, she would have carefully separated it from those whom it was her interest to murder. It is not as if she was so much accustomed to the one branch of her terrible trade that her skill failed her when she wished to make an exception. The children for whom she had a weekly allowance tell a different story. They were running about in the open air, were properly fed, in fair health, and have since been given up to their friends. It is true that they were older children, and the danger of bringing up young babies by hand is so great, that the deaths are said to be thirty per cent. on an average. But here we have the keynote of the system. All the adopted children were young babies. "I wish for one as young as possible, that it may know none but ourselves as its parents," wrote Mrs. OLIVER, in her decoy letter. We may be sure that if an older child was offered there was some reason for declining it. The shipbuilder or house-decorator did not like its looks. It was too old to accustom itself to a new family. It would not put up so readily with starvation and narcotics, and its body could not be disposed of so safely as if it was five or six weeks old.

SUSPICIONS.

This consideration throws some light on the practice of the Brixton house. But there is another feature of the system which deserves attention. Were those children which were taken away at night, between 10 and 12, adopted children, or children supported by a weekly allowance? If they were the former, and it is true that they went to their friends, how came their friends to take them back? They would hardly pay the premium for adoption, whether it was really £5, or £4, or £2, and then let Mrs. WILLIS or Mrs. OLIVER repudiate the transaction. Of course, these children may have belonged to the other class, the class which lived; but as they were generally young, generally ill, generally silent, and were taken away at about the same time of night as fresh children were brought back to the house, we should form a different conclusion. The railway-stations where children were received cannot be far from the railway-arches where bodies were deposited, and the shawl in which COWEN was wrapped had, perhaps, just before discharged another duty. These, of course, are suspicions merely, but there is good ground for them.

CLEVER CONCEALMENT OF CRIME.

The way in which the most odious features of the system were concealed from those brought casually in contact with it, show the care with which the trade was carried on. We do not know what the servant girl thought of the amount of food given to the children in the house, or of the mysterious disappearances of those which were ill and silent, and slept a good deal. A doctor was called in to see the child COWEN, and found it suffering from diarrhea and sickness; but it does not then seem to have been drugged in an obtrusive manner, and though he called again twice before the child was taken away, while it was gradually wasting to a skeleton, it was not shown him, and he was told that it was better. We should have thought the doctor's suspicions ought to have been excited by the appearance of the house, but we know from the servant that the children were always put out of the way when any one was coming. Mr. COWEN, too, seems to have been easily blinded, but the reluctance shown by WATERS to receive the sum, of the smallness of which she afterward complained, was well calculated to persuade him of her sincerity. Why she should only take £2, when she might have got more is almost the only mystery in the case, but it makes very little in her favor. Mr. COWEN said he would willingly have given more, but if more had been taken he would hardly have believed the story about the ship-builder. He might give £2 without inquiries, when he thought it was to be spent on the child's clothes: if he had known that he was paying a premium for adoption, he would have seen that the money was an object, and he must have asked himself where was the profit. The women who advertised for children and showed them a mother's love and care by starving and drugging them, knew that it was necessary to act with caution. The parents of illegitimate offspring might be willing to relieve themselves of a burden, but would hardly be accomplices in murder. Some disguise was essential, stories had to be invented, scruples to be lulled in advance, grand hopes to be instilled. It was thought that people would be ready enough to part with their children, but they would be slower in parting with their money, and thus an element of false pretenses was introduced against which the accused found it vain to struggle.

THE ROLE OF THE ACCOMPLICE.

[illegible] eighteen months' imprisonment is a fit punishment for falsely pretending that you will take care of a child when it is really your intention to murder it, [illegible] is the technical charge to which ELLIS pleaded guilty. But substantially she is in the same position as her sister. The house was kept by the two women. They both took care of the children, and what that phrase means is obvious. They went out indifferently in search of fresh victims, and carried away the old ones indiscriminately. At the time when the doctor was called in to see COWEN, that child was under the charge of ELLIS. There can be little doubt that the two women were partners and confederates in the trade carried on at that house, and it is an elementary proposition of law that if two people are together when a crime is committed, acting in concert and participating in the crime, though one does the act and the other merely looks on, both are equally guilty. Indeed, the Lord Chief Baron told ELLIS when he passed sentence upon her for the offense to which she pleaded guilty, that "she must have known at the time when she held out solicitations to the public, and pretended to take children into her keeping, it was the intention so to deal with them that the unhappy circumstances should follow that had led to the sentence of death which had just been passed upon her sister." If this be so, nothing can be clearer than that ELLIS was an accessory before the fact to the murder of all the children whom she enticed into the house at Brixton, even if she was not a principal in the murder of the child COWEN. But while it seems to us wrong that ELLIS should have been allowed to escape so easily, we must not forget that justice has overtaken the other delinquent. It is time that the wholesale massacre of children, of which we hear so often, under one form or another, should be suppressed.

"TOM BROWN" AT HARVARD.

Visit of Mr. Hughes, M. P., to Harvard College—His Address to the Students.

Cambridge correspondence of Springfield Republican, Oct. 10.

This morning, notices to the effect that THOMAS HUGHES, the well-known author of *School-days at Rugby* and Harvard's fast friend, would informally address the Students in Massachusetts Hall, were posted in various parts of the college yard. Of course, all day the one topic and the one question was, "Going to hear HUGHES to-night?" And at night, no sooner was the hall lighted than students, alumni, faculty, and towns people began to pour in. At 7:40 the seats were all taken; five minutes later the hall beyond was well filled, and when Mr. HUGHES appeared, at 8, the window seats were full and the crowd blocked up all the hall. Two tremendous rounds of applause greeted him. Prof. LOWELL introduced him in a few witty words as a professor in a peoples' college of the noble art of self-defense, and this gave the key-note to his opening words. As he rose three times three Harvard cheers greeted him.

Mr. HUGHES commenced by saying that these Harvard cheers recalled to his mind that most gallant contest on the Thames, where for two miles the boat carrying the pink colors was ahead. He felt that considering that Harvard contended with the best trained of English universities, and considering the comparatively short time in which the Harvards had been training, they had made a most gallant fight. He had been called a professor of the science of self-defense, and he ought to explain how that was. When the People's College in London was founded, the young men who came for its instruction, were found to be sickly and feeble and narrow-chested. And so to cultivate the mind they had to cultivate the body, and since there was no one else, he had to set them a rowing and sparring, and some good sparrers he had turned out too. But in England there was coming a reaction against the over attention paid to mere physical training. And he hoped here in Harvard, while all due attention should still be paid to this branch of work, it would never be lifted above what is proper. Students come here to train the intellect first, and when boating is elevated to a profession, then it has become a wrong and usurped the place of something far more important. But he had come here to talk, and he would mention a few things which he had noticed in America. We didn't need to be told that ours was the biggest country in the world, and didn't want to. So he would leave out that and make some criticisms. He noticed our wonderful prosperity, our prairies and rivers and products. But he thought that out of this grew one great evil—we all seemed in too much haste. We were like a nation that had "struck ile," and were in a hurry to get the good of it. But he didn't know but, if he were an American, he should be in as great a hurry as the rest. Still, it was from one of America's poets—and one of our own Harvard Professors—that he had been taught so well the lesson to "labor and to wait." And then he read a little poem from that other poet of Harvard's inculcating the same lesson. But one thing among us excited his deep concern—the distaste for public affairs which he saw among our educated young men. In England the young man of wealth, when he has left Oxford and made the tour of Europe, immediately tries for a place in Parliament, and the young man—like myself, said he—who has to keep hands and brains busy for his bread, no sooner does he get his head a little above water than he pushes for public life. The result of our shrinking from public life is that we are not well represented in our public halls, and do not get the credit abroad for all the noble things that are going on in private among us. And he hoped that this evil might not remain, but that university men would seek to bear their part in public affairs.

Mr. HUGHES said he was glad to have spent the fortnight he had in Cambridge with his friend, Prof. LOWELL, to know more of our university life, and to see how well we were coming up to the true object of a university. The aim of a university was to show that there was something higher than mere brute force, something more noble, better. And since he had been promised some Harvard songs, and was anxious to increase his knowledge of our university life, he would now conclude. He had been glad to be at the laying of the corner-stone of Memorial Hall, and to hear of the noble deeds of Harvard men. He trusted that the hall would stand to the end of time as a lesson to the future to be as ready as those to lay down youth and every high anticipation for country. Among his most precious books were Harvard memorials, and in the school-room of his children were many portraits of those Harvard heroes—LOWELL, SIMPSON and CHASE.

Three times three greeted Mr. HUGHES as he concluded, and then came some glorious Harvard songs, sung as Harvard boys alone sing.

Losses by the Virginia Floods.

The losses by the floods in Virginia are estimated by a Washington correspondent as follows:

Lives lost	100
Cattle and sheep	6,000
Railroad property	$1,500,000
Mill property	300,000
Houses and household property	250,000
Crops carried off	100,000
Roads and bridges	200,000
City warehouse damages	200,000
Damage to canals and boat property	400,000
Loss to the communities and railways by interrupted transportation	2,000,000

[The price and quantity of coal alone will be affected to a large part of the above amount].

The total damage by the flood of 1870 is probably $5,000,000, two-thirds of which will fall upon the poor and laboring classes.

The Last Scene in the Life of a Theatrical Manager—His Death at the Leavenworth Jail.

The Chicago *Tribune* of the 11th inst. has the following: "Information yesterday reached this city from Leavenworth, Kansas, that C. M. CHADWICK, long but not favorably known to our citizens, met with a terrible death—a natural sequence after a debauched life—in that city a few nights ago. The deceased is best known to Chicago as the whilom proprietor of a questionable variety show in Dearborn-street. When that institution was in its glory CHADWICK lived an extremely fast life, and spent money in the most lavish manner in all sorts of disreputable enterprises. His turn-out of blacks was the envy of all the fast young men of the town, and numerous fast women profited by his prosperity. His estimable wife, who, we believe, still resides in this city, endeavored to restrain him in his reckless course, but her appeals were answered with insults and abuse, and finally an appeal to the courts procured her a separation. From that moment, being entirely under the influence of a designing woman, whom, for a time, he supported in great luxury, he went entirely to the bad. His bills remained unpaid, actors and actresses refused to play without receiving their stipends in advance, heavy debts were contracted in lawsuits with his neighbors, and suddenly, one fine evening, the "Varieties" was no more. After keeping up a free lunch existence for some months, a few friends started him in the saloon business, on Madison-street; but he soon failed, and from that time, a little more than a year ago, he has kept himself pretty well out of sight. Few knew whither he had gone, and less cared. The particulars of his death are reported as follows:

The deceased had been under the influence of liquor for several weeks, and, while in an inebriated condition, became entangled in an altercation about an unsettled board bill, with B. W. BOYLE, proprietor of the Brevoort House. It is asserted that during their dispute they also touched upon family matters, which finally resulted in blows. According to the report, BOYLE and two or three of his friends fell upon the deceased, and after beating him in an unmerciful manner, finished the matter by throwing him down stairs. This treatment, added to his debauch, resulted in serious injury to the unfortunate man's system, and, it is believed, brought on an attack of delirium tremens. He was placed under medical treatment, but evidently no very strict watch was kept over him, for, two nights before his death, which occurred on the 6th, he escaped from his room in a pitiable, half-clad condition, and in [illegible] wandered into the Continental Hotel, where he called [illegible] paid for a night's lodging. His actions soon alarmed the proprietor, who called a policeman, and the victim of strong drink and ill treatment was taken to the station-house and locked in a cell. In the morning the station-keeper found him a corpse. An individual who occupied the adjoining cell says that he carried on terribly during the night, and that he took him for a lunatic. For several hours the demented sufferer kept up a continuous howling, and furiously dashed his head against the bars of the cell. Toward morning he suddenly became quiet, and death, no doubt, ensued soon after. To judge from this case, Leavenworth station-houses must be nearly as bad as those of Chicago. We do not know that the matter is receiving any investigation. The remains of the deceased will be taken to Ohio."

CURRENT NOTES.

The corner-stone of a new Methodist Episcopal Church was recently laid at Geddes, in this State, with very impressive ceremonies.

A gray, hump-backed whale, forty feet in length, went ashore a short time since near San Francisco.

LYMAN F. GRANGER, of Green Island, N. Y., whose wife is said to have eloped with a Troy railroad conductor a short time since, has just fallen heir to $40,000.

Mr. FRANK KNAPP, now a County Court Judge in Florida, at a salary of $3,000 per annum, was an employe of the Great Western Railroad Company of Canada a few months ago.

Two iron steam-ships are about being built at Belfast, Ireland, for service between Liverpool and Baltimore, under the auspices of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

An individual named ABNER H. BLANCHARD has been arrested at Schenectady, on a charge of having married three wives—all in the same State.

North Adams, Mass., now manufactures a total of 1,710 cases of shoes per month. Of these SAMPSON's Celestials turn out 400, and the striking Crispins' Co-operative Company 100.

The Common Council of Portland, Me., unanimously passed an order, a few days ago, equalizing with an existing mortgage of $700,000, a new mortgage of $350,000 about to be negotiated by the Portland and Rochester Railroad.

WILSON, the condemned murderer of Warden WILLARD, seems intent on starving himself to death. According to the report of the prison officials, he has not tasted food since the day of his sentence, now over a week.

A measure has been brought before the Legislature of Virginia, having for its object the protection of farmers and graziers from the introduction of Texas cattle into that State during certain seasons of the year.

A confidence operator, who purchased $17,000 worth of goods at San Francisco, and shipped them East, was recently arrested and thrown into prison while endeavoring to go through the form of "involuntary bankruptcy."

A pig-iron manufacturing company, with a capital of $75,000, has been giving employment to a good many people of Ontario, in this State, during the past six months. The works were recently made more effective by the introduction of a new blast furnace.

The Chinese in California have a burying-place in San Francisco, where they go twice a year to distribute food upon the graves of their deceased friends, and throw pieces of charmed papers to the winds, with a view of exorcising evil spirits. Nearly 2,500 Celestials recently participated in a ceremony of this kind.

Some person has at last been found to identify PETER RIMMER, the alleged murderer of Capt. HIRAM PUTNAM, who has been in prison at Buffalo for several weeks. OSCAR ROCKWELL, the Captain of a canal-boat, declares that he saw RIMMER driving the horses of Capt. PUTNAM's canal-boat the night before the murder.

The Chicago *Evening Post*, while deploring the necessity for capital punishment, suggests that executions may hereafter take place in close buildings, "without the presence of the promiscuous public, and that the disgusting scaffold be superseded by electricity or chloroform."

The Yale College *Banner* appears this year in pamphlet form. It has been compiled with great care by Mr. G. D. MILLER, of the Class of 1870, and contains all the information with reference to the university that the most eager inquirer could desire. The total number of students is 761, of whom 236 are professional students, and 525 academical. The Seniors number 104; Juniors, 140; Sophomores, 130; Freshmen, 151.

The brutally-inclined residents of Western Missouri have not yet given up the fiendish habit of whipping and goading bulls until the wretched animals are compelled to attack each other in self defense. An exhibition of this kind was recently witnessed by a Mayor, a Senator and a member of Congress, in the neighborhood of Kansas City. The bulls were so weak and slim that they refused to fight until spikes had been driven into their quivering flesh by a gang of scoundrels engaged for the purpose. The cruel sport was finally put an end to by the fall of a wooden gallery which contained several hundred persons.

M. M. SHEARER, United States Army Post Surgeon at Fort Wallace, Kansas, has written a letter to St. Louis in which he shows that vegetable gardening is not impossible in the central region of the great desert. "Everything in the vegetable line, with the exception of celery," says the Surgeon, "was planted and grew, and perfected with extraordinary success. Our corn, which grew equally well with any I have noticed in eastern Kansas, was destroyed by a small green worm, commencing at the tassel and eating down through the centre of the stalk. I hope to obviate this by using an inexpensive deodorizer occasionally, until the stalk is matured. However, this may be one of those numberless pests that come one year and go the next. Lettuce, cucumbers, radishes, beets, onions, squashes, peas, beans, water and musk melons, grow with wonderful rapidity and of extraordinary size. The onions I forward you were raised direct from the seed; those in the ground are still enlarging. The cucumbers attain a marvelous growth. Many barrels of gherkins have been stored away for Winter use. The carrots were planted six weeks late, and are at present not a fourth as large as they will be if the weather keeps favorable. Turnips are growing vigorously. The spinach is as fine as any I ever saw; and of lettuce, scores of bushels have been used from successive crops."

The Yellow Fever at New-Orleans—A Comparison.

From the New-Orleans Times, Oct. 8.

The following table exhibits the great difference between the yellow fever this year and that of the summer and autumn of 1867.

The first case of yellow fever was that of LENA RICKS, a German girl fourteen years of age, who died at the Charity Hospital on the 25th of August. Up to Oct. 1, 6 P. M., the following deaths occurred:

Aug. 25 to Sept. 5	5
Week ending Sept. 12	19
Week ending Sept. 18	52
Sept. 18-19, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	8
Sept. 19-20, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	13
Sept. 20-21, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	9
Sept. 21-22, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	9
Sept. 22-23, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	10
Sept. 23-24, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	11
Sept. 24-25, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	10
Sept. 25-26, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	9
Sept. 26-27, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	15
Sept. 27-28, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	22
Sept. 28-29, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	12
Sept. 29-30, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	10
Sept. 30 to Oct. 1, from 6 P. M. to 6 P. M.	11
Total up to 6 P. M., Oct. 1	225

During the epidemic of 1867 there occurred the following deaths in September:

Sept. 1	17	Sept. 16	50
Sept. 2	30	Sept. 17	63
Sept. 3	25	Sept. 18	46
Sept. 4	23	Sept. 19	55
Sept. 5	44	Sept. 20	86
Sept. 6	30	Sept. 21	64
Sept. 7	43	Sept. 22	69
Sept. 8	49	Sept. 23	77
Sept. 9	51	Sept. 24	82
Sept. 10	42	Sept. 25	68
Sept. 11	67	Sept. 26	57
Sept. 12	61	Sept. 27	77
Sept. 13	49	Sept. 28	67
Sept. 14	41	Sept. 29	61
Sept. 15	53	Sept. 30	84
Total			1,559

The first fatal case occurred on July 7, and up to Oct. 1 there were 1,776 deaths.

Gen. GRANT and his Cabinet have been invited to attend the Georgia State Fair, and it is understood they have accepted the invitation. A special palace-car has been set apart for Government officials from Washington by the great Southern mail route.

WOMAN'S ENFRANCHISEMENT.

The Woman's Suffrage Second Decade Meeting—Twenty Years of Fighting.

One of the events of the coming week in this City will be the great gathering of the champions of woman's enfranchisement from far and near, to celebrate the completion of the second decade since this great agitation was begun. Twenty years ago, in Worcester, Mass., was held the first Convention ever called to consider the interests of women alone. In the circular which was issued to convene the friends of this new cause, it was asserted that they proposed to consider "Woman's right to education—literary, scientific and artistic; her vocations, industrial, commercial and professional; her interests, pecuniary, civil and political; in a word, her rights as an individual, and her functions as a citizen." This circular was signed by PAULINA WRIGHT DAVIS, LUCY STONE, ABBY KELLY FOSTER, LUCRETIA MOTT, ANGELINA and SOPHIA GRIMKE and E. OAKES SMITH. In compliance with this invitation there collected in Worcester on the 21st of October, 1850, all the speakers above mentioned, together with several others who came on hearing of the novel proceeding. A large audience crowded the hall in which the meetings were held, and speeches of considerable force were made in support of the new reform.

It was at this time, and in consequence of these proceedings, that the term "Woman's Rights" first came into vogue. The Convention, indeed, attracted very much attention in this and other countries, and although the ideas it advanced were met mostly with ridicule, they awakened some careful thought. On the July following appeared in the *Westminster Review* an article considering the subject of woman's social and civil life, which created much comment, and which was afterward known to be written by Mr. JOHN STUART MILL. From this time forward a respectable party existed, which advocated the new views, and although much derision was heaped upon the leaders of it, it steadily gained ground. There can be no question, indeed, that a most surprising change has taken place in the past twenty years in public sentiment on the "woman question." While the right of suffrage may not for some time yet be accorded, a gradual and on the whole beneficial alteration in the former views as to women's education, business opportunities and legal protection has resulted. When the first decade elapsed the country was in the agony of the contest on the slavery question, and so violent was the excitement that it overrode every other consideration. Even WENDELL PHILLIPS, now a champion of woman's suffrage, when appealed to at this time for aid, said, "The women must wait; this is the negroes' hour." Under these circumstances it was not thought wise to attempt to hold a convention in 1860.

Mrs. PAULINA WRIGHT DAVIS and Mrs. LUCRETIA MOTT, two survivors of the long battle, have issued invitations to the friends of woman's enfranchisement to join them in a Convention commemorative of the first, so long ago. The proceedings are to consist of a social reception and luncheon at the St. James Hotel, on Thursday, Oct. 20, to which all friends of the cause are invited, and two meetings at Apollo Hall on Friday, morning and evening, Oct. 21. It is to be presumed that the progress of the reform, the triumphs of Wyoming, and the prospects of the future will be discussed in all their aspects.

Among the distinguished persons who will be present or speak upon this occasion will be first the venerable LUCRETIA MOTT, who, although prevented by her advanced age and many infirmities from much public action, intends to show her interest by her presence. Mrs. ELIZABETH CADY STANTON and Miss SUSAN B. ANTHONY will of course grace the platform, rejoicing in the growth of this great idea, which was first originated twenty years ago. Both these ladies are about starting on lecture tours, and this will probably be their only public appearance in this city for some time. The Rev. OLYMPIA BROWN, that bright, energetic little minister, will hurl her fiery words at the audience, and Rev. PHEBE HANNIFORD, her more quiet but not less eloquent sister in the faith, will speak. Mrs. M. E. JOCLYN GAGE, who is one of the oldest workers in the cause in this country, will be present, and over all will preside Mrs. PAULINA WRIGHT DAVIS, whose calm, beautiful face and snowy hair make her the very incarnation of the ideal elder womanhood. Of the newer laborers Mrs. ADELE HASLETT, of Michigan, is expected to come and arouse the sleepers with her piquant sarcasm. Mrs. CHARLOTTE B. WILBOUR will give one of her able essays, and Mrs. LILLIE DEVEREAUX BLAKE will do her best to be entertaining.

Serious Accident to an Editor.

We greatly regret to know that Mr. DANIEL M. STONE, editor of the *Journal of Commerce*, is lying at his home in Brooklyn seriously, though we hope not fatally, injured by a fall. On Thursday he went home early and took his family to the Prospect Park Fair, and about 5½ P. M. they were returning home—Mrs. STONE and a couple of nieces in a carriage, and Mr. STONE alone in a buggy. The road was pretty lively with vehicles of all sorts, and when about half a mile from the park grounds Mr. STONE's buggy met in collision with a carriage and was broken, and he was thrown violently to the road. A Mr. SANFORD and another friend, who were riding along beside him, brought him home in their carriage, and since then he has been most of the time unconscious. Two physicians are attending him, and yesterday evening they pronounced the symptoms more favorable, and the patient much easier. A wound about half an inch long, and apparently not very deep, is seen in the back of his head, near the right ear. The right arm and thigh are also bruised, but, after careful examination, the doctors say that no bones are broken. Mrs. STONE has been unremitting in her attentions, and though her husband recognizes her and his nieces, he has no remembrance of other friends, and it is greatly feared that the brain may have been injured.

The Colombo Guard at the Bellevue Garden.

The Colombo Guard, an organization of Italian riflemen, resident in this City, who, on Wednesday, in consequence of the rain-storm were prevented from celebrating the 378th anniversary of the discovery of the New World, yesterday had a grand parade, and at the East River Park, at the foot of Eighty-fourth-street, East River, engaged jointly with the Italian Benevolent Society, of which the Colombo Guard forms a part, in appropriate national festivities and rifle practice. The grounds during the day were visited by a large concourse of Italian residents, of whom there are about 12,000 in this City; and dancing and merry-making continued until 9 o'clock in the evening. At the dinner, which took place at the close of the prize distribution, at 6 o'clock, in response to toasts offered, addresses were delivered by Prof. PRATI, who alluded to unification of Italy as now an accomplished fact; by the Italian Consul-General at this port, Chevalier F. DE LUCCA, and by CÆSARE ORSINI, a brother of the celebrated ORSINI. The arrangements were complete in every respect.

The Fire Department—Annual Report of Inspector Mackey.

For some time past Inspector MACKEY has been engaged in making the annual inspection of the Fire Department, which has just been concluded, and his report submitted to the Fire Commissioners. From this document it appears that the Department is generally in much better condition than was shown by the inspection last year, or by that of 1868. He makes, however, many recommendations for certain minor improvements in the equipment of the force. The consolidated morning report, made yesterday to Chief Engineer PERLEY, shows the total force to be: One chief engineer, 2 chiefs of brigades, 7 chiefs of battalion, 95 officers, 433 firemen, 35 hosemen and 23 laddermen; total, 586. The Department is more efficient than ever before, and is constantly becoming more useful as it becomes more perfect in its working.

The Neutrality Laws—An Armed American Vessel to Patrol the Harbor.

Admiral STRINGHAM visited the United States District-Attorney's office yesterday, in regard to the preservation of American neutrality. He said that he had received orders from Washington to report to Hon. NOAH DAVIS for instructions concerning action to be taken under the recent proclamation of President GRANT about belligerent vessels, and that he was also directed to hold his vessel in readiness to await the District-Attorney's orders. His vessel is now being fitted out for active service at the Navy-yard, and will probably be placed on duty in the harbor on Monday next. It will be used to prevent any violation of the Neutrality laws on the part of France or Prussia.

School Teachers' Conference.

Pursuant to invitations issued by Mr. J. W. SKINNER, Superintendent, the teachers of the Children's Aid Societies' Industrial Schools assembled in great force yesterday afternoon, at the central office, in Fourth-street. Besides the teachers, there were present W. A. BOOTH, Esq., President of the Society; C. L. BRACE, Esq., Secretary, and Messrs. HEWITT, HOWLAND and Judge KIRKLAND, Trustees. The meeting was opened with prayer by Mr. MACY, after which Mr. BRACE, in an able and comprehensive address, defined the nature and object of industrial school teaching, and the qualifications necessary to engage successfully in the work. He deprecated the idea which some entertained that less training and a lower standard of intellectual attainment was required to teach an industrial than a public school. He contended it was quite the reverse. Industrial school children came from the lowest strata of society, and required moral as well as intellectual training, and for this purpose it was necessary to have teachers of the very highest character and accomplishments.

Mr. BOOTH was the next speaker. He said the exhaustive speech of Mr. BRACE had left him little to say. He exhorted the teachers to stimulate the ambition of their pupils, and teach them that there was a life beyond time's fleeting years.

Short addresses were delivered by Mr. HOWLAND, Mr. HEWITT, and Superintendent SKINNER. Mr. HOWLAND was so much pleased with the meeting that he thought it would be well to hold one every month, a suggestion which was generally approved.

STRANGE, EVENTFUL HISTORY.

Death of an old Merchant—Mr. Abraham Bininger Gathered to his Fathers—Story of an Industrious Family.

Mr. ABRAHAM BININGER, the oldest liquor merchant in this City, died at his residence, No. 167 West Forty-fifth-street, yesterday morning, of paralysis of the brain. He has been ill only about two weeks so as to be confined to his house, but has been in delicate health for the past twelve years, though he has not been prevented, until his last illness, from giving his attention to business. He leaves a son of the same name, who succeeds him in business under the name of A. M. BININGER & Co., No. 15 Beaver-street, and a daughter. The wealth of Mr. BININGER is estimated at not less than $250,000, the most of which has been accumulated in his business. Mr. BININGER, the father of the subject of this sketch, came to this country when a lad with his father and mother, who emigrated from Zurich, Switzerland. They came over on the same vessel with the celebrated JOHN WESLEY, and when within two days' sail of Savannah, their port of destination, Mr. BININGER and his wife died, leaving ABRAHAM, an orphan, to the care of the Wesleyans, by whom he was educated at the Methodist Whitfield Orphan School in Savannah. A number of Moravians, who had settled there, came North afterward and brought young BININGER with them, educating him in that faith, with the intention of making him a minister. When of age Mr. BININGER settled at Cold Spring, and there began to preach, marrying at the same time and becoming the father of four sons—ABRAHAM, (the subject of this sketch,) ISAAC, CHRISTIAN and JOSEPH. The elder BININGER went to St. Thomas as a missionary, and while there was told that none but slaves would be allowed to preach to slaves. He offered to become a slave in order that he might save the souls of the black race, but the King of Denmark, upon being made acquainted with the offer, gave permission to the Moravian parson to preach to any class in St. Thomas. After his return from the West Indies Mr. BININGER went with Mr. WHITFIELD as a missionary among the Indians; was very successful, and on his return to New-York met Mr. EMBURY, the first Methodist, who came to this country in that year, and together they organized a society and erected a church in John-street. From this City Mr. BININGER went to Camden Valley (now Salem) Washington County, New-York, with Mr. EMBURY, bought a large quantity of land, and there erected the family mansion.

ABRAHAM, the eldest son, was this year sent to New-York to be apprenticed to the trade of a tanner, in the Swamp. He served seven years, but, not liking the trade, abandoned it when he became of age, in 1761, and obtained his living by working as a day laborer. About this time he married a sister of PETER EMBURY, (afterward celebrated as a grocer and wine merchant.) PETER went into the grocery business at the corner of Beekman and Nassau streets, where now stands the Park Hotel. After the marriage Mrs. BININGER found that it was difficult for a man to support a family on the earnings of a common laborer, and she assisted him by taking in washing and ironing, and thus managed to get along comfortably. She then proposed to have an apple and cake stand in front of the house, which was in Augusta-street—now City Hall-place—and she would, while washing, be on the outlook for customers. At first the young wife only sold a few cakes, cookies and sugar-plums. From that it changed to cabbages, potatoes, fruits, tobacco, snuff, and finally a few groceries. Here was the foundation of the great Bininger grocery-houses. The cookies, cakes and tea-rusk were daily supplied from a basket carried by a young man who peddled tea-rusks, &c. The name of the boy peddler was JOHN JACOB ASTOR, who was then eighteen or twenty years of age, and had not long arrived in this country, and before he had fairly started in that wonderful rise in the world that ASTOR afterwards made. In after years, when ABRAHAM BININGER was enjoying the fruit of his early planting, he took quite a delight in narrating all the incidents of his early days, especially to such men as DE WITT CLINTON, and the other great men of the day. ABRAHAM, after his little store was started, found that day labor was precarious. He plodded along contentedly for some time, and then he bought a buck and saw, and took up the business of sawing wood, then a very money-making employment. When Mr. EMBURY, his brother-in-law, built the store in Beekman-street, ABRAHAM carried a hod; and afterward, pointing to the house, boasted that the greater portion of the bricks were carried on his shoulder. After a while he became so "free-handed" that he was able to buy a horse and cart. This he drove for some years. Meanwhile, his grocery department prospered under the careful management of his "KATY." The sales increased, and he frequently was called upon to purchase seven pounds of sugar a day, and carry it home, to be retailed out by the penny-worth. Up to this time, all his stock of groceries had been carried on his own back, but an important change was soon to occur. The old pastor was settled at Camden Valley, as has been narrated; it had become quite a place. ISAAC BININGER, the brother of ABRAHAM, after the war, lived with his father at Camden Valley. He had been finely educated. ABRAHAM had not received an education. ISAAC opened a store at Camden Valley, the most extensive between Albany and Montreal, and was the wonder of the primitive inhabitants.

So successful was ISAAC, that he sent down to New-York City for his brother to come up and share in the mercantile prosperity of the old BININGER stock. ABRAHAM departed from New-York, leaving KATY BININGER in charge of the shop in Augusta-street, and joined his brother at Camden Valley. He was taken into partnership. After a short time, the brothers decided that ABRAHAM should come back to New-York and sell or barter away the produce, potashes, &c., received at the country store, and buy the return goods. At that period it took two weeks to do a journey now made in a few hours. ABRAHAM, in accordance with the agreement, returned to New-York, never to leave it more; and here may fairly be said to be the start of the grocery-houses, for up to this period the merchandise had not gone greatly beyond the sale of a few pennies' worth of snuff, sugar, tobacco, candies and vegetables—a mere huckster business. After acting with his brother ISAAC for some time, and being the sole agent, they concluded to dissolve, and ABRAHAM received his share of the profits.

He then opened, on his own hook, a small grocery-store in Maiden-lane, opposite the old Oswego Market, that then came nearly up to Broadway. Property flowed in upon the prudent grocer. He bought two lots opposite the market, Nos. 10 and 12 Maiden-lane (now.) They were twenty-five by eighty feet deep each. He paid £250 for each.

After being in Maiden-lane for years, he bought the property on the west side of Broadway, twenty-five by one hundred, on the lot next from the corner of Liberty-street. He paid for it $11,000—no building upon it. Everybody said he was crazy to pay such a price; that no man could stand it. It is still owned by the family.

From these small beginnings Mr. BININGER accumulated sufficient to establish the great house of which he has been the head for so many years. Thirty years ago, no house in the United States had such a stock of choice wines, liquors, cigars, &c., as this famed house. Out of the old stock has arisen two distinct houses, both dating far back into the past, but continuing the same kind of business. A. M. BININGER, the grandson of the old man who settled the town of Salem, and who was the son of ISAAC, who started the mercantile business in that town in 1774, and established an agency in New-York City, in 1776, to which the old country store was finally removed about 1778, and is still carried on at No. 15 Beaver-street, under the firm of A. M. BININGER & Co., claims to be the most ancient, in fact, the original Hapsburg Bininger, as he no doubt is, for he was the hereditary owner of Bininger Castle, its portraits, old furniture, and rare old wills and title-deeds, at Salem, N. Y., and possesses the original letter of the King of Denmark, replying to the offer of the Moravian missionary, A. M. BININGER's grandfather, at St. Thomas, to wear chains, and to go into slavery, in order to preach Christ crucified to the slaves of that island.

Opening of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-Street Railroad Today.

The One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street Railroad will be formally opened today by Mr. ROBERT SQUIRES, its proprietor. The Legislature of last year passed an act authorizing the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to sell the franchise of this road, and on the 18th of July it was purchased by Mr. SQUIRES for $67,000. Operations on the road were commenced on the 25th of August, and a double track was laid from Third-avenue to the Hudson River Railroad station at Manhattanville. The franchise requires that as soon as Tenth-avenue is graded and paved the track shall be extended along Tenth-avenue to Spuyten Duyvil Creek. One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street is well built up, and the road will doubtless be a great convenience to inhabitants along the line, as well as to those who reside at Manhattanville. The road intersects the Third and Eighth avenues, the Hudson River, the Harlem and Highbridge boats, and other means of conveyance in the upper part of the City. The cars are of a new pattern, intended to be operated without the aid of a conductor. The car is provided with a patent fare-box, into which the passenger puts the exact fare. If unprovided with change the driver accommodates him, and thus the proprietor of the road is assured of receiving his full dues. The fare will be five cents. Depots have been constructed at Harlem Bridge, and provision is made at the new depot of the Third-avenue Road, at Third-avenue and One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, for the cars and horses of the road. It is expected that next Summer a ferry will be run from the foot of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street to Fort Lee.

SINGULAR LITIGATION.

A Charge of Arson Revived in a Civil Suit—The Smouldering Embers of a Burned Bakery Break Out Again—The Complaint Dismissed.

A somewhat novel and interesting case, involving charges of fraud on the part of the defendant, and incidentally of larceny, was on trial before Judge VAN BRUNT, in the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday. In her complaint the plaintiff, Mrs. MARGARET LARKIN, administratrix of OWEN LARKIN, charges against the defendant, JOHN T. WILSON, that in the month of May, 1863, he, (WILSON,) executed to her husband a pretended deed of property in Brooklyn, receiving in consideration therefor $1,800, to recover back which she now brings this action; that such pretended deed was not intended by the defendant to convey anything whatever, but that it was executed or procured to be executed and delivered to deceased by defendant, for the sole purpose of fraudulently obtaining the money sought to be recovered in this action. The answer of the defendant denies all the allegations of the complaint. It will be remembered, moreover, that in January, 1863, the cracker bakery of the defendant, then in Fulton-street, was destroyed by fire. Charges were then made against defendant and others of having procured the premises to be burned. An examination was had before Justice DOWLING and the case dismissed, but the plaintiff in this case, and her daughter, again revive the charge against the defendant and others.

Among the testimony offered on behalf of the plaintiff was that of Mrs. LARKIN herself, who testified that on the day when the transfer of the money and deed was made, she had gone to the market, and while absent was followed by her son, who told her that her money was gone; she hurried home, and on arriving there found her husband and the defendant in the house, a small desk in which she kept a note for $1,000, made by defendant, $600 in gold and $200 in currency; that at the same time her husband and the defendant exhibited to her a deed for some property in Brooklyn for which they stated the money had been paid; that her husband put the deed in his pocket and was preparing to go to Brooklyn with his wife to look at the property; that almost immediately after the defendant had gone into his bake-house adjoining, he sent for her husband to go in also; that her husband then left his house and went to the defendant's bakery from whence he did not return until an explosion took place in the bake-house in the afternoon; that when the explosion took place, she (the plaintiff) rushed to the bake-house and there found her husband and son who had been severely injured, being covered with flour; that after her husband had recovered sufficiently to speak she asked him what he had done with the deed, to which he replied, that it was in his pantaloons pocket which had been pulled off him while on fire, after the explosion; that she found the deed, together with some money, but at the same moment the defendant came up and spoke to her about getting a carriage for the removal of her husband and son, and that she let the papers drop on the floor, and went to her house; that her husband and son died a few days after, and she never again saw the deed.

The daughter of plaintiff testifies that while her husband was at the New-York Hospital she heard the defendant tell her father that he had found the deed on the floor; that her mother asked defendant for the money, inasmuch as he had got the deed, and she did not want the property; that defendant refused, saying that he would see that her husband and son were properly buried; that the money was now in property and she had better leave it there. Both mother and daughter testified to seeing several parties, named by them, setting fire to the building at the time when the fire occurred in the previous January. The daughter further testified that WILSON, the defendant, had attempted before the fire to bribe her mother and another woman, with a promise of $700 each, to set the bakery on fire, which was indignantly refused; and that her brother attempted to throw defendant down stairs because of the proposition.

GEORGE W. HOXIE, counsel for plaintiff, testified that he served the summons and complaint on the defendant personally; that on that occasion the defendant invited the witness to sit down, and there told him that this whole claim was a trumped-up matter; that there had been no negotiation between the deceased and defendant, and that he (defendant) never owned any property in Brooklyn.

Plaintiff here rested his case, and on this testimony counsel for the defendant moved for a non-suit, on the ground that the evidence as in only showed that if any such transaction ever took place between the defendant and deceased, the fact appears that money was paid and a deed delivered, and that if the deed subsequently came into the possession of the defendant, it was by consent of the deceased, and if lost, he (defendant) was not responsible except for conversion.

The Court granted the motion and dismissed the complaint, on the ground that the plaintiff had failed to produce testimony sustaining the allegation of fraud. GEORGE W. HOXIE appeared for plaintiff; JOHN SEDGWICK for defendant.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The day calendar for Monday is as follows: Nos. 14, 16, 17, 20, 22, 27, 34, 36, 38, 39.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 14.

By Judge Cardozo.

Traphagen vs. Curry; order settled.
Wandell vs. Wandell; the papers should be submitted to Judge Ingraham.
Marsh vs. Harrison; order granted confirming report.
In the matter of the petition of Louisa T. Milman vs. Elizabeth A. Santon; reference ordered.
Brooks vs. Marshall; judgment granted.
Batcheller vs. Batcheller Manufacturing Company; order settled.
Pillot vs. Pickersgill; injunction dissolved.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 14.

By Judge Barnard.

Boyd vs. Schlossinger; judgment for defendant, with costs.
Fuller vs. Mullins; demurrer overruled, with costs.
O'Rourke vs. Bidwell; demurrer overruled, with costs.
Sander vs. Mead; judgment for the defendant.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 14.

By Judge Robinson.

In the matter of the petition of James Wood to have lien canceled; motion denied.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—OCT. 14.

Before Judge Barnard.

A QUESTION OF LAW AS TO MONEY PAID FOR THE USE OF CROTON WATER.

Solomon Simm vs. The Mayor, &c., of New-York.—About the 1st of May, 1867, the plaintiff, who was a distiller in First-avenue, made an arrangement with the Croton Aqueduct Board for the use of as much water as he might need for the purpose of carrying on his business. An estimate was made by the engineer of the cost of the water for the ensuing six months, and the amount fixed at $1,560, which was paid by the plaintiff in advance. The rate per each working day was $10 40. On the 29th of August following the premises were totally destroyed by fire, of which fact due notice was given at the office of the Croton Board. Inasmuch as the fire occurred without any fault on his part, the plaintiff demanded that the sum of about $650 be refunded to him, that being the amount, as near as it could be estimated, of the money due for the unexpired term. The City refused to refund the money, and hence this suit was brought to recover it. As a matter of law Mr. Dean, assistant to the Corporation Counsel, contended that the advance payment of $1,560 was in no sense a deposit, such as gas companies sometimes demand, but an absolute payment. He also insisted that the plaintiff had not shown that there was any money in the Treasury from which this sum could be refunded.

The Court decided both points against the defendant, and rendered judgment for the plaintiff for the full amount claimed with interest, and five per cent. allowance.

For the plaintiff, Messrs. G. R. & T. D. Pelton; for the defendants, Mr. Dean, Assistant Counsel to the Corporation.

THE NEW-YORK SILVER MINING COMPANY OF NEVADA—A MIXED CASE.

Hugh Neill and John Cook vs. The New-York Silver Mining Company, of Nevada, John Sproule, President of the Company, et als.—This action was brought in a Court of equity, for the purpose of obtaining a decree for an injunction and other relief, which was asked under the following state of facts: About Oct. 20, 1865, the Company above named issued one hundred bonds, with coupons attached, for $500 each, the statement being that they were first mortgage bonds, secured by a lien on all property, both real and personal, belonging to the Company. On the 1st of May, 1867, the Company issued a second series of bonds, three hundred in all, at $500 each, which purported on their face to be first mortgage, duly secured by a lien on all the real and personal property of the Company. It seems that the first mortgage on the property was not recorded when it should have been, and hence some of the purchasers, in good faith of the second series of bonds which amount in the aggregate to $150,000, insist that they have been defrauded. The case was considerably mixed up, inasmuch as it was a triangular struggle. The case was argued at length by Mr. A. R. Dyett for the plaintiffs, by Messrs. Niles & Bagley for the Company, and Mr. Millard for the bondholders, who were made defendants. The Court dismissed the complaint as against Mr. Millard's clients—they to recover their disbursements only of the plaintiffs. As to the other defendants, judgment was awarded for the plaintiffs.

KINGS COUNTY SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Judge Pratt.

William H. Jameson vs. The Brooklyn Skating Rink.—In this case the plaintiff alleged that when the subscription books of the defendant were opened he subscribed for 100 shares of the stock, worth at the time $10,000, and that on the 7th of December, 1868, he paid that amount for them. The defendant, however, failed to deliver more than fifty of the said shares, and although repeated demands have been made since, they have not up to the present time been delivered. Suit is therefore brought to recover $5,000. The defendant alleges that the $5,000 worth of stock involved in this action was subscribed for in the name of the plaintiff, but for and on behalf of the firm of Hervey, Johnson & Co., which firm had made a contract for the building of defendant's rink, and that at the time of the subscription it was expressly agreed that the fifty shares should be for the benefit of that firm; and further alleges that the stock has been duly issued to the firm of Hervey, Johnson & Co. The case is still on. John S. Washburn for plaintiff, Edgar M. Cullen and George G. Reynolds for defendant.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 14.

FIRST BOARD.

$3,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C.	[illegible]	100 Pac. M. S. Co., b.c.	45½
10,000 do.	[illegible]	100 do. b30	45¾
700 U. S. 5-20 C. '62	[illegible]	200 Wells-Fargo Ex. b.c.	[illegible]
4,000 do.	[illegible]	50 Am. Un. Ex. b.c.	[illegible]
500 U. S. 5-20 C. '65	[illegible]	100 N. Y. C. & H. R. R., b.c.	[illegible]
11,000 do.	[illegible]		
27,750 U. S. 5s, 10-40 R.	106⅛	100 do.	[illegible]
1,500 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.	106⅛	100 Erie Railway	22½
10,000 do.	106⅛	100 L. S. & M. So. R.	[illegible]
25,000 Tenn. St. 6s, n.	60⅛	200 do.	94⅛
10,000 N. C. 6s, S. Tax, c.	22	400 do.	94⅛
3,000 Mo. State 6s	91	100 do. b.c.	94⅛
2,000 Erie 3d M.	[illegible]	100 do.	94⅛
2,000 do.	88	100 Un. Pac. R.	[illegible]
1,000 Erie 4th M.	79½	200 Chic. & N. W. R.	81⅛
2,000 Cen. P. R. G. bs.	90⅝	100 do.	81⅛
5,000 Un. P. R. 1st M.	83½	100 C. & N. W. Pf. b15	89⅛
7,000 Un. P. R. 10s In.	78	100 do.	[illegible]
37,000 C. & R. I. & P. 7s	97½	100 do. s3	89⅛
2,000 Mor. & Es. 1st M.	102⅛	100 do. b.c.	89
13,000 Mil. & St. P. 8s, 1st M.	105½	200 Chic. & R. I. R.	113⅛
		100 Mil. & St. P. Pf. s3	81⅛
1,000 O. & M. Con. bs.	87⅛	100 do. b10	82
12 Bank of Commerce	122	200 do.	82
10 Ninth Nat. Bank	110	200 Tol., W. & W. c.	54⅛
5 Bank of St. of N.Y.	109	200 do.	54⅛
25 Fourth Nat. Bank	106	17 Pitts., F. W. & C. G.	93⅛
105 West. U. Tel., b. c.	39⅛	47 Del., Lack. & W. R.	107⅛
100 do.	39⅛	200 Col., Cin. & Ind. C.	18⅛
100 do.	39⅛	20 Morris & Essex R.	92
100 do. b10	39⅛	29 Long Island R.	67

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C.	114	500 West. Un. T. b.c.	39⅝
45,000 U. S. 5-20, R., '62	108⅛	200 do.	39⅝
2,500 U. S. 5-20, C., '62	112⅛	100 Canton Co.	[illegible]
1,000 U. S. 5-20, R., '64	108	100 Wells-Fargo Ex. c	[illegible]
5,000 U. S. 5-20, C., '65	111⅛	100 Erie R.	22½
5,000 do. b3	111⅛	100 do.	22⅝
37,500 U. S. 5s, 10-40 R.	106⅛	500 Reading R.	100⅞
115,000 U. S. 5-20, C., '67 b3	110⅛	100 Lake S. & M. S.	94⅛
		100 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	89⅛
50,000 do.	110⅛	200 do.	89⅛
11,000 U. S. 5-20, C., '68	110⅛	100 do. bet. c.	89⅛
7,000 do.	110⅛	100 New-Jersey Cen.	107
1,000 S. Car. St. 6s, n. Jan. and July	66⅛	100 Chi. & R. I.	113⅛
		200 Mil. & St. Paul	54⅛
4,000 Ark. 6s, Fg. Act	69	100 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	82⅛
1,000 N. Car. St. 6s, n.	27⅛	50 do.	82⅛
2,000 Tol. & Wab. 1st	91⅛	33 Morris & Essex	92
4,000 Tol., Peo. & W. 1st, W. Div.	90	100 Tol., Wab. & W.	54⅛
		500 do.	54⅛
4,000 Tol. & Wab. 2d	86⅛	500 P., Ft. W. & C. G.	93⅛
5,000 St. L. & I. M. 1st	86⅛	500 do. b10	93⅛
3,000 Cen. Pac. R. G. B	90⅝	50 Del., Lack. & W.	107⅛
23 Del. & H. Canal Co	118⅛	100 Bos., Hart. & Erie	4⅛
400 Pac. Mail St. Co.	45⅛	100 do. b60	4⅛
50 do.	45⅛	30 Chi. & Alton	113⅛
100 Col., C. & Ind. C.	18⅛	205 Han. & St. J. Pf.	116⅛

FRIDAY, Oct. 14—P. M.

The squeeze in Gold for cash delivery was relieved at an early hour in the forenoon, by the readiness of holders to lend it at ⅛ of 1 ₰ cent. for the day, and subsequently by their offers to lend it *flat*—that is, without bonus or interest. The secret of the sudden change was not clearly explained up to the close of business, but the rumor was current that the parties to the combination to make higher rates, besides being suspicious of the probable action of the Treasury in case the attempt should be made, fell out among themselves, but whether on mutual recriminations of bad faith or not, we cannot undertake to report. The price of Gold in the open market fell from 114 ₰ cent. to 113⅛@113⅛ ₰ cent. after the settlements of the day were so easily made. The Foreign Exchanges failed to improve on the let up in Gold, and Bills on London were quoted, on actual transactions, at 108⅛@108⅝, 60 days, and 109 ₰ cent., short sight, for standard bankers. The market is influenced by the improved export movement of Domestic Produce, which creates about $4,500,000 of Exchange this week.

The slight flurry in Money on call loan, noticed yesterday, passed over this morning with the break in the Gold combination, and although 7 ₰ cent. was again paid by some of the Brokers, early in the day, the prevailing rate was 6 ₰ cent. after 12 o'clock noon, and the market left off easy.

The Stock Exchange improved on the Railway list as soon as it was known that the Gold *corner* was out of the question, and the Money market restored to quiet, and there was a pretty fair business done at the Boards, and in the Long Room of the Exchange, at slightly better prices than Thursday's closing. In the Miscellaneous Shares, Western Telegraph advanced to 40@39⅛ ₰ cent., and Pacific Mail was steadier. In the Public Funds the business of the day was done at somewhat lower figures, 5-20s of 1867, 110⅛ ₰ cent. Nothing new occurred in the Southern State Bonds.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Thursday night. The Market closing strong and active:

CLOSING QUOTATIONS—OCT. 14.

	Thursday.	Friday.
United States 10-40s	106⅛	106⅛
United States 5-20s of 1862	112⅛	112⅛
United States 5-20s of 1867	110⅝	110⅛
American Gold Coin	114	113⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	108⅞	108⅛
New Bonds of Tennessee	60⅛	60⅛
N. Y. Central and Hudson	93⅞	94⅛
N. Y. C. & H. Debt Certificates	88⅞	89
Reading Railroad	100⅞	101⅛
Chicago and Rock Island	113⅛	113⅛
North-west Common	81⅛	82
North-west Preferred	88⅞	89⅛
Pacific Mail Company	45⅛	45⅛
St. Paul Preferred	81⅞	82⅛
St. Paul Common	54⅛	54⅛
Lake Shore	94⅛	95⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	33⅞	34
Toledo and Wabash	53⅝	54⅛

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₰ cent. reg., '81	113⅛	5-20 coup., n. i., '65	110⅛
6 ₰ cent. coup., '81	114	5-20 reg., '67	110⅛
5-20 reg., '62	108⅛	5-20 coup., '67	110⅛
5-20 coup., '62	112⅛	5-20 reg., '68	110⅛
5-20 reg., '64	108⅛	5-20 coup., '68	110⅛
5-20 coup., '64	111⅛	10-40 reg.	106⅛
5-20 reg., '65	108⅛	10-40 coup.	106⅛
5-20 coup., '65	111⅛	6s currency	111

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tenn. 6s, ex coup.	62⅛	Ill. W. L.	100
Tenn. 6s, new bds.	60⅛	Ind. 6 ₰ cent. W. L.	100
Va. 6s, ex coup.	63	Ind. 5 ₰ cent. W. L.	100
Va. 6s, new bds.	64	Mich. 6 ₰ cent., '73	100
Va. 6s, reg. old	46	Mich. 6 ₰ cent., '78	100
N. Car. 6s, old	46	Mich. 6 ₰ cent., '83	100
N. Car. 6s, new bds.	27⅛	Mich. 7 ₰ cent., '78	100
N. Car. 6s, S. T.	22	Mich. 7 ₰ cent. W. L.	100
Mo. 6s	92	N. Y. reg. B. L.	107⅛
Mo. H. & St. Jo. Is.	91	N. Y. coup. B. L.	107⅛
La. 7s, Pen.	72	N. Y. 6s, C. L., '72	104
Conn. 6s	101	N. Y. 6s, C. L., '73	105
R. I. 6s	100⅛	N. Y. 6s, C. L., '74	105
Ala. 8s	99	N. Y. 6s, C. L., '75	105
Ohio 6 ₰ cent., '81	104	N. Y. 6s, C. L., '77	105
Ohio 6 ₰ cent., '86	105⅛	N. Y. 6s, C. L., '78	105
Ill. Canal bds, '70	100	N. Y. 5s, C. L., '74	101⅛
Ill. coup. 6s, '77	100	N. Y. 5s, C. L., '75	101
Ill. coup. 6s, '79	100		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	91	Tol. & Wab. 1st ext.	91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	88⅛	Tol. & Wab. 2d	86
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	89	Tol. & Wab. Eq. Bds.	78
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub.	89	T., W. & W. C. U. S. F.	[illegible]
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	101	Gt. West. 1st, '88	100
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. '76	100	Gt. West. 1st, '88	87
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '65-76	100	Gt. West. 2d, '93	[illegible]
Erie 7s, 2d ind., '79	92	Quin. & Tol. 1st, '90	82
Erie 7s, 3d ind., '83	88⅛	Ill. & S. Iowa 1st	[illegible]
Erie 7s, 4th ind., '80	79⅛	Gal. & Chi. 2d	[illegible]
Erie 7s, 5th ind., '88	79	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	[illegible]
Buff., N. Y. & E. 1st '77	90	Morris & Essex 1st	102
Hud. 7s, 2d S. F., '85	[illegible]	Morris & Essex 2d	[illegible]
Harlem 1st	101	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	[illegible]
Alb'y & Susq. 1st Bds.	103	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st	103
Alb'y & Susq. 2d Bds.	99	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2d	[illegible]
Alb'y & Susq. 3d Bds.	92⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d	[illegible]
Mich. Cen. 1st 8 ₰ c. '82	117	Clev. & Pitts. 2d	[illegible]
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ₰ c. 1st	110⅛	Clev. & Pitts. 4th	[illegible]
Mich. So. 7 ₰ ct. 2d	[illegible]	Chi. & Alt. 1st	[illegible]
M. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₰ c.	100⅛	Chi. & Alt. inc.	[illegible]
Pac. 7s, guar. by Mo.	[illegible]	Ohio & Miss. 1st	[illegible]
Cen. Pac. Bds.	90⅝	Ohio & Miss. cons.	[illegible]
Union Pac. 1st Bds.	83⅛	Dub. Sioux City 1st	[illegible]
Union Pac. L. G. 7s	[illegible]	St. L. & I. M. Bds.	[illegible]
Union Pac. Inc. 10s	78	Mil. & St. P. 1st, 8s	[illegible]
Ill. Cen. 7 ₰ ct. '70	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st, 7 3-10	[illegible]
Alt. & T. H. 1st	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st	[illegible]
Alt. & T. H. 2d Pf.	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st & M. d	[illegible]
Alt. & T. H. 2d inc.	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 2d	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	[illegible]	Chi. & Mil. 1st	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds	[illegible]	Chi. & Gt. East. 1st	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. 1st	[illegible]	Col., Chi. & I. 1st	[illegible]
Cons. 7 ₰ ct. conv.	[illegible]	Tol., P. & W., E. D.	[illegible]
Han. & St. Jo. L. Gts	[illegible]	Tol., P. & W., W. D.	[illegible]
Han. & St. Jo. conv.	[illegible]	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	[illegible]
Lack. & West. Bds.	[illegible]	Bos., H. & E. guar.	[illegible]
Del., L. & W. 1st	[illegible]	Cedar Falls & M. 1st	[illegible]
Del., L. & W. 2d	[illegible]		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks and Miscellaneous Shares:

New-York	[illegible]	Fourth National	[illegible]
Manhattan	[illegible]	Tenth National	[illegible]
Mechanics	[illegible]	Oriental	[illegible]
America	[illegible]	Ship'rs & Brokers' Ass	[illegible]
City	[illegible]	Penn. Coal	[illegible]
Tradesmen's	[illegible]	Md. Coal Co.	[illegible]
Mechanics' & Traders'	[illegible]	American Coal	[illegible]
National	[illegible]	Canton Co.	[illegible]
Merchants' Exchange	[illegible]	Consol. Coal, Md.	[illegible]
Seventh Ward	[illegible]	Western Union Tel.	[illegible]
Commerce	[illegible]	Quicksilver Mining	[illegible]
Mercantile	[illegible]	Quicksilver Pref.	[illegible]
American Exchange	[illegible]	Mariposa Mining	[illegible]
Hanover	[illegible]	Mariposa Pref.	[illegible]
Irving	[illegible]	Mariposa 1st Pref.	[illegible]
Metropolitan	[illegible]	Mar. Trustee Certs.	[illegible]
East River	[illegible]	Boston Water Power	[illegible]
Market	[illegible]	Adams Express	[illegible]
Nassau	[illegible]	Wells-Fargo Express	[illegible]
Corn Exchange	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Importers' & Traders'	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Nat. Exch.	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—OCT. 14.

Telegraphed to Messrs. R. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	101¾	102
City 6s, new	102	102⅛
Camden and Amboy	115¾	116
Pennsylvania Central	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	100⅞	101
Lehigh Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
Catawissa Preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia and Erie	27¼	27½
Northern Central	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lehigh Navigation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lehigh Gold Loan	[illegible]	[illegible]

Comparative statement of earnings and expenses of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company for the first quarter of the fiscal years 1869-70:

	Gross Earnings.	Expenses.	Net Income.
	1869.	1869.	1869.
June	$1,251,960	[illegible]	[illegible]
July	1,157,056	1,045,553	111,503
August	1,037,973	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	1870.	1870.	1870.
June	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July	1,034,392	938,033	96,359
August	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Increase			[illegible]
Decrease	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Balance to credit of income acct., May 31, 1870			[illegible]
Net earnings, June, July and August, 1870			[illegible]
Total net earnings, as of Aug. 31, 1870			$1,553,256

The week's imports of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the specie value of $2,259,051; amount marketed, $2,601,026.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ GEORGE OPDYKE & CO. are agents for the sale of the following desirable securities, which they offer at low prices:

N. Y. and O. Midland First Mortgage Bonds, seven per cent. gold.

St. Louis and S. E. Railway First Mortgage Bonds, seven per cent. gold.

Alabama State 8s.

New-Jersey Town Bonds, seven per cent.

Some excellent Western ten per cent. securities.

$1,900,000

☞ SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE PORT ROYAL RAILROAD COMPANY. These bonds are secured by mortgage, covering the railroad and the entire property and franchises of the Company, to the Union Trust Company of New-York. They have twenty years to run; bear Seven per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, 1st May and 1st November, in New-York or London, at the option of the holder, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX; and both principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin. They are also convertible into the capital stock of the Company, at the option of the holder.

The road traverses the best district of South Carolina; unites the harbor of Port Royal—the best harbor south of New-York—with the City of Augusta, Ga., and connects directly with all the railroads centering at that point. It forms, therefore, the Atlantic or Seaboard link in THROUGH LINES of railroad extending already many hundred miles west of the Mississippi, which fact assures it a business second to that of no railroad in the South.

These bonds are offered, for the present, at the low price of 88 and accrued interest in currency. We are satisfied of the perfect soundness of the bonds, and consider them, at the price, the cheapest first-class security offered in this market.

N. B.—Pamphlets and maps, giving further information, furnished on application.

Governments and other securities received in exchange at full market rates.

HENRY H. BOODY & CO., No. 12 Wall-street.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,

30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Oct. 14, 1870.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs.	26	Hides, No.	[illegible]
Bees-wax, pkgs.	4	Leather, sides	[illegible]
Broom-corn, bales	44	Spirits Turp., bbls.	[illegible]
Cotton, bales	1,105	Resin, bbls.	[illegible]
Copper, bbls.	[illegible]	Tar, bbls.	[illegible]
Dried Fruit, pkgs.	[illegible]	Pork, bbls.	[illegible]
Eggs, bbls.	[illegible]	Beef, pkgs.	[illegible]
Flour, bbls.	[illegible]	Butter, pkgs.	[illegible]
Wheat, bushels	[illegible]	Cheese, boxes	10,403
Corn, bushels	[illegible]	Cut-meats, pkgs.	[illegible]
Oats, bushels	[illegible]	Lard, kegs	[illegible]
Barley, bushels	[illegible]	Oil-cake, pkgs.	[illegible]
Malt, bushels	[illegible]	Rice, pkgs.	[illegible]
Grass-seed, bushels	[illegible]	Starch, boxes	[illegible]
R. R. Peas, bags	112	Tobacco, hhds.	[illegible]
Beans, bushels	[illegible]	Tobacco, bxs. & cs.	[illegible]
Corn-meal, bags	[illegible]	Pea-nuts, bags	112
Corn-meal, bbls.	[illegible]	Whisky, bbls.	[illegible]
Hops, bales	455	Wool, bales	75

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the ship *Dragon*, for London—7,239 bags Oil-cake, 450 bbls. Flour, 2,400 Staves.
By the bark *Jeannie*, for Falmouth—26,697 bushels Rye.
By the ship *Glenhaven*, for Bristol—5,922 bags Oil-cake, 500 bales Oil-cake, 3,665 bbls. Flour, 14,900 bushels Wheat.
By the ship *Bolivia*, for Dublin—21,652 bushels Wheat.
By the bark *Cornwallis*, for Cork and orders—4,024 bbls. Naphtha.
By the ship *Magdalena*, for Bremen—7,900 bbls. Petroleum.
By the bark *J. H. Schoensen*, for Amsterdam—2,206 bbls. Refined Petroleum.
By the bark *Mattie*, for Trieste—5,000 cases Refined Petroleum, 1,525 bbls. Refined Petroleum.
By the bark *Uno*, for Odessa—5,000 cases Refined Petroleum, 200 bbls. Refined Petroleum, 1,611 bbls. Resin.

ASHES—Continue in fair request at $6 75@$7 25. Pearls have been quite dull at $7@$8 75 ₰ 100 lbs.

BEES-WAX—Continues very quiet at about former prices. Yellow at 32c.@33c. ₰ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A moderately active business has been reported in most styles at steady rates, including Men's Thick Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 75; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 37½@$2 55; Men's Calf, Pegged, $3 25@$5 50; Men's Calf, Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf, Pegged, $2 50@$3 75; Youths', $1 75@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, 75c.@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 65c.@$1 35; Boys' Split and Kip Brogans, 65c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 25@$2 35; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 25@$3 55; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@$3 50; Boys' Congress, $1 15@$2; Youth's, 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1 05@$1 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged Buff, Goat and Kid Balmorals, $1 20@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 50@$2 50; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 50@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1 ₰ pair.

BRICKS—Continue in fair demand, including Common to North River Hard, at $8 50@$9; Croton, $12@$15, and Philadelphia Front at $32@$35 ₰ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been very slow of sale at drooping figures.

CEMENT—Has been salable and firm at $1 80@$1 90 as the range of brands, ₰ bbl.

COAL—Has been in fair request at uniform rates, including Liverpool Gas Cannel at $12; co. House do., $15; Newcastle Gas, $9 50 ₰ ton of 2,240 lbs.; Anthracite, $5 50@$7 ₰ ton of 2,000 lbs.

COFFEE—Rio has been held with firmness, but has been inactive. The stock in first hands here, this evening, is 57,807 bags; at Baltimore about 40,000 bags; at Savannah, 2,500 bags, and at Galveston, 5,000 bags. No important sales have been reported, though some invoices were in negotiation. In other descriptions business has been light, at steady rates. We quote Java at 20½c.@23c.; Maracaibo at 15c.@18½c.; Laguayra, 16½c.@18c.; Rio, 9½c.@18c., in bond; native Ceylon, 17½c.@19c.; Jamaica, 14c.@18c.; Singapore, 18c.@19c.; Costa Rica, 15½c.@18c.; Manila, 16c.@17c.; Mexican, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 15½c.@18c.; Ocara, 15c.@17c.; San Domingo, in bond, 8½c.@9c., gold, ₰ lb.

COTTON—For prompt delivery the demand has been less active and with free offerings. Prices have been quoted ⅛c. ₰ lb. lower, closing spiritlessly. Sales, 2,415 bales, (of which 66 bales were to arrive,) including 1,171 bales to shippers, 900 bales to spinners, 95 bales to speculators, and 249 bales in transit. For forward delivery there has been a fairly active movement, at a shade lower prices, closing steadily on the basis of 14⅛c. for October and November, and 14⅛c. bid, with 15c. asked, for December. Sales have been reported of 4,100 bales, including 2,000 bales, basis Low Middling for October at 14⅛c.; 1,200 bales, November, at 14⅛c.@14⅛c.; 300 bales, December, at 14⅛c.@14⅛c.; 100 bales, for each of the months of November and December at 14⅛c.; 400 bales, January, at 15⅛c.@15 3-16c.; 200 bales February at 15⅛c., and 400 bales, free on board, Charleston or New-York Low Middling, at 14⅛c., ₰ lb. Messrs. Louis H. Meyer & Co. estimate the week's receipts at the shipping ports at 75,000 bales, and quote as follows, for this market, viz.:

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Low Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts this week	[illegible]
Receipts the preceding week	[illegible]
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1870	[illegible]
Receipts the preceding year	[illegible]
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1870	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

DRUGS, DYES AND DYE-WOODS—Have been [illegible]

FISH—The demand has been light for most descriptions, but the changes in prices have not been important.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Have been in moderate demand at previous quotations.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has not been offered with much freedom, as a rule. The low grades available for export have been in particularly light stock, and in good request at a further slight improvement in price. A moderate jobbing business has been reported in the medium and better grades, on the basis of our quotations. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 16,300 bbls., all told, including poor to choice Superfine State and Western, at from $5 20@$5 45; very fancy do., at $5 65, an exceptional rate; inferior to good extra State at $5 40@$5 75, mainly at $5 60@$5 70; good to very choice do., $5 75@$5 90; good shipping extra Western at $5 50@$5 65; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop extra Ohio at $5 50@$5 75, ₰ bbl. We now quote:

No. 2 Flour, ₰ bbl.	[illegible]
Sour Flour	[illegible]
Superfine State and Western	[illegible]
Extra State	[illegible]
Extra City, shipping brands	[illegible]
Extra Genesee	[illegible]
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping brands	[illegible]
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	[illegible]
Extra Western, shipping brands	[illegible]
Extra Western, trade and family brands	[illegible]
Extra St. Louis, ordinary to fancy	[illegible]

Southern Flour has been in fair demand and firm. Sales reported since our last of 1,350 bbls., in lots, at $5 15@$6 45 for poor to good Ordinary, and $6 45@$9 25 for good Ordinary to choose Extra, ₰ bbl. Rye Flour has been in moderate demand at $4@$5 75 for very inferior to choice, ₰ bbl.; sales, 230 bbls. Corn-meal continues in moderate request at $4 50@$5 65 for Yellow and White Western, $4 90@$5 75 for Jersey, $4 90@$5 20 for Brandywine, and $4 90@$5 for Southern, ₰ bbl.; sales, 250 bbls. Buckwheat Flour ranges from $3 25@$3 75 ₰ 100 lbs. We quote:

Southern Flour, poor to good extras	[illegible]
Southern Flour, good to very choice extras	[illegible]
Rye Flour, inferior to very choice	[illegible]
Corn-meal, inferior to very choice	[illegible]
Corn-meal, puncheon	[illegible]

FIRE-CRACKERS—No. 1 Canton have been in some demand at $4 ₰ box.

FRUIT—Business in Layer Raisins has been more active at steadier prices; 6,500 boxes have been sold at $3 15@$3 20, chiefly at $3 20, the closing price, ₰ box. Currants have been in moderate request at 12c.@12½c. for new, and 11c.@11½c. for old crop; sales, 80 bbls. Prunes have been more sought after on the basis of 19c. for new crop Turkey; sales, 100 cases. Sardines have been less active at about 19½c., gold, for quarter boxes; sales, 400 cases. In other articles business has been quiet at former figures.

GRAIN—The Wheat market has been unsettled since our last, opening more firmly as to price, under quite moderate offerings, and more favorable Liverpool reports, (to the close of yesterday,) though the demand was not a confident one for shipment or home purposes, and closing very heavily and decidedly cheaper, under the influence of a stringent freight market, and unusual depression in foreign exchange, which operated rather sharply against export purchases. Red and Amber Western (Winter,) Wheat has attracted less attention, but as the offerings of prime parcels have been limited, prices have been fairly supported, though closing with less buoyancy; the reported dealings were at from $1 25 for poor Red to $1 35 for strictly prime Amber, chiefly at $1 30@$1 32 for ordinary to fair Amber, afloat. Small lots of Amber State were placed at $1 35@$1 36, and Red and Amber Southern at from $1 32@$1 37, ₰ bushel. No. 1 Spring Wheat, which opened about 1c. a bushel stronger in the bidding for prime parcels of new crop than the latest quotation of yesterday, on a moderate inquiry, closed depressed and lower, with quite liberal offerings at the reduced figures, and a restricted demand from export buyers; the range of the sales was from $1 28@$1 31 for new crop, closing weak at $1 28@$1 29 for fair to very good, and $1 30 for strictly prime parcels. A very moderate call has been noted for No. 2 Spring, on the basis of about $1 25@$1 27 for new crop, $1 25 for choice do., $1 22@$1 24 for mixed new and old, $1 18 for prime old, in store, at which three or four loads were taken for export; $1 12@$1 16, chiefly at $1 14@$1 15 for steamer grades, ₰ bushel. The poorer grades of Spring have been partially neglected, and have been more or less nominal in price. White Wheat has been more actively sought after, partly for milling, but chiefly for shipment, at $1 50@$1 55 for Western; $1 32 for very poor do., afloat; $1 60@$1 70 for Southern and State; and $1 29@$1 34 for Canada, in bond, ₰ bushel. Sales have been reported since our last of 127,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 32@$1 70, chiefly at $1 50@$1 55; Red and Amber Western at $1 25@$1 35, chiefly at $1 30@$1 32 for Amber; No. 1 Spring at $1 28@$1 31; No. 2 Spring at $1 25@$1 28 for fair to choice new crop; $1 12@$1 16 for soft and warm to prime steamer grades, and $1 18@$1 20 for sailing-vessel Milwaukee, old crop, and $1 22@$1 24 for new and old, mixed; and $1 10@$1 16 for soft to good steamer grades Chicago and Racine; No. 3 Spring, $1 06@$1 09; rejected and mixed Spring at $1 05@$1 05; Red and Amber State at $1 33@$1 36; new Red and Amber Southern at $1 32@$1 37; White Southern at $1 50@$1 70; White Canada, in bond, $1 29@$1 34 ₰ bushel. Corn has been more active, opening heavily, but rallying sharply toward the close, and winding up quite buoyantly. The demand has been mainly for Mixed Western, chiefly for trade purposes, though, in part, on speculative account, as from 84c.@85c., closing at about 85½c.@86c. for good to prime parcels. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 104,000 bushels at 82c.@86c. for poor to prime Mixed Western, closing buoyantly at 85½c.@86c. for good to prime boat-loads afloat; 90c.@92c. for Yellow State and Western; 90c.@94c. for White do., and 80c.@82c. for Unsound, ₰ bushel. Rye has been in more request within a range of 83c.@95c. for poor ordinary to prime Western and State, old and new, ₰ bushel. Sales, 9,000 bushels, including New Western, at 95c., afloat. Barley has been in quite moderate demand at former prices, with sales reported of 19,000 bushels, including Canada West, at $1 20; Western at $1 15 for No. 2, and State at $1 20@$1 02, ₰ bushel. Barley Malt continues in very limited request, and heavy sales have been reported since our last of 9,500 bushels, including Canada, partly at $1 15, and State at $1 20@$1 05, ₰ bushel. Oats have been in less demand, and less buoyant in price, most of the business having been done on the basis of 52c.@53½c., chiefly 52½c. for Mixed Western and 55c.@56½c. for White Ohio. Sales have been reported since our last of 55,000 bushels at 51c.@57c., as the extremes, for inferior to choice New Mixed and White Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Ohio, chiefly at 52½c. for Mixed Western, and 55c.@56½c. for White Ohio, afloat, ₰ bushel. The export clearances since our last have been 3,650 bbls. Flour and 14,900 bushels Wheat for Bristol; 450 bbls Flour for London; 26,697 bushels Rye for Falmouth and 21,652 bushels Wheat for Dublin. The Albany *Argus* gives the following statement of the quantity of Flour, Wheat, Corn, and Barley left at tide-water during the first week in October in the years 1869 and 1870, was as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels.	Barley, bushels.
1869	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1870	11,200	488,700	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inc.	7,700	419,800	[illegible]	[illegible]

The aggregate quantity of the same article left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation to the 7th inst., inclusive, during the years 1869 and 1870, was as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels.	Barley, bushels.
1869	[illegible]	11,862,900	4,671,600	[illegible]
1870	[illegible]	11,052,300	3,755,000	[illegible]
	Dec. 51,000	Dec. 830,600	Dec. 916,600	Inc. [illegible]

Of the Barley received this year, 630,100 is new crop. By reducing the Wheat to Flour, the quantity of the latter left at tide-water this year, compared with the corresponding period last year, shows a decrease equal to 177,720 bbls. Flour. The following comparative table shows the quantity of some of the principal articles of Produce left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation to and including Oct. 7 in the years indicated:

	1868.	1869.	1870.
Canal opened	April 23.	May 6.	May 10.
Flour, bbls.	212,600	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheat, bushels	7,286,700	11,882,900	11,052,300
Corn, bushels	14,214,700	4,671,600	3,755,000
Barley, bushels	1,014,900	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats, bushels	7,565,800	2,271,300	[illegible]
Rye, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Malt, bushels	344,700	157,700	[illegible]
Feed, lbs.		7,841,600	8,076,400

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Bags have been quite dull at about 20c.@21c., currency. Bagging has been very quiet at 28c.@29c., currency, ₰ yard.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in good request at $1 05@$1 10 for shipping, and $1 10@$1 35 for local use, ₰ 100 lbs. Straw has been more salable at 70c.@$1 10, as extremes, for Short and Long, ₰ 100 lbs.

HEMP—There has been rather more call for foreign, but at less satisfactory prices. Sales, 500 bales Manila at 18c., gold; 300 bales Jute at 6⅛c., gold; and 1,200 bales Jute Butts at 3⅛c., currency, ₰ lb. We quote: American nominally at $180@$205 for Undressed, and $250@$295 for Dressed, ₰ ton; Russian, $240@$245, gold, ₰ ton; Jute at 6c.@6⅛c., gold; Manila, 18c.@18⅛c., gold; Sisal, 11⅛c.@11⅛c., gold; Jute Butts, 3⅛c.@3⅛c., currency, ₰ lb.

HIDES—Have been firmly held, but have been inactive; sales, 1,000 Buenos Ayres at 25⅛c., gold, ₰ lb.

HOPS—Continue inactive and depressed, under free arrivals, ranging from 10c.@17c. for New Crop; 10c.@16c. for Yearlings, and 3c.@7c. for older growths, ₰ lb. Receipts, 455 bales; exports, — bales.

LATHS—Eastern have been salable and steady at $2 40 ₰ thousand.

LEATHER—Sole has been in moderate request at uniform quotations, including Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Heavy, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Middle, 26⅛c.@27c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Light, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, California, Heavy, 25c.@26c.; Hemlock, California, Middle, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, California, Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Heavy, 27⅛c.@28⅛c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Middle, 27⅛c.@29c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Light, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Good Damaged, all kinds and weights, 24c.@25⅛c.; Hemlock, Poor Damaged, all kinds and weights, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock, Rough, 30c.@32c.; Oak Slaughter, Heavy, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, Middle, 38c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, Light, 38c.@42c.; Union Cropped, Heavy, 38c.@39c.; Union Cropped, Middle, 34c.@41c.; Union Cropped, Light, 34c.@41c.; Union Bellies, 19c.@22c.; Oak Rough, Heavy, 33c.@35c.; Oak Rough, Middle, 35c.@36c.; Oak Rough, Light, 33c.@37c.; Southern Rough, all weights, 27c.@32c. ₰ lb.

LIME—Rockland has been in demand at $1 15 for Common, and $1 75 for Lump, ₰ bbl.

METALS—The general movement has been light in this line. Ingot Copper has been exceptionally active, closing buoyantly; sales, 300,000 lbs., at 21⅛c.@21⅛c. ₰ lb. Iron has been dull, and rather weak in price, including Eglinton Pig at $32 50; Glengarnock at $34; No. 1 American at $33 50@$35, currency; English Rails at $57@$58, gold; and other descriptions at about former figures. Lead, spelter and zinc have been dull, at less buoyant rates. Tin has not been in much request, and has been less firm, including Straits at 33⅛c.@34c.; English at 33⅛c.@33⅛c.; and Banca at 35⅛c., gold.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been quiet, since our last, on the basis of $2 05 for Strained ₰ 280 lbs.; receipts, 2,539 bbls.; exports, 1,611 bbls. Tar has been in some request at about former figures; 100 bbls. Wilmington Rope were sold at $3 ₰ bbl. Nothing new in Crude Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine opened heavily at 44c.@45c., chiefly 45c., for merchantable, with sales of 140 bbls., but closed buoyantly at about 46c., under the announcement of the burning of the *Washington* steam-ship, off Big Island, below Wilmington, N. C., with some 700 bbls. as part of cargo. We quote Spirits Turpentine at 45c.@46c. ₰ gallon; Crude, $2 10@$2 15; Resin, $2 05@$7 50 ₰ 280 lbs., the latter for extra choice White; Tar, $2@$3 50; Pitch, $2 50 ₰ bbl.

MOLASSES—There has been rather more activity in this line, but at low prices. Two cargoes of Barbados, in all 777 hhds., have been taken for refining purposes at 31c.; also, 30 hhds. from another invoice, at 30c. ₰ gallon. Of Cuba, 50 hhds. were purchased at 30c.; and, of Porto Rico, at auction, 30 hhds. at 40c. and tcs. at 40c. ₰ gallon. We quote: New Crop Porto Rico nominally at from 37c.@56c.; New Crop Cuba at 28c.@35c.; New-Orleans at 60c.@81c. ₰ gallon, and in detail thus:

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cuba, Clayed	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cuba, Muscovado, Refining	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cuba, Muscovado, Grocery grades	[illegible]	[illegible]
Porto Rico	[illegible]	[illegible]
English Islands	[illegible]	[illegible]
New-Orleans	[illegible]	[illegible]

OILS—There has not been much Whale or Sperm, but prices have been fairly steady, ... to prices, and have not been ... whale terms. Linseed has been ... a jobbing way, at about ... been quiet, but steady. ... Olive

[illegible] store of sale. Cocoanut Oil has been in ... Palm and Yellow Oils dull. We quote: Crude Whale at [illegible]; Bleached Whale, 70c.@80c.; Crude Sperm at $1 35; Unbleached Sperm, at $1 40; Bleached Sperm at $1 50; Lard-oil at $1 10@$1 20; Red Oil, at 68c.@72c.; Linseed-oil at 83c.@85c. in casks and bbls.; Olive-oil at $1 20@$1 37½, in casks; Menhaden at 41c.@43c.; Sperm-aceti at 23c.@27c.; Extra Refined Seal oil at ...; Cotton-seed Oil, Crude, 48c.@50c.; Southern Yellow, 60c.@63c.; Refined Yellow, 60c.@63c.; White Winter, 80c.@85c.; do. Summer, 75c.@78c. ₰ gallon.

OIL-CAKE—Continues quiet and heavy at $38, gold, for City, from East India seed; and $40 50@$41, currency, for Western, ₰ ton.

PETROLEUM—Crude in bulk has been very sparingly sought after, since our last, in this market, though available at 13c. ₰ gallon. Shipping Crude has been quite dull and nominal at 15⅛c., here, and 16⅛c. at Philadelphia. At the Creek all-rail business has been reported in Crude in bulk, chiefly for forward delivery and on speculative account, at about previous quotations; sales, 10,000 bbls., seller's option, remainder of year, Lower Road, at $3; 5,000 bbls., buyer's option, Upper Road, same time, at $3 20; and equal to 15,000 bbls., remainder year, Lower Road delivery, on private terms. The receipts of Crude Oil at Philadelphia were 1,380 bbls. to-day, and 6,717 bbls. for the week. Refined Oil has been quite lame and weak, with sales reported of only 300 bbls. Standard White for early delivery at 25c.; 1,000 do., remainder of October, at 24⅛c., and 500 bbls. do., November, at 24c. ₰ gallon. And at Philadelphia, 400 bbls. Standard White for prompt delivery, to fill, at 25⅛c., and 1,000 bbls. do., remainder of October, at 24⅛c. ₰ gallon. The receipts of Refined Oil at Philadelphia have been 4,700 bbls. to-day, and 25,080 bbls. for the week. The export clearances hence have been 2,206 bbls. for Amsterdam; 7,900 bbls. for Bremen; 1,525 bbls. and 5,000 cases for Trieste; and 200 bbls. and 5,000 cases for Odessa. Also from Philadelphia, 5,060 gallons in cases for Kingston, Jamaica. Refined Oil, in cases, has been in rather more demand for export since our last, within a range of 29⅛c.@30⅛c., as extremes, ₰ gallon. Naphtha has been more active and quoted steady at 8⅛c.@9c. in shipping order, 15⅛c.@16c. in cases, and 5c.@5⅛c. in bulk, ₰ gallon. Sales have been reported of 2,200 bbls., in irregular lots, on private terms; 300 bbls. at 10c.; and 700 bbls., 75 gravity, at 12⅛c. ₰ gallon. The export clearances hence include 4,024 bbls. for Cork and orders.

PROVISIONS—Western Mess Pork has been offered freely, at much lower prices, leading to a livelier business for both prompt and forward delivery; other kinds of Pork have been in slack request, at irregular prices. Sales have been reported for early delivery, since our last, of 1,170 bbls., at $25 75@$26 50, chiefly at $25 75 for round, and $26@$26 25 for job lots Western Mess, $21 50@$22 50 for Prime and Extra Prime, $25 75 for Thin Mess, $29@$31 for City Mess and Clear, $24 for Prime Mess, $21 for Rumps, ₰ bbl. For forward delivery, an active business has been reported at the reduced figures; sales, 2,250 bbls. Western Mess, seller's options, at $25 25@$25 75, closing with $25 bid, and $25 25 asked, for November; and $25 50 for October. Dressed Hogs have been in fair request and quoted steady in price. We quote the range at from 10⅛c.@11⅛c. ₰ lb., as the extremes. Cut-meats have been inactive at drooping rates; sales have been reported of only small lots, at 14⅛c.@15⅛c. for City-pickled Shoulders; 17⅛c.@19c. for Pickled Hams, ₰ lb. City-cured Bacon has been depressed and easier in price at 14⅛c.@15c. for Long Clear, ₰ lb.; sales, 190 boxes. Lard has been firmer, but has not been dealt in with freedom; stock and offerings light, and holders confident. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 275 tcs. and bbls. at 14⅛c.@15⅛c. for poor No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 15⅛c.@15⅛c. for fair to prime Western Steam, and 14⅛c.@15⅛c. for City, ₰ lb. For forward delivery, business has been fairly active, sales having been reported of 1,250 tcs., sellers' options, at 14⅛c. for October, and 14⅛c.@14⅛c. for December, with 14⅛c.@14⅛c. as the current quotations for January. Beef has been in less demand and heavy; sales have been reported of 120 bbls., in lots, at $10 50@$13 for Plain Mess; $15@$18 for Extra Mess, ₰ bbl. Tierce Beef continues inactive and nominal. Beef Hams have been quiet and depressed at $31@$32, in job lots, for ice-cured, ₰ bbl.; sales, 75 bbls. Butter has been in fair request, especially the better grades, at uniform rates. We quote: State and Pennsylvania, inferior to fancy, 23c.@47c.; and Western, inferior to fancy, at 15c.@37c.; the day's receipts were 1,362 pkgs. Cheese continues in fair demand and firm. We quote at from 5c.@15c., as the extremes, for very common to fancy factory; the day's receipts have been 10,403 boxes. We quote:

BUTTER.

Chemung, Sussex and Orange County Dairies, firkins, ₰ lb.	40@42
Chenango, Delaware and Chautauqua County Dairies, firkins, ₰ lb.	38@40
Broome, Steuben and Cortland County Dairies, firkins, ₰ lb.	37@39
Cattaraugus and Yates County Dairies, firkins, ₰ lb.	35@37
Common to fair State Dairies, firkins, ₰ lb.	23@33
State half firkin tubs, extra, ₰ lb.	40@42
State half firkin tubs, fair to good, ₰ lb.	37@39
Welsh tubs, Lewis and Oswego Counties, ₰ lb.	35@37
Welsh tubs, fair to good State, ₰ lb.	30@34
State, Jersey and Pennsylvania, fresh pails, ₰ lb.	30@36
Pennsylvania Dairies, firkins, good to prime, ₰ lb.	35@37
Pennsylvania Dairies, firkins, ordinary, ₰ lb.	30@33
Western Reserve, firkins, good to prime, ₰ lb.	30@32
Michigan and Indiana, firkins, good to prime, ₰ lb.	30@32
Chicago and North-west, firkins, good to prime, ₰ lb.	25@27
Ordinary Western, firkins, good to prime, ₰ lb.	20@22
Common and White, Western and State stock, ₰ lb.	15@18

CHEESE.

State Factories, fine to extra, ₰ lb.	14⅛@15
State Factories, fair to good, ₰ lb.	13 @14
State Factories, ordinary, ₰ lb.	11 @12⅛
State Factories, skimmed, ₰ lb.	5 @ 9
State Farm Dairies, extra, ₰ lb.	14⅛@14⅛
State Farm Dairies, ordinary to good, ₰ lb.	12⅛@13⅛
Western, fair to good, ₰ lb.	12 @13
Western, ordinary, ₰ lb.	7 @11

RICE—Has been quiet at less buoyant prices. Sales, 120 tierces Carolina at $9, and 200 bags Rangoon at $7@$7 12½ ₰ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been quoted firm and buoyant, but the dealings have been on a moderate scale.

SEEDS—Of Calcutta Linseed, further sales of 2,000 bags have been made at Boston on private terms. Grass quiet and quoted as in our last.

SKINS—Have been in fair request, including Honduras Deer, 40c.; San Juan, 35c.@37c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal, 40c.@42c.; Vera Cruz, 37⅛c.; Chagres, 42c.@44c.; Porto Cabello, 34c.@35c.; Para, 35c.@37c., gold, ₰ lb.; Southern and Texas, 18c.@28c., currency, ₰ lb.; Tampico Goat, 57c.@59c.; Matamoras, 57c.@58c.; Vera Cruz, 52⅛c., gold, ₰ lb.; Buenos Ayres, 57⅛c.; Payta, 55c.; Curacoa, 55c.@57⅛c.; Cape, 40c.@42c., currency, ₰ lb.; Madras, each, 35c.@70c.; Patna, each, 50c.@55c., currency.

SOAP—Domestic brands continue in fair request at uniform rates. Castile has been quiet. We quote Castile at 11⅛c.@11⅛c.; Colgate's Pale, 8⅛c.; Family, 9c., and No. 1 at 8⅛c. ₰ lb.

SPICES—Have been more confidently sought after, including Mace at $1 27⅛@$1 30; No. 1 Nutmegs at $1 02⅛@$1 05; Cassia at 45c.@45c.; Cloves at 25⅛c.; Pepper at 26c.@26⅛c.; White Pepper at 31c.; Pimento at 19⅛c.@20⅛c.; Ginger at 11⅛c.@12c., gold, ₰ lb.

SUGARS—Raw has been in moderate supply, and less urgent request at unchanged prices. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 215 hhds. of Cuba and Porto Rico at from 9⅛c.@10⅛c.; and 2,286 boxes Havana at 9⅛c.@10⅛c. ₰ lb. The stock in first hands this morning was estimated at 52,966 hhds., 59,388 boxes and 455,675 bags. We quote: Fair to good refining grades Cuba at 9⅛c.@10c.; fair to good Grocery grades, 10⅛c.@10⅛c.; good to choice Grocery grades, 10⅛c.@11⅛c.; Porto Rico Grocery grades range from 10⅛c.@11⅛c. No. 12 Box Sugar 10⅛c. ₰ lb. Refined continues in fair demand but at less buoyant rates. We quote the range from 12c.@13⅛c. ₰ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—A somewhat better demand has been reported for Tallow at essentially unchanged rates. Sales since our last, 105,000 lbs. Tallow at 9c.@9⅛c., for ordinary to choice, chiefly at 9⅛c. for prime; 20,000 lbs. Stearine at 14c.@15⅛c., and 12,000 lbs. Grease at 8⅛c.@13c. ₰ lb.

TEAS—Business has shown a little more animation, at steady prices, including Green, common to fair Hyson, in job lots, at 65c.@80c.; good to fair Hyson, 85c.@$1; extra fine to finest Hyson, $1@$1 10@$1 20; common to fair Young Hyson, 55c.@65c.; good to fine Young Hyson, 70c.@90c.; extra fine to finest, $1@$1 50; common to fair Gunpowder, 75c.@90c.; good to fine Gunpowder, 95c.@$1 15; extra fair to finest Gunpowder, $1 20@$1 50; common to fine Imperial, 75c.@90c.; good to fine Imperial, 97c.@$1 15; extra fine to finest Imperial, $1 20@$1 50; common to fair Twankay, 50c.@55c.; good to fine Twankay, 54c.@58c.; extra fine to finest Twankay, 58c.@65c.; common to fair Uncolored Japan, 75c.@80c.; good to fine Uncolored Japan, 90c.@$1 05; extra fine to finest Uncolored Japan, $1 10@$1 25; extra fine to finest Oolong, $1 10@$1 50; common to fair Oolong, 52c.@58c.; good to fine Oolong, 70c.@85c.; common to fair Souchong, 60c.@70c.; good to fine Souchong, 75c.@90c.; extra fine to finest Souchong, $1@$1 20, ₰ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been quiet at former quotations; sales, 94 hhds. Kentucky, at 6⅛c.@13c.; 50 cases Massachusetts Seed-leaf, 101 cases Connecticut do., 75 cases Ohio do., on private terms, and 150 bales Havana, at 85c.@$1 05, ₰ lb.

WHISKY—Has been in fair request at steady rates. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 500 bbls., in lots, at 88⅛c. for wood, and 88c.@90c., chiefly at 89⅛c., for iron-bound pkgs., ₰ gallon. Receipts, 855 bbls.

WOOL—Has been held with firmness, and desirable grades have not been plenty, which circumstances have been against an active business, though more disposition has been evinced by purchasers to operate.

FREIGHTS—The main business has been in the line of Petroleum charters, which have been more active at full rates. In Grain and Cotton engagements there has been very little animation, the extreme firmness of ship-owners operating against free movements. In other respects the market has been tame and flat. For Liverpool there were taken 350 bales Cotton, by steam, at 7-16d.@⅛d. ₰ lb.; 800 bbls. Flour at 2s. 6d. ₰ bbl.; 7,500 bushels Wheat, (relet room,) on private terms; 50 tons Oil-cake, by sail, at 20s.; 20 tons Maple, by steam, at 40s. ₰ ton, and 50 hhds. Tobacco, by sail, at 30s. For London, by steam, 5,000 bushels Wheat at 9d. per bushel. For Bristol, 50 tons Logwood at 25s. 6d. ₰ ton. The Liverpool steamers claimed 9d. for Wheat, and refused bids of 8⅛d. ₰ bushel. For Cork and orders, United Kingdom and the Continent, a British bark, with 3,500 bbls. Petroleum, at 5s. 3d. and 6s., and another, with 4,000 bbls. do., from Philadelphia, on private terms. For Dantzic, a British bark, with 1,800 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 4d. ₰ bbl. For Copenhagen, a Danish brig, with 1,800 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 7s. ₰ bbl. For Gibraltar and orders, an American brig, with 2,700 bbls. Petroleum, at 5s. 3d. and 6s. 3d. ₰ bbl. For a Mediterranean port direct, a brig, with about 2,000 cases Petroleum, on private terms. For Cronstadt, a Norwegian bark, with 2,500 bbls. Naphtha, at 6s. 6d. ₰ bbl. A large ship was reported in negotiation, from Philadelphia with Petroleum for a Continental port.

NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Oct. 14, 1870.

Trade in horned Cattle was small this forenoon; good Steers were in demand at from 15c.@15⅛c. ₰ lb. Medium grades sold slowly from 13c.@14⅛c. ₰ lb., whilst Texans and native Cows were unlooked for except at very low rates, even when several of such like low remained unsold. Sheep at One Hundredth-street market were few, but of good quality, and sold from 5c.@6⅛c. ₰ lb. [illegible] Veals were in fair demand [illegible] Veals selling at [illegible] grassers on hand. Milch Cows have advanced, and good family Cows, fresh and in nearby order, sold since Wednesday last from $60@$90 ₰ head. Dairy Cows ranged from [illegible] ₰ head. There was literally no trade in Live Hogs, the business in this line being now carried on direct with Chicago where the Live Hog ... [illegible] ... Hogs. The [illegible] yards, for Yesterday and to-day, were: ... horned Cattle, [illegible] Veals, [illegible] Sheep, [illegible] Hogs.

SALES TO-DAY.

S. S. MUSTIN sold for [illegible] 500 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, weight [illegible] cwt. [illegible] sold for [illegible] Illinois Steers, from common to fair [illegible] [illegible] 15c. ₰ lb., weight [illegible] cwt. [illegible] Indiana Steers, common, weight [illegible]; 150 Indiana Steers, rough and common, at 13⅛c.@14⅛c. ₰ lb., and again to Texas Steers, poor and common, at 9⅛c.@10⅛c. ₰ lb. RICHARDSON & WILLIAMS sold for [illegible] 22 Steers, native cattle, common, ... 13⅛c. ₰ lb., weight 8 cwt. W. FITCH sold for J. T. ALEXANDER 100 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, at 15⅛c.@16⅛c. ₰ lb., weight 8 cwt.

FORTY-FOURTH-STREET SHEEP MARKET.

McGRAW & REID sold 36 Lambs, weight 2,300 lbs., at 8⅛c. ₰ lb.; 1 Calf, a large grasser, weight 300 lbs., at 7⅛c. ₰ lb.; 150 Lambs, weight 9,050 lbs., at 8c. ₰ lb.; 50 Lambs, weight 4,210 lbs., at 7⅛c. ₰ lb.; 40 Lambs, weight 2,310 lbs., at 7c. ₰ lb.; 73 Sheep, weight 5,040 lbs., at 5⅛c. ₰ lb.; 198 Sheep, weight 12,520 lbs., at 5c. ₰ lb.; 35 Sheep, weight 4,120 lbs., at 5⅛c. ₰ lb.; 17 Pennsylvania Lambs, culls, at $2 ₰ head. J. KIRBY sold 105 Sheep, weight 9,780 lbs., at 5c.@6c. ₰ lb.; 39 Sheep, weight 4,785 lbs., at 5c. ₰ lb.; 69 Lambs, weight 3,940 lbs., at 8c. ₰ lb.; 145 Sheep, weight 11,880 lbs., at 5c. ₰ lb.; 150 Sheep, weight 10,570 lbs., at 5⅛c. ₰ lb.; 10 Lambs, weight 630 lbs., at 8⅛c. ₰ lb. HUME & ELLIOTT sold 71 Lambs, weight 4,460 lbs., at 8⅛c. ₰ lb.; 3 Calves, weight 320 lbs., at 12⅛c. ₰ lb.; 207 Lambs, weight 15,235 lbs., at 8⅛c. ₰ lb.; 20 Sheep, weight 10,375 lbs., at 6⅛c. ₰ lb.; 15 Sheep, weight 1,290 lbs., at 5c. ₰ lb.; 22 Sheep, weight 2,170 lbs., at 5c. ₰ lb.; 58 Lambs, weight 4,180 lbs., at 8⅛c. ₰ lb.; 51 Sheep, weight 3,800 lbs., at 5⅛c. ₰ lb. The market fell from ⅛c.@⅛c. ₰ lb. lower than it has been for the past week. Calves, here did well; the stock on hand was generally good, and arrived from Canada and the West.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. HINDLE, Auctioneer.

HARDAWAY BOLT

MACHINES, PATENT RIGHT, &c., AT AUCTION, by J. H. HINDLE, auctioneer.—RARE CHANCE!—GREAT SALE OF BOLT, RIVET and SPIKE MACHINES, &c.—Will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the 19th day of October, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the factory, formerly occupied by THE CENTRAL BOLT, SPIKE and RIVET MANUFACTURING COMPANY, on the westerly side of Railroad-av., and southerly of Slater-st., in the City of Paterson, in the State of New-Jersey, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Harwood, and of Daniel Harwood and Andrew Peirce, Jr., trustees, in and to the Letters Patent of the United States, granted to Moore Hardaway, of the City of St. Louis, for an improvement in machines for making bolts, which Letters Patent bear date the 11th day of October, in the year 1864, and in and to the invention thereby patented, and in and to the rights and privileges secured by said patent, and in and to any and all renewals of said patent. Also the following described property, to wit: One steam-engine and boiler, belt, large pulley, steam-pipes and fixtures, five bolt-machines, one rivet-machine, one spike-machine, one horse, one one-horse lumber wagon, one single harness, two shaping-machines and fixtures; five screw-cutting machines, two bolt pointers, seven cast-iron bolt pans, lot of cast-steel, a large lot of bolts, spikes, rivets, nuts and iron; one emery frame, shears and appurtenances; one large, and one small lathe; shaft and fixtures; main line shafting, pulleys and fixtures; two planing-machines and fixtures, one upright drill and fixtures; four nut-tappers, one nut-machine, three spike furnaces, four bolt furnaces, two forges, tools and fixtures; two grindstones, one large and one small platform scales, six iron buggies, one fan, iron flooring, office furniture, lot of fire brick, coal-sheds, frames and partitions, lot coal, stove and pipe; all the wood patterns for making bolt machines, &c., together with the tools, taps, dies, vises, bolts, hangings, pulleys, shafting, iron buckets, wheelbarrows, shovels, oil, oil-cans, and lamps, and a large number of articles, too numerous to mention in detail, including stock, materials, tools, and fixtures used in connection with the manufacture of bolts, spikes and rivets, now on the premises. Reference is hereby made to an indenture of mortgage made by Hiram Emerson to Daniel Harwood and Andrew Peirce, Jr., trustees, dated Sept. 30, 1867, and a copy whereof was filed in the Clerk's office, in the County of Passaic, New-Jersey, Nov. 30, 1869, and which mortgage was recorded in the Patent Office of the United States, at Washington, and to the assignments therein referred to. Also, to a sale made April 22, 1870, to said Daniel Harwood, at a public auction, by P. Sandford, Auditor, in the case of Henry L. Pierson, John Frederic Pierson, Henry L. Pierson, Jr., and Daniel L. Winchester, against The Central Bolt, Spike and Rivet Manufacturing Company, J. H. Hindle having been the auctioneer at said sale so made to said Harwood. The interest on bonds mentioned in said mortgage has remained over-due and unpaid more than thirty days since the same became due and payable, and since payment thereof was demanded as provided in said bonds, and holders of said bonds have given written notice of such non-payment to said trustees, and have delivered said bonds to said trustees, and more than thirty days have elapsed since such delivery, and no part of the principal, or interest on said bonds, has been paid, and said sale will be made of said Harwood's interest, individually, in said property, and of all right, title and interest therein, which said trustees can convey under and by virtue of said mortgage.

DANIEL HARWOOD, Individually.
DANIEL HARWOOD, ANDREW PEIRCE, JR., } Trustees.
J. H. HINDLE, Auctioneer.

The above-mentioned BOLT MACHINES are of the unrivaled Hardaway's Patent—invaluable to those engaged in railroad supplies. Power of the engine, 50-horse. Sale positive. J. H. HINDLE, Auctioneer.

LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF FINE BOOKS.—A large and fine collection of ENGLISH BOOKS, recently imported, (sold by order of the assignee,) comprising standard, new and popular works, many in handsome bindings. The whole to be sold by auction at the Clinton Hall (Astor-place) Book Sale-rooms and Art Galleries. LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers. MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, Oct. 17, 18 and 19, commencing at 7½ o'clock each evening. Catalogues ready and books on exhibition Saturday morning.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF STOCKS and Bonds, by order of the administrator of the estate of Sarah Glover, deceased, by JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., on THURSDAY, Oct. 20, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, within their store, No. 112 Pearl-st., New-York.

22 Shares of the National Bank of Commerce.
50 Shares of the Continental Bank.
50 Shares of the Michigan Central Railroad Company.
$5,000 U. S. Registered Stock, redeemable after Dec. 31, 1880.
$9,000 U. S. Ten-forties, five per cents, registered.
12,000 U. S. Currency, 30 year six per cents.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, Auctioneer.—Office and Sales-room, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-Office.

RARE AND CHOICE PLANTS FROM THE GREEN-HOUSE OF HENRY BRADHURST, ESQ., CARMANSVILLE. JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL will sell on THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at their sales-room, No. 37 Nassau-st., a splendid collection of fine plants, comprising some 150 camellias, 25 night-blooming cereus, pomegranates, wax plants, fuchsias, cape jessamines, azaleas, crocus, acacias, palms, &c., comprising one of the finest collections in the country.

AUGUSTUS A. SCHULZ, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.—MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, piano-forte, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at the elegant residence No. 57 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; drawing-room suites, etageres, book-case, paintings, bronzes, clock, carpets, chamber, dining furniture, silver-ware, basement kitchen furniture.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.—THIS DAY, (Saturday,) Oct. 15, at 11 o'clock, within their store, 190 bbls. Almeria Grapes, landing.

MEDICAL.

$1,000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding or Itching PILES that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It has cured cases of twenty years' standing. Try it, and get rid of the most troublesome disease flesh is heir to. Sold by all druggists. Wholesale by JOHN F. HENRY, New-York.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. EVANS' OFFICE, NO. 94 CHATHAM-st., only place for speedy cure of private diseases; manhood restored by Dr. EVANS' Elixir.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PRIVATE complaints of either sex cured by Dr. EVANS, 94 Chatham-st. Manhood restored in fifteen minutes.

$1,000 REWARD FOR ANY PRIVATE disease that Dr. EVANS' remedies fail to cure. Apply to Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF ACTING COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, FORT WADSWORTH, NEW-YORK HARBOR, Oct. 7, 1870.

PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE, WITH a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received by the undersigned until 12 o'clock M., December 1, 1870, for supplying fresh beef to the troops at this post.

The said beef must be fresh, of good marketable quality, in equal proportion of fore and hind quarters, (neck, shank and kidney tallow to be excluded,) and to be delivered at this post free of cost, in such quantities as may be from time to time required, and on such days as the commanding officer shall designate, not exceeding four times per week.

The necks of the cattle slaughtered for beef to be delivered under this agreement shall be cut off at the fourth vertebral joint, and the breast trimmed down. The shanks of fore-quarters shall be cut off from three to four inches above the knee-joint, and of hind-quarters from six to eight inches above the gambrel or hock-joint.

Separate proposals in duplicate will also be received by the undersigned up to the same hour and date above-mentioned, for supplying commissioned officers and their families, stationed at this post or adjacent thereto, with such choice fresh beef as they may, from time to time, require, such as sirloin and porter-house steak, standing ribs, or rib roasts.

These contracts to be in force six months, or such less time as the Commissary-General shall direct, commencing on the 1st January, 1871, and subject to the approval of the Commanding-General of the Department of the East.

In case of failure or deficiency in the quality or quantity of the fresh beef stipulated to be delivered, then the Commissary at Fort Wadsworth, New-York Harbor, shall have power to supply the deficiency by purchase, and the contractor will be charged with the difference of cost.

The contractor will be required to enter into bonds for the sum of $1,000, signed also by two responsible persons, whose names must be mentioned in the proposals.

A deposit of $50 will be required with each bid, which will be forfeited to the United States in case the contract is not entered into within ten days after the first delivery under the contract.

The proposals will be opened at 12 o'clock M., on the 1st December, 1870, at Fort Wadsworth, New-York Harbor, at which time and place bidders are requested to be present.

Proposals should be marked "Proposals for fresh beef," and addressed

L. A. CHAMBERLIN, First Lieutenant, First Artillery, A. C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR REVENUE STAMPS.

Proposals will be received until TUESDAY, the 1st day of November next, at 12 o'clock at noon, for furnishing complete Revenue Stamps of the following classes, denominations and sizes in present use, and as hereinafter specified, viz.:

CLASS I.

ADHESIVE STAMPS, GENERAL AND PROPRIETARY, viz.:

GENERAL.—1 cent, 2 cents, 3 cents, 4 cents, 5 cents, 6 cents, 10 cents, 15 cents, 20 cents, 25 cents, 30 cents, 40 cents, 50 cents, 60 cents, 70 cents, $1, $1 30, $1 50, $1 60, $1 90, $2, $2 50, $3, $3 50, $5, $10, $20, $25, $50 and $200.

PROPRIETARY.—1 cent, 2 cents, 3 cents, 4 cents and 5 cents.

CLASS II.

BEER STAMPS.—Hogsheads, barrels, half barrels, third barrels, quarter barrels, sixth barrels and eighth barrels.

CLASS III.

STAMPS FOR DISTILLED SPIRITS, TAX PAID.—Ten gallons, 20 gallons, 30 gallons, 40 gallons, 50 gallons, 60 gallons, 70 gallons, 80 gallons, 90 gallons, 100 gallons, 110 gallons, 120 gallons, 130 gallons.

CLASS IV.

STAMPS FOR DISTILLED SPIRITS, "OTHER THAN TAX PAID."—Distillery warehouse, rectified spirits and wholesale liquor-dealers.

CLASS V.

TOBACCO STAMPS.—Half pounds, 1 pound, 2 pounds, 3 pounds, 5 pounds, 10 pounds, 15 pounds, 20 pounds, 21 pounds, 22 pounds, 40 pounds and 60 pounds.

Class 1. To be gummed, dried and perforated and prepared for issue in sheets.

Class 2. Without gumming and perforation, prepared for issue in sheets, 20 stamps on a sheet.

Class 3. Without gumming, to be engraved with nine coupons, and one stub attached to each stamp, each stamp and stub to be numbered in serial numbers, and bound in book form. Each book to contain 150 stamps, 3 on a page, and book to be appropriately lettered and numbered. Bidders will also make proposals for this class of stamps as above, 300 stamps to the book.

Class 4. Without gumming and perforation. Each stamp to have an engraved stub attached, stamps and stubs to be numbered in serial numbers, and bound in book form. Each book to contain 400 stamps, 4 on a page, and bound, lettered and numbered.

Class 5.—One-half pound to 5 pounds inclusive, without gumming and perforation, to be issued in sheets, 12 stamps on a sheet. All the other denominations mentioned, excepting the 15 pounds, to be engraved with stub attached, stamps and stubs to be numbered in serial numbers, and bound in book form, each book to contain 450 stamps, 5 stamps on a page, and bound, lettered and numbered. The 15-pound stamps to be as above, with the addition of nine coupons attached to each stamp. Bids are also asked for the ½ to 5-pounds stamps inclusive, to be prepared and bound in book form, as above described, with stubs, but without the coupons. Specimens of the above-mentioned stamps may be seen at the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and sizes and descriptions taken therefrom.

Bidders will state the price per thousand stamps, separately, inclusive and exclusive of paper, deliverable at their place of business, and also at the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in Washington; the cost of delivery should be given, both inclusive and exclusive of the cost of packing and boxing.

Bids will be made separately for printing in one and two colors. Stamps of Class I, the principal color, to be permanent and the other fugitive.

All the other classes mentioned to be printed in permanent colors. The additional cost of printing a tint upon the stamps printed in one color should also be added.

Bidders will state in their bids the mode of printing proposed by them, whether plate printing or surface printing. Each bid to be accompanied with a specimen of the style of engraving and the quality of paper proposed to be furnished, and the accepted bidder, before the final consummation of a contract, will be required to furnish proof impressions of the engravings of the several kinds and denominations of stamps.

The contract will require all designs, dies and plates to be prepared, and dies and plates to be kept bright and sharp, and that new and additional designs, dies and plates shall be made, either for the present kinds and denominations of stamps or others, without charge, at the pleasure of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and all such designs, dies and plates to be the property of and delivered to the United States Treasury Department at the termination of the contract, or whenever demanded by said Department. That the stamps shall be prepared and delivered of such kinds and denominations, and in such quantities and at such times, as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the time being may direct.

[A statement of the numbers of stamps issued during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1870, may be seen at the office of the Commissioner.]

And that all measures and precautions which the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall deem necessary to take in order to protect the Government against fraud or negligence on the part of the contractor or his employes shall be taken at the proper charge and expense of the contractor.

No bids will be considered except from parties who have been, or are actually engaged in the business of steel engraving and printing, and provided with all the necessary facilities to execute the work promptly, and give the requisite protection to the stamps, dies and plates in their possession.

Parties not known to the Department will furnish proof as to these points.

Bidders will state the time from the date of the contract, if awarded, when they will be ready to commence delivering the stamps, and their daily capacity for delivery thereafter. Bids may be made for any one class of stamps mentioned in this notice, or for all.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee of at least two responsible persons, that in case the bid is accepted and a contract entered into they will become sureties in such reasonable sum as may be required by the Government, for the faithful performance of the contract.

The contract to be made for not less than one year, nor more than three years, as may be agreed upon. In awarding the contract, the Commissioner reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, in case it shall appear to be for the interest of the Government to do so. Proposals should be carefully sealed and marked "Proposals for Revenue Stamps," and addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

C. DELANO, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Oct. 10, 1870.
Approved,
GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION IN TEXAS.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS, CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, AUSTIN, TEXAS, Sept. 15, 1870.

Sealed proposals in triplicate, will be received at this office, until 12 M., on THURSDAY, the 1st day of December, 1870, for the TRANSPORTATION OF ARMY SUPPLIES from the 1st day of January, 1871, to the 31st day of December, 1871, on the following routes, viz.:

ROUTE NO. 2 (By Water).

From the wharf at Brazos Santiago, Texas, to Fort Brown, Texas, and

From Fort Brown, Texas, to Ringgold Barracks, Texas, per 100 pounds, for whole distance between each point.

Proposals will also state the rates at which bidders propose to transport to or from each of the above named points, officers and enlisted men with their authorized allowance of baggage.

ROUTE NO. 3.

From Ringgold Barracks, Texas, to Fort McIntosh, Texas.

ROUTE NO. 4.

From Indianola, Texas, or the terminus of the Mexican Gulf Railroad to San Antonio, Texas.

ROUTE NO. 5.

From San Antonio, Texas, to—

Fort McIntosh, Texas.	Fort Stockton, Texas.
Fort Duncan, Texas.	Fort Davis, Texas.
Fort Clark, Texas.	Fort Griffin, Texas.
Fort McKavett, Texas.	Fort Richardson, Texas.
Fort Concho, Texas.	

And any posts that may be hereafter established in North-west Texas, south of Red River.

Posts west of Fort Davis will be supplied by Government teams.

ROUTE NO. 6.

From the Ship's Tackle at Galveston, Texas, to Bremond, Texas, or the terminus of the Texas Central Railroad.

ROUTE NO. 7.

From Bremond, Texas, or the terminus of the Texas Central Railroad, to—

Fort Griffin, Texas.	Fort Richardson, Texas.

And any posts that may be hereafter established south of Red River in North-western Texas.

The transportation to be furnished exclusively by horse or mule teams.

Except in cases of emergency, this service may be performed by one train per month.

Returning trains will transport supplies from point to point, on the direct route of return toward the initial point, or to any point or points beyond the first point of destination, at contract rates; and should trains be sent from their original point of destination to another point empty, half the contract rates shall be allowed, for the distance traveled empty, on the amount of stores to be transported, and full rates for the distance traveled after loading.

Bidders will state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport supplies, which will include the transportation of supplies accompanying the movement of troops.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee of at least two responsible persons (whose responsibility must be certified by the Clerk of a Court of Record) that the bidder is competent to carry out the contract, if awarded to him; and the residence and Post-office address of each bidder and guarantor must be stated.

The amount of bond required from the contractor for each route will be thirty thousand (30,000) dollars.

Forms of contract may be seen at the Quartermaster's office at Galveston, Indianola, San Antonio, Ringgold Barracks, Brownsville, Fort McIntosh, and at this office.

The Government reserves the right to use its own means of transportation for this service when deemed advisable to do so, and to reject any or all bids offered.

Any further information will be promptly furnished on application, in person or by letter, to this office.

Proposals must be plainly indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. —," and addressed to the undersigned.

By order of Brevet Major-Gen. REYNOLDS, Commanding Department.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. Army,
Chief Quartermaster, Department of Texas.

EMIGRANT LANDING DEPOT AND OFFICES OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, CASTLE GARDEN, NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1870.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED until Oct. 25, at noon, at the office of the Commissioners of Emigration, Castle Garden, for the erection of the Insane Asylum on Ward's Island.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the architect, John [illegible], Esq., No. 20 Nassau st., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. each day.

Proposals will be sealed and addressed to the President of the Commission or the Chairman of the Building Committee.

The Committee reserve to themselves the right to decline all proposals, if they deem it advisable.

(Signed,) RICHARD O'GORMAN, President.
JAMES W. HUSTED, Chairman.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day formed a copartnership under the firm name of W. G. WILEY & CO., for the transaction of a general banking and gold and stock commission business.

W. G. WILEY,
Member of New-York Stock Exchange.
JOHN H. STOUT,
Late Cashier of Tenth National Bank.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1870.

THE FIRM OF W. G. WILEY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. H. STOUT retiring. W. G. WILEY alone will sign the firm name in liquidation.

W. G. WILEY, JOHN H. STOUT.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1870.

NOTICE.—MR. JOSEPH A. STOUT IS ADMITTED a partner in our firm.

STOUT & DICKINSON.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 15, 1870.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, OCT. 15, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st., corner of Irving-place.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—MARIE STUART. Leading characters by Mme. Fanny Janauschek, Miss Fanny Morant, Messrs. Montgomery and Stevenson.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
LA PETIT FAUST. (Opera Bouffe.) Characters by Mme. Lea Shiv, Montaland, Messrs. Ritterband, Gaspono, Anthony and others.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
6th-av., corner 23d-st.
RIP VAN WINKLE. Leading characters by Messrs. Joseph Jefferson, Sheridan, Anderson and Miss Mary Wells.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
TWO ROSES. Leading characters by Messrs. Chas. Fisher, Clark, Stoddart, Marlowe, Miss Ellie Germon, Miss Emily Mestayer and Mrs. Sefton.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Spring-st.
LITTLE NELL AND THE MARCHIONESS. Leading characters by Miss Lotta and Mr. Vining Bowers.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st., near Broadway.
MAN AND WIFE. Characters by Messrs. Harkins, Lewis, Davidge, Miss Fanny Davenport and Miss Clara Morris.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
WEE WILLIE WINKIE. Characters by Messrs. G. L. Fox, Honeywood, Atkins, Miss Fanny Beane, Miss Rogers, Mrs. Yeamans, and others.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

FOURTEENTH-STREET THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—JANE EYRE. Leading character by Mme. Marie Seebach.

GLOBE THEATRE.
Broadway, near Waverley-place.
LUCRETIA BORGIA, M. D., BALLET, &c. Characters by Miss Lisa Weber and company.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
HUMPTY DUMPTY, JR., and RIP VAN WINKLE. Large collection of curiosities on exhibition.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.
Broadway, near Waverley-place.
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND and LA SOMNAMBULE. (burlesque.) Leading characters by Mr. Stuart Robson and Miss B. Weathersby.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

STADT THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE HUGUENOTS. (German opera.)

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY, DANCES AND COMICALITIES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN and GYMNASTIC PERFORMANCES.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
2d-av., corner 63d-st.
ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

ASSOCIATION HALL.
4th-av., corner of 23d-st.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock—GRAND CONCERT. Artists: Misses Celestine, Clara and Blanche Gottschalk, and Messrs. Hall and Pomanski.

TABERNACLE CHURCH, BROOKLYN.
Schermerhorn-st., near Nevins-st.
ORGAN CONCERT. Commencing at 4 o'clock.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition.....$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition.....10
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The SEMI-WEEKLY, per annum.....
Two copies, one year.....3
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An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum.....
Five copies, one year.....
Ten copies, one year.....15
An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.
Twenty copies, one year.....95
An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.
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The Semi-Weekly and Weekly mailed to clergymen at the lowest club rates.
Additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
TIMES Office, New-York.

Advertising Rates of the New-York Times.

Ordinary classified advertisements, 20 cents per line each insertion.

Business Notices, fifth page, before Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents per line each insertion.

Special Notices, fifth page, after Marriages and Deaths, 30 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements on eighth page, 20 cents per line each insertion.

City Items, with word "advertisement" prefixed, 60 cents per line each insertion.

Deaths or Marriage Notices, $1 each insertion.

The above have been the fixed advertising rates of the NEW-YORK TIMES for the past eight years, and will not be changed, although our circulation has largely increased during that time.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 5 o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 51 West 23d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., and at No. 40 East 14th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.; also at No. 6 Astor-place, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ JOHN HASLER & CO., Bankers, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE WAR.

M. GAMBETTA has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of Tours, conveying the information that on the 12th inst. the people of Paris, impatient of Prussian delay in attacking them, marched forward upon the enemy, driving them back from the positions on the entire circumference of Paris, which they had been occupying since three weeks. The proclamation details the positions from which the Germans have been obliged to retire, and invites the provinces to do their duty as Paris has done hers. A London dispatch says the terrible fire of the Mont Valérien fortifications has swept the country round about. For a circuit of six kilometres the Prussian works have been destroyed, all the batteries attempted to be constructed by them having been swept away. The Chateau of Meudon has been destroyed, and the Prussians driven from Clamart, Meudon and Montretout. Villejuif and Cachan have both been retaken by the French. The telegrams confirm the facts set forth in M. GAMBETTA'S proclamation. The dispatches from Versailles state that court-martial in the Prussian lines makes short work with deserters. The French General commanding at Orleans in the recent engagement, makes an official report of the battle, in which he says that his corps was on the way to Paris when he encountered the Germans. The fighting was obstinate, but the superior Prussian artillery broke his lines. The crossing of the Loire was effected in good order. A Tours dispatch, of yesterday, says the Prussians seem to have retired from their advanced position to the south of Orleans. The successful sorties of the Parisians cause intense excitement at Tours. Gen. BOURBAKY has received an ovation from the troops and citizens of the town. All the lines communicating from Tours with the western section of the country, are still open. Reports from the Sub-Prefect of Pont L'Evêque, to the 12th inst., confirm the announced successes of the sorties by Marshal BAZAINE. He had burned five villages which sheltered the Prussians, dislodged them from several positions, and cut to pieces four regiments of cavalry. At the same time Marshal CANROBERT made a successful sortie on the left bank of the Moselle. The Prussians report a mutiny imminent among the soldiers in Metz. The French fortresses in the north of France are prepared for siege. Each canton of France is required to furnish a battalion of troops for the defense of the country, and there are 2,000 cantons.

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

Our Madrid correspondent telegraphs that the political situation is daily becoming worse. The desire for the termination of the personal government of Gen. PRIM increases as the time approaches for the reopening of the Cortes. He also writes that affairs in Portugal show that the King has entirely lost the moral ascendency through the influence of Spanish diplomacy....Telegram and mail news received in London are bringing reports of the effects of the recent storm on the coast and in the interior. The mill regions of Lancashire have experienced disastrous freshets, and the shipping on the Mersey has been badly damaged. Relief has already been voted by the City of Liverpool for the sufferers....The United States steamer *Franklin* is at Portsmouth, England.... The annual budget in the Dutch Chamber met with opposition, that body demanding explanations of the Luxemburg debt and the Venezuela question....The Bank of England statement is less favorable this week.

GENERAL

Advices from South America, by way of Lisbon, say that a force of the Argentine Republic had defeated the insurgents in two engagements. The Montevideans and the rebels also had an indecisive struggle.

The family of the late Gen. LEE have signified their willingness that his remains shall be interred in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va., in the section belonging to the State of Virginia. This was announced to the Legislature yesterday morning, and that body adjourned to Tuesday next. Gen. LEE'S body is expected to reach Richmond on Monday, The Faculty of Washington College, Lexington, yesterday passed resolutions in which it is suggested to associate the name of LEE with that of WASHINGTON in the title of the institution, and to observe his birthday in the same manner as that of the "Father of his Country."

DAVID C. BURDICK was sentenced yesterday, at Little Valley, N. Y., to be hanged on the 25th of November, for the murder of HENRY H. BAKER, colored, in Olean about a year ago.

The wound of JOHN C. NOLEN, who was shot on Thursday in the Chestnut-street Courtroom, Philadelphia, where the judges of election were in session, having been pronounced fatal by the attending surgeons, the ante-mortem statement of NOLEN was taken, in which he says he was shot by ALEXANDER CRAWFORD at the instigation of WILLIAM B. MANN, late District-Attorney. MANN says he simply told CRAWFORD to defend himself.

The Republican Convention of the Twenty-sixth Congressional District, at Oswego, yesterday, nominated Hon. THOS. C. PLATT, on the 1,023d ballot.

The Grand Lodge of Free Masons of California has repealed the decree forbidding subordinate lodges to bury the remains of Masons who commit suicide.

The steam-ship *Continental*, from Mazatlan, Mexico, for San Francisco, foundered at sea thirty miles off Cape St. Lucas on the 30th ult., and seven passengers and one of the crew were drowned. The steamer encountered a severe gale on the 28th, and on the 29th her fires were put out by the water from a leak. Those lost refused to leave the ship, while all who took to the boats were saved. Her treasure, amounting to $140,000, and the mails are lost.

President GRANT is to visit Georgia next week, having been invited through a joint resolution of the General Assembly. He and those who may accompany him, will leave Washington on Tuesday, in a special train, and be met at the State line by a Joint Committee of the Assembly. In Atlanta the Presidential party will be the guests of the City Council.

The New-York and Wilmington steam-ship *Washington*, which left Wilmington, N. C., yesterday morning, for this port, with 700 barrels of turpentine and 300 bales of cotton, took fire about nine miles below that city, and was run ashore on Big Island, where she was burned to the water's edge. A Wilmington fire company was sent down to endeavor to save part of the cargo.

A remarkably fine display of the northern lights was witnessed in different parts of New-England, last evening, and in the West, this State, City and vicinity.

Mr. SAMUEL HEASLIP, an apparently prosperous, and certainly respected, merchant of Saratoga Springs, committed suicide on Thursday at Saratoga. He first took laudanum, and then shot himself immediately after.

Yesterday the Republicans of the Ninth Massachusetts Congressional District nominated Hon. W. B. WASHBURN, of Greenfield, and the Democrats of the Tenth District nominated REUBEN NOBLE, of Westfield.

Mr. Richard O'Gorman's Defense of the "Ring."

We have very little space to spare just now, but yesterday we gave up four columns and a half to the second defense of Gov. HOFFMAN and Mr. TWEED. We were moved to do this partly from the desire to let every side have a fair hearing, and in consideration of the fact that Mr. TWEED'S first defense, in the columns of the *World*, was so very injurious to the unhappy object of it. Much as we may dislike the gang of which TWEED is at the head, common humanity compels us to sympathise with them under the disastrous advocacy of their friends. In the next place, Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN is a shrewd advocate, and therefore could be relied upon to put forward everything that could be said in favor of his clients, in the strongest possible light. After giving him a full hearing, we need not abandon any more space to the "Ring" advocates. As the Corporation Attorney, he may be said to hold a perpetual brief for TWEED, SWEENY, and HALL—and although it is quite out of the question to listen to him as to an impartial person, at least we may presume that he speaks with a full knowledge of his subject.

Now, so very bad is the case which Mr. O'GORMAN had to defend, that we are sorry to say he was afraid even to deal as an honest man with it. He only touched it, so to speak, with a pair of tongs. He was driven to all the tricks which a lawyer in difficulties is compelled to use,—to evasions of important charges, to general allegations, to dwelling upon accusations which we, at least, have never made,—such as the one about the purchase by Mr. TWEED of "various ponds for twenty-five thousand dollars," &c. Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN knows very well that we have not published any charge relating to that subject, but, like an advocate who knows that his client is guilty, he tries to hoodwink the judge and put the jury upon a false scent.

In favor of Mr. TWEED, this professional advocate has absolutely nothing to say. He wastes his breath in talking about Mr. TWEED'S "gorgeous house," and says that it is none of our business. Who said it was? Is not Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN aware that it was the Ring organ, the *World*, which first told us all about TWEED'S "palatial stables" and "gorgeous harness," and exposed him to public reprobation for possessing them? Has he any objection to our quoting from TWEED'S own paper? He only objects to the publication of that which has been a good deal in the Times lately about Mr. TWEED. So there has, and we are very sorry for it. The subject cannot possibly be more disagreeable to Mr. O'GORMAN than it is to us. We have no desire to drag our readers into disreputable company at any time—but the real trouble is that TWEED is everywhere and everybody in New-York. We find him in almost every office, and at the top, bottom, or middle of every job. He will not allow us to ignore him. He is perpetually obtruding himself upon us. Only on Tuesday last he thrust himself prominently before the public in another bare-faced Erie swindle. While his actions are being sharply criticised, and at a serious stage of the Democratic canvass, he had the impudence to concert a plan with JAMES FISK, JR., for thrusting his hands deeper than ever into the pockets of the Erie shareholders. We say that this is a man who deserves no quarter. He shamelessly insults the whole community, and simply defies the public and the Press,—saying to them: "Go on grumbling as you may, I will still make or break laws to suit my own convenience, and you will not take the trouble to put a stop to me as a nuisance. You are too apathetic. We tricksters are the only active men in this community." Even Mr. O'GORMAN, who holds his brief, sneers at the public by telling them that it is no business of theirs how rich TWEED is—and yet the *World* has told us on authority that TWEED has made all his money by "involuntary contributions" from the public!

Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN breaks down just as miserably in his defense of HOFFMAN. He says that the only charge brought against the Governor is that he signed the Erie bill. Mr. O'GORMAN, a prominent lawyer, dares to get up at a crowded meeting and say this, in the teeth of the accusations brought against HOFFMAN by the Bar, of dishonestly tampering with the Judiciary. Silence on such a subject as this is absolutely fatal to the advocate's clients. It is like Mr. O'GORMAN'S blundering defense of the Parks Commission. He mentions the name of one member only, and says, "is not this an honest man?" He keeps carefully out of sight the fact that another of the *three* members of the Executive Committee is "TOM FIELDS." Now, why on earth did Mr. O'GORMAN leave FIELDS out? Was it because he thought the public might not like to hear that the Central Park is now practically in the hands of FIELDS and SWEENY?

Throughout this strange address, the counsel for the Ring left every material accusation against the Ring unanswered. It is as if he had been engaged in defending a man from a charge of burglary, and based his defense upon the fact that the prisoner in his early days attended Sunday-school regularly—and upon that ground demanded an acquittal. Gov. HOFFMAN is solemnly charged with committing a great outrage upon the public by willfully putting corrupt Judges in positions of vast importance—and Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN, a lawyer himself, and put up to plead for HOFFMAN, dare not utter a single word in reply to this indictment. It is much better for the Ring to clap a bridle on the tongues of their advocates altogether than to allow them to come forward with these ruinous arguments.

As for the speech made by the Mayor, there is but one thing in it which will strike the public attention. He alluded in an affectionate sort of way to "our Democratic paper, the *World*." Was Mr. HALL thinking of the time when the *World* denounced him by name as "a shameless corruptionist of the Ring?" A very pretty label "our paper" contrived to paste upon his back! He appears to be as proud of it as a peacock is of his tail, but most people would rather go about the streets with a less conspicuous sign about them than that of "shameless corruptionist of the Ring."

Adventures in the Air.

Not long ago there was a great rage for fictitious stories of adventure in the air. The English magazines were rich in such tales, and the illustrated publications of London and Paris were embellished with all manner of startling pictures of scenes far above the earth. Sometimes it was a maniac trying to hurl somebody else out of the car, sometimes an artless virgin carried off by her betrayer. In one case a gentleman, evidently weary of the society of his companion, had clambered, while the latter was asleep, up to the bag of the balloon, and, having made himself secure there by cords, was coolly cutting loose the car which contained his sleeping friend, so that he should be precipitated to the ground, a mile below. In another sketch a person fond of practical joking had surreptitiously suspended his friend from the car, by a rope made fast under his arms, and thus at the distance of a hundred feet or so, the dismayed victim was dangling in the air. The incident of balloons being fired at with rifles from the earth, has been repeatedly introduced in fiction, and so has that of aeronauts assailing people from balloons in the same way. We believe that some imaginative writer has even painted an aerial combat between rival balloons, the occupants of each using fire-arms, and meeting in the sequel a common destruction.

So much for romance. But the realities of ballooning adventure, or the projects which have been devised by aeronauts, have been even more strange and incredible. Among the latter must be reckoned Prof. LOWE'S famous design. He proposed to the public, if not to himself, to cross the Atlantic in a gigantic balloon, some three hundred feet high from the crown of the ball to the car. This was to carry cooking apparatus, provisions for three months, scientific implements, guns, ammunition, furs and blankets at discretion, and a dozen passengers. The immense balloon was, in truth, partly inflated on the ground in Sixth-avenue, near to the Forty-second-street Reservoir. But for some unexplained reason it never went up. Its tawny globe appeared above the surrounding fence, swelled to the height of neighboring houses. It swayed about majestically for a day or two, and then disappeared. Mixed

[illegible] delight in thwarting the plans of the Jockey Club and the pleasure of its patrons. A wet race-day will be considerwished in between two days of tantalizing brightness and beauty in a way that suggests nothing else, and it not unfrequently happens that the entire week is fine except the days appointed for the races.

In this untoward fortune we find one reason of the scanty attendance, which seems yearly to grow scantier, at the Fordham course. Yet this is not the only reason. Last Saturday was as lovely a day as the most exacting turfite or the most timorous beauty could desire; yet the balconies of the Club-house were far from crowded, and the benches of the grand stand bore such a sprinkling of spectators as only served to emphasize their forlorn emptiness and desolation. The quarter-stretch and the pool-market, to be sure, had their usual throngs of eager and clamorous betting men. But these are sure to be present, rain or shine, and constitute precisely the class which it is least desirable to attract to a race-course of the aims and pretensions of Jerome Park. The design of that Park, as we understand it, was to cultivate among the public at large at once a taste for the noblest of pastimes and also a proper appreciation of the noblest of animals. Up to the present, this praiseworthy intention has but indifferently succeeded. And the failure is not due, as we have already intimated, to any shortcoming in the management of the Park, or to any mistake in its original conception. It is charmingly situated in a lovely country, and just far enough from City limits to give room for a pleasant drive, while by rail it is easily and speedily accessible. From the beginning the races have been conducted with scrupulous fairness, exhibiting the best stock in the country; and if in one regard the public has been disappointed oftener than seems judicious, the fault is not fairly chargeable to the members of the Jockey Club. We refer, of course, to the too frequent practice of withdrawing horses advertised to run. To those who go to the Park with the anticipation of seeing a large field of famous names, it is somewhat vexatious to be put off with a match between two, perhaps, second-rate racers, or the still more exasperating formula of a walk over. Yet, owners of fine stock have an undoubted right to refuse to risk property so expensive and so precarious as racing stock in a hopeless contest or over an unfit track. And even in this respect, as was shown more than once during the present meeting, there seems to be a growing disposition among owners rather to take such risks than to disappoint. Thursday's track, we have said, was cruelly heavy, yet four good races were run over it in very fair time, two of them, the Selling Sweepstakes and the Three-Year-Old contest, being notably sharp and exciting. Today the attractions are very great, and no doubt a full attendance will be at the Park to see the sport.

Is New-York to be Placed Under Mob Law?

The *World* has answered this question in the affirmative. It has done its best to incite the worst kind of Democrats to commit a riot on election-day. This danger must be guarded against, and in time to prevent any misunderstanding on the part of the ruffians who hope to have this City at their disposal on the 8th of next month.

Down to the present time, adequate preparations have not been made to meet the outbreak of violence which is clearly foreshadowed by the articles in the *World*. United States Marshal SHARPE will do all that lies within his power—but that "all" is not enough. He can only appoint Deputy Marshals in each district, and a very inadequate force to protect them. Much more than this is needed. The Marshal must have it within his power to call United States troops to his assistance, in order that the preparations for violence made by the Democrats may be frustrated. The military authorities must see that there are troops near enough to the City to be called into requisition at a moment's notice. The very knowledge that these troops are at hand will be sufficient, without their active interference. The roughs employed by the "Ring" are principally cowards, and will not venture on getting up a riot in the teeth of an overwhelming force.

We earnestly trust that this warning may be duly heeded at Washington, backed up as it is by the urgent advice of the *Herald*, which is not generally very harsh toward TWEED & Co. "From present appearances," said that journal yesterday, "we have reason to fear that from the incitements and instructions of unscrupulous partisan journals against these new election laws of Congress, the City of New-York, on our November election day, will be a scene of election riots and confusion disgraceful to the City, the State, the United States, and to our democratic institutions." It is for the authorities to take effectual precautions against this danger, and to let it be known in good time that they *are* taken. The TWEED and SWEENY faction feel that they are in a critical position, and they will not die without a struggle. But we can beat them on the 8th, if we have a fair election—and that ought to be secured to us beyond all risk of accident.

The withdrawal of Mr. COX from the Interior Department will be regretted by those who know how much industry and integrity he has brought to the performance of arduous duties. The reasons for his action are represented as personal, and as in no manner affecting his kindly relations with the President.

Every Republican who does not desire that his party shall be again sold out to the Tammany Ring, should attend the special meeting of the General Committee that has been called for this evening. An attempt is to be made by the Republican servants of the Ring to rescind the action of the Committee at its last meeting, so as to facilitate the packing of the County Convention with Tammany Democrats. Many members of the Committee who joined in the call for this special meeting were not aware of its real object. They should attend, to-night, to aid in preventing the consummation of the iniquity [illegible] they have unconsciously helped to make possible.

We trust that the action of the Committee to-night will exhibit the paid agents of the Ring in their proper light, and reduce them to their proper level.

So far, the elections for the Forty-second Congress exhibit a net Democratic gain of eight—the Republicans having elected fifty-six members, and the Democrats twenty-six. In regard to the elections yet to be held, our Washington correspondent sends as the result of careful estimates, figures showing that the next House may be expected to count a Republican total of 138, against a Democratic total of 85. Should this calculation be verified, the Republicans will lose the two-thirds majority they have so long held, but without losing the control over legislation which is still essential to the country's prosperity. The Democratic boasts in reference to a possible Democratic majority are the inventions of lunatics.

Nothing more conclusively proves the dishonesty of the authors of the State Election law than the outcry they have raised against Federal legislation upon the same subject. And nothing better proves the necessity for Federal legislation than the intention of Tammany—now virtually confessed by the *World*—to do all that can be done to render a peaceful and honest election impossible. The State Election law looked well on paper at the time of its enactment, but, obviously, the Tammany Democrats never contemplated its faithful enforcement. It is one of their numberless frauds, and their fury in connection with it is the result of a discovery that the benefit they pretended to confer, but did not, has been secured by the intervention of Congress. If for the first time in years our citizens enjoy a fair election in November, it will be because Federal authority has interfered its arm to shield them from the frauds and violence which have been the chief sources of Tammany's strength.

The telegraph tells of successful sorties by BAZAINE, and of minor French advantages in the vicinity of Paris. These incidents, however, possess no real significance. The surrender of Metz is but a question of time; and whether Paris withstand German tactics for a longer or shorter period, the final result seems equally certain. Nor is the general aspect materially affected by the promise of large accessions to the French Armies. What France most needs is capable military leadership, and this cannot be called forth by a proclamation, nor improvised out of vague enthusiasm. The best remaining General is shut up in Metz, and there is absolutely no sign anywhere of a capacity for organising available forces. We hear now and then of attacks by French peasants upon German scouting parties, but these are exceptional. Passive submission to outrage is the rule. A dozen Uhlans take possession of a village and levy contributions without provoking a semblance of resistance. Of guerrilla warfare, or of dashing cavalry raids, either of which might easily play havoc with the German lines of communication—there is not so much as a beginning. This is one of the most ominous facts developed in the contest.

Mr. O'GORMAN defends, with much flashy rhetoric, the administration of the public moneys of the City by the Tammany Ring. He does not profess "perfect accuracy," he is candid enough to say, but he does profess to know sufficient to justify him in denouncing as "totally false, scandalous and idle" charges affecting the integrity of the Ring. Mr. O'GORMAN may be satisfied upon this point, but the public are not. They witness too much stealing to put confidence even in his assurances that all is right. Why not dispel doubt by producing complete balance-sheets to date? If Mr. O'GORMAN may scan the records of the Finance Department to discover excuses in its behalf, why may not the accusers of the Department have the same privilege for a more creditable purpose? Let us have a full statement, not a few garbled items.

Our German Republican friends evidently realize the necessity of frustrating the efforts of those who are hired to do the dirty work of Tammany, while pretending to be identified with the Republican cause. The German Central Campaign Club call upon their compatriots to vote at the ensuing primaries "for no delegates whatever who are holders of office under Tammany Hall." If this resolution seem to reflect unkindly on Republicans who, though holding office, are independent of Tammany and untainted by its frauds, at least it applies with conspicuous justice to that well-known band of tricksters who have worn the colors of the Republican Party only that they might betray it on election day. For them no intelligent Republican will hereafter cast a vote. They receive Tammany's money,—let them don its livery, and so cease to be the impostors they now are.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

JANAUSCHEK ON THE ENGLISH STAGE.

The success which followed Mlle. JANAUSCHEK'S *début* on the English stage, Monday evening, attended her performance of "Mary Stuart" Friday night. All sorts of cheerless circumstances have stood about this lady, since the beginning of her new career. The fact that she has triumphed in their midst is an additional reason for wondering and rejoicing at her victory. A less suitable house for dramatic representation than the Academy of Music could not be found. The sharp eye and ear might, without difficulty, calculate the velocity of sound from the centre of the auditorium, so large, relatively, is the distance separating the speaker from the listener. A person afflicted with weakness of sight and doomed to tinted glasses might lay bare the optic nerve to the combined lights of the place without a possibility of injuring it. An actor preferring confidential dialogues to the policy of general impartment usually adhered to, might revel in the bliss of fancying himself unheard by spectators, so happily are the proportions of a pretty numerous audience caused to dwindle by the size and arrangement of the theatre. These conditions, it will be admitted, are not inspiriting for the comedian, and are hardly less chilling to the audience. That body has been aggrieved by the presentation, successively, of "Deborah" and of "Mary Stuart," two dramas unending, so far as duration is concerned, and literally done to death, in German, in Italian and in English. Mlle. JANAUSCHEK, in spite of all these obstacles, has, we say, steadily threaded the path shaded with laurels. An assemblage strong in numbers witnessed her personation of *Mary Stuart*, Thursday. Many were touched by the pathos of the closing scenes, and more were thrilled by the vigor of her acting during the interview between the rival Queens at Fotheringay. The impressiveness of the curse of *Deborah* has already had ample acknowledgment here. But the passage between *Elizabeth* and *Mary Stuart* is one demanding more varied expression and far greater endurance. The vehemence of Mlle. JANAUSCHEK'S denunciation of her jailer was unrivaled, and its intensity was in no way impaired by gesticulation or, indeed, by conventionalism of any kind. She was thrice called before the curtain at the end of the act. Miss FANNY MORANT embodied *Queen Elizabeth*, Mr. FREDERICK ROBINSON, *Mortimer*; Mr. MARK SMITH, *Sir Amias Paulet*, and Mr. J. B. STUDLEY, *Lord Burleigh*, these artists contributing to the good character of the entertainment. It unable throughout to relieve its monotony. The bill was unchanged last night, and will be repeated for the matinée to-day.

Musical.

MISS WILSON IN PHILADELPHIA.

Mlle. NILSSON has gone to Philadelphia, and has charmed her hearers in that city. Her first appearance was made on Wednesday night last, and criticisms, numerous and lengthened, appeared on the morrow. The best intentions in respect of spirit and of space appear to underlie all the articles in question, and there is no difference in their verdicts as to the impression Mlle. NILSSON made on the public. One of the journals prints the fact that Mlle. NILSSON'S person shone with diamonds representing the sum of $50,000. It understands, also, "that Mlle. NILSSON is better pleased with her Philadelphia reception than any she has yet had in America. The audience was larger than any in New-York, and the receipts were by $1,500 greater than any single night's receipts in that City, the sales of seats having amounted to over $6,000." We tremble at the result of the efforts other large cities will be compelled to make to outdo so substantial a demonstration of interest in art.

WASHINGTON.

Complexion of the Next Congress—The Republican Two-thirds Majority in the House Destroyed—Resignation of Secretary Cox—Health of Chief Justice Chase.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The following statement of the progress and results of elections for Members of Congress, thus far, has been carefully made and is believed to be strictly correct:

Maine elects five Republicans, leaving her delegation unchanged.

Vermont—Three Republicans; delegation unchanged.

North Carolina elects two Republicans and five Democrats; gain of three Democrats; her delegation at present in Congress standing five Republicans to two Democrats, a Democrat having been elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of DAWKINS.

Pennsylvania—Fourteen Republicans and ten Democrats; net gain of four Democrats.

Ohio—Fourteen Republicans and five Democrats; delegation unchanged.

Indiana—Six Republicans, five Democrats; gain of one Democrat.

Iowa—Six Republicans; unchanged.

Nebraska—One Republican; unchanged.

Oregon—One Democrat; unchanged.

Mississippi elected her delegation of five Republicans to the balance of the Forty-first, and also to the Forty-second Congress.

This makes a total of eighty-two members elected to the Forty-second Congress, of which the Republicans have elected fifty-six and the Democrats twenty-six, or a net gain of eight for the latter. A full House consists of 243 members; but, by reason of vacancies in Georgia, and several deaths and resignations, the present House, as now constituted, contains but 231 members, of whom 167 are Republicans and sixty-six are Democrats. There remain to be elected 161 members, and a careful estimate gives the following as the probable result:

"In Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Nevada, New-Hampshire, Rhode Island, Virginia and West Virginia, there will probably be no change in the political complexion of the delegations, which now stand fifty-five Republicans to fifteen Democrats. The Democrats will probably gain as follows: In Florida one, by the nomination of a negro and Republican division; in Louisiana, two; in Missouri, two, through Republican divisions; in New-York, two; in South Carolina, which votes next week, one; in Tennessee, by votes of illegally enfranchised rebels, five; in Texas, which votes next February, one; in Wisconsin, one. Total prospective gain, fifteen. The Republicans will gain in Kentucky one, in Maryland two, in Minnesota one, in New-Jersey one; Total, five. Net Democratic gain, ten. Georgia, not in the present Congress, will probably elect in December four Republicans and three Democrats.

This will divide the complexion of the 160 members yet to be elected, into 102 Republicans and 59 Democrats, which, added to those already elected, will make the next House stand 158 Republicans to 85 Democrats—or just enough to destroy the present two-thirds majority of the Republicans, a thing not to be deplored. It is believed that this estimate, which is based upon the results of the elections thus far held, will not be varied five votes by the official returns.

RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY COX.

There is another change in the Cabinet. It is announced to-night that Secretary COX has tendered his resignation, and that the President has accepted the same. Of this there is no doubt. The acceptance is to take effect when the annual report of the Interior Department is finished, which will be in the course of thirty days. No name has yet been indicated as his successor. The reasons for the withdrawal are understood to be entirely personal; and the relations of the President and the Secretary have been and still are of the most agreeable character.

PERSONAL.

Advices received here concerning the health of Chief-Justice CHASE indicate that it is very doubtful if he will ever be able to resume his seat upon the Supreme Bench.

The President, Secretary BOREMAN, and Postmaster-General CRESWELL returned from the Maryland State Fair at 10 o'clock to-night.

Gen. SHERMAN returned to Washington this morning.

DISSATISFACTION AMONG TREASURY CLERKS.

While the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill was passing through Congress, the section prepared at the Treasury Department providing for nine heads of division at $2,500 each was stricken out. An appropriation of $22,500 for "additional clerks in the Secretary's office" was, however, inserted in its place. After some discussion as to the meaning of this clause it has been decided to use the amount in giving additional compensation to the heads of divisions, now receiving only $1,800, and to such other clerks as may appear to deserve extra pay. The heads of divisions are, therefore, receiving $2,500 each, and some other clerks from $300 to $500 more than the regular pay of their grades, and of course there is the natural amount of grumbling among those who think their claims to a share have been overlooked.

Another Wall-Street Forgery—A Timely Discovery.

Another forgery was discovered in Wall-street yesterday. Some days ago J. R. LIVINGSTON, after some negotiation, bought $100,000 Kansas railroad bonds of WELLS, FARGO & Co. at 77½, and gave in exchange what purported to be a certified check of HALLGARTEN & Co., for $77,000 on the Park Bank. The check was deposited in the Continental Bank, and in the course of business came to the Park Bank. The forgery was so well executed that it was not discovered until the teller came to prove his certificates, when it was returned to the Continental Bank stamped as forged. Mr. TIMPSON, the Cashier of the Continental, commenced an investigation into the fraud, and yesterday discovered that LIVINGSTON borrowed $30,000 on the bonds from the Commercial Warehouse Company, and received two checks of $15,000 each on the Park Bank and Manhattan Company. These checks were deposited with CAULDWELL & Co., who were ordered to buy $30,000 five-twenties. This order being executed, LIVINGSTON called for the bonds, and requested the balance in money. He got a broker by the name of CHADWICK to identify him, but CAULDWELL & Co. were not even then satisfied, and demanded an identification from the Commercial Warehouse Company. At this stage Mr. TIMPSON interfered, and exposed the character of LIVINGSTON, but unfortunately no arrest was made.

Damages to Railroads by the Late Flood.

Through travel by way of the Washington, Alexandria and Lynchburg Road (the great southern mail route) will be resumed on Monday. A telegram from Mr. VANDERBERRY, general superintendent of the Orange and Alexandria Road, reports this road again in running order. The damages to this line by the recent gale and heavy rains were over-estimated. The Chesapeake and Ohio Road, extending from Gordonsville to Charlottesville, is expected to be in good condition by Monday; also, the Virginia and Tennessee Road, which extends from Lynchburg to Bristol. Other railroads in East Tennessee were not injured by the floods and are running as usual. The Pan-handle connection of the Pennsylvania Central Road suffered considerable loss through the subsidence of the flood at a point a few miles west of Pittsburg, where a part of a culvert caved in upon the main track. Passengers were for some time transferred over the breakage in consequence.

GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Political Situation in Madrid—Impatience of Further Continuance of Prim's Personal Government—Spanish Intrigues in Portuguese Politics.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Madrid correspondent of the NEW-YORK TIMES writing on the 10th inst., says the political situation is daily becoming worse. As the time approaches for the reopening of the Cortes, different parties express an anxious desire to put an end to the personal Government of Gen. PRIM. Overtures made by letter from the Ministry for conciliation have met the same fate as his proposition to accord the attributes of the Royal Power to the Regent. A review of 30,000 troops took place in Madrid on the 8th inst., before the Regent. Grave accusations are made against Señor FIGUEROLA, Minister of Finance, in reference to illegal loans.

The news from Lisbon continues to be bad. The King is daily falling in greater disfavor. Portuguese Commissioners who have arrived *incognito* in Madrid, have had frequent conferences with Gen. PRIM, and the intrigues of Spanish diplomacy are already producing their fruits in Portugal. The unfortunate King has entirely lost moral ascendency.

The Recent Storm in Great Britain—Reports of Destruction on the Coast and Ireland.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The telegraphs and mails are bringing accounts of the late storm from all directions. Heavy showers prevailed in the mill region of Lancashire, raising the streams and causing disastrous freshets. The shipping in the Mersey was badly damaged. No American losses are yet reported. The land telegraph lines throughout Ireland were prostrated, delaying and disorganizing the Atlantic cable service. The City of Liverpool has already voted relief to the sufferers in that region.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 14.—The report of the Second Chamber, on the annual budget, is unfavorable to the administration. The opposition demanded explanations relative to the debt of Luxembourg and the Venezuelan question. A simplification of the diplomatic system was also urged.

Bank of England Statement—The Newmarket Races—The Papal Protest Against Roman Annexation.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Bank statement is scarcely so favorable this week. The amount of bullion on hand last night was £96,000 sterling less than at the corresponding time last week. ....Yesterday was the fourth day of the Newmarket October meeting. The Handicap Sweepstakes was won by *Faraway*, beating *Sornette*, second, and *Prior*, third....The rumored declaration of war against China is contradicted.... The Papal protest against the annexation of Rome to Italy has been published. It is a long document, but contains no new facts.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Sinking of the Steamer Continental on the Pacific Coast—Eight Lives Lost—Burning of a New-York and Wilmington, N. C., Steamer—Other Disasters.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—The steam-ship *Colorado*, from Panama, put into San Diego this morning, and reports that the steam-ship *Continental*, from Mazatlan, Mexico, for San Francisco, foundered at sea, thirty miles off Cape St. Lucas, on the 30th of September. Seven of the passengers and one of the crew were lost.

ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 14.—The steamer *Continental* left Mazatlan with a full complement of passengers, $140,000 in treasure, 700 tons of salt, and a large mail. On the 28th of September she encountered a severe gale in the Gulf and sprung a leak. The pumps were worked constantly for twelve hours, but to no avail. At 9 o'clock on the morning of the 29th the water reached the furnaces, putting out the fires. All hopes of saving the vessel were then abandoned, and six boats, filled with people, shoved off. Seven passengers and the second cook refused to leave the steamer, and went down with her. Two of the boats arrived at Cape St. Lucas on the evening of the 30th. The other boats landed near Cape St. Lucas. The following is a list of the lost: MANUEL RUBIO, Mazatlan; JOSE MONAS, San Luis Potosi; J. B. LYTLE, M. MARTINEZ, and three Mexicans, names unknown. The escaped passengers and a portion of the crew are on board the steamer *Colorado*, and expected here on Sunday next. The others of the crew are on the gun-boat *Ossipee*. The *Continental's* treasure and mails are a total loss.

BURNING OF THE WASHINGTON.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 14.—The steam-ship *Washington*, Capt. G. W. WALLACE, which left this port today, took fire nine miles below this city, and was run ashore on a point of Big Island. Her cargo consists of about 700 barrels of spirits turpentine, 300 bales of cotton, and a few barrels of resin. Two hours since, the fire had burst through the upper deck, and there is no doubt the vessel will prove a total loss. One of the city fire companies, with a steamer, has been dispatched to the scene in the hope of saving part of her cargo. The cargo is fully insured. The *Washington* is a steamer of 400 tons burden, and was on her way to New-York. She is valued at $40,000, and is partially insured in the Sun and Atlantic Insurance Companies, and in the American Lloyds. It is not known whether her cargo is insured or not.

OTHER DISASTERS.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The bark *Maclaren*, which arrived at Shields today, was obliged to throw overboard nearly the whole of her cargo, consisting of chemicals. A fire had broken out, and it became necessary to sacrifice the cargo to save the vessel.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 14.—A large American ship, name unknown, is reported ashore at Washwood, about twenty-two miles south of Cape Henry. Assistance has gone to her.

HOLMES' HOLE, Mass., Oct. 14.—The brig *San Carlos*, PARKER, of and for Portland, from Philadelphia, with coal, arrived here today with foremast and all attached gone, having been hove down on the 7th inst. in a violent squall from the North-east.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

The Philadelphia Election Shooting Case—Ante-Mortem Statement of Nolen—Sentence of a Murderer in Little Valley, N. Y.—Postponement of a Murder Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—The physicians have pronounced the wound received by NOLEN, yesterday, as fatal in character. He has made the following deposition:

I, JOHN C. NOLEN, do solemnly and sincerely make this, my dying deposition: That I was shot with a pistol in the hands of ALEXANDER CRAWFORD. And I further declare that this murder was committed at the instigation of and by the agency of WILLIAM B. MANN, late District-Attorney; this act being done while I was upon the floor of the Court-room on Chestnut-street, near Fifth. JOHN C. NOLEN.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 13th day of October, A. D. 1870.

J. MCCOLGAN, Alderman.

Mr. MANN admits telling CRAWFORD to defend himself, but denies that he told him to shoot NOLEN. The pistol used by CRAWFORD was taken by him, a few minutes before the shooting, from the hands of a man named AHERN, one of the persons who attempted to enter the Court-room where the judges of election returns were holding their session.

LITTLE VALLEY, N. Y., Oct. 14.—DANIEL C. BURDICK was sentenced, today, to be hanged on the 25th of November next, for the murder of HENRY H. BAKER, colored, in Olean, in October, 1869. On being asked by the Court whether he had anything to say why the sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him, he replied that he was satisfied with the efforts of his counsel and with his trial, and with the charge of the Court to the jury, but was surprised at the verdict. He said that he killed the negro in self-defence and without malice, and only intended to wound him, in order to get loose from him, when he fired the fatal shot....The trial of CHAS. SMITH for the murder of his wife, in June last, has been put over to the next January Term of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, on the motion of the District-Attorney, Dr. GRAY, of Utica, having pronounced him insane.

THE LATE ROBERT E. LEE

The Remains in State at Washington College—Resolutions of the Faculty—Proposition to Name the College "Washington-Lee College"—Place of Interment—Honors in Southern Cities.

LEXINGTON, Va., Oct. 14.—Everything about Lexington indicates a house of mourning. Today, as upon the two previous days, all the business houses were closed, and mechanics and artisans have ceased to work, and a deep gloom pervades the whole community. Memorial services were held yesterday and this morning in the College Chapel, and were largely attended. Rev. Dr. PENDLETON, Gen. LEE's old Chief of Artillery, was so moved in conducting the services, that it was with great difficulty he could proceed. The remains of Gen. LEE were conveyed from his residence to the College Chapel, the following being the order of the procession:

Escort of honor, consisting of officers and soldiers of the late Confederate Army.
The Chaplain and other clergy.
Pall-bearers with the body.
"Old Gray," the war-horse that carried the General through all his campaigns in the late war.
The Trustees and Faculty of Washington College.
The students of Washington College.
Visitors, officers and cadets, Masons and Odd Fellows.
Citizens.

The pall-bearers were Judge F. Anderson, David E. Moore, Senior Trustees of Washington College; Ex-Gov. John Letcher, Col. M. F. Maury, of the Virginia Military Institute; Col. W. Preston Johnston, Hon. Randolph Tucker, Professor of Washington College, William L. Prather, Edward P. Clarke, students of Washington College; Capt. J. C. Bonde, Capt. J. P. Moore, W. G. White and J. G. Steele, citizens of Lexington.

ACTION OF THE PEOPLE OF LEXINGTON.

The remains lie in state in the college chapel, where they will remain until interment to-morrow at 12 o'clock M. They are visited by thousands of the grief-stricken people. The ladies of Lexington claimed it as their privilege to drape in mourning the college chapel, which Gen. LEE built. They will also drape the Episcopal Church, of which he was a devout member. Meetings have been held by the College Faculty, the students, and the several literary societies, and also by the officers and soldiers of the late Confederate Army resident at Lexington, and by the citizens of Lexington *en masse*. Touching resolutions have been adopted to give expression to the universal sense of sorrow.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE COLLEGE FACULTY.

The Faculty of Washington College, after an appropriate preamble, reciting the principal events in the life of Gen. LEE, and commemorating his character and services, adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the midst of the deep calamity which has befallen us in the death of our beloved President, we, the Faculty of Washington College, experience a profound pleasure and pride in recognizing the fact that the fame of Gen. LEE, while it belongs to the whole country, is, in an especial sense, the heritage of Washington College, and that it is our duty, as it is our privilege, to provide here suitable memorials wherein this precious possession shall be acknowledged, and his name publicly held in grateful remembrance by this College for all future time.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to confer with a like Committee of the Board of Visitors, and propose measures and plans for the erection of a suitable monument to Gen. LEE, in the room in which his remains are to be interred, and further, to consider and recommend such other monuments or memorials as may be deemed appropriate in the college.

Resolved, That the said Committees be requested jointly to make arrangements for the delivery of a eulogy on the life and character of Gen. LEE, in the College chapel, on the 19th day of January, 1871, being the next anniversary of his birthday, and we also express the wish that this anniversary, like the birthday of WASHINGTON, shall be hereafter always celebrated in Washington College.

Resolved, That these Committees be requested to confer and report to their respective bodies on the subject of so amending the present charter of Washington College that the name of this institution may hereafter express in fit conjunction the immortal names of WASHINGTON and LEE, whose lives were so similar in their perfect renown, and with both of whom equally by singular good fortune it is entitled to be associated in its future history.

Gen. LEE remarked two years ago to Gen. PENDLETON that he did not expect to live longer than two years more. The evening he was taken sick he was unusually bright and cheerful. The remote reason of Gen. LEE's death was the long continuance of depressing moral causes, commencing with the weighty responsibilities and anxieties during the last year of the war, and the effect which the overthrow of the cause he loved, and the condition of the South since, has had upon him. But he bore all with calm exterior, and devoted himself to the duty of the hour. The proximate cause of his death was mental and physical fatigue, inducing nervous congestion of the brain, which gradually caused cerebral exhaustion and death.

THE PLACE OF INTERMENT.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 14.—A message has been received here by Mr. A. M. KEILEY, Chairman of the Committee of the House of Delegates, to the effect that the family of Gen. LEE would not be averse to the burial of his remains in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va., on the section belonging to the State. The Committee of the House therefore left the city, this morning, for Lexington. These facts were announced in the Legislature, this morning, and that body adjourned over until Tuesday next. It is now believed that the body of Gen. LEE will reach here on Monday.

Honors Elsewhere—Large Meeting in Washington.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—A large meeting of the residents of Washington, with a liberal intermixture of men who served in the rebel army, was held at Metzerott Hall, to-night, to do honor to the memory of Gen. LEE. W. W. CORCORAN presided, with about twenty prominent citizens as Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. Dr. A. Y. P. Garnett, James M. Carlisle, Judge Phillips, Ex-Mayor Berrett, Gens. Jones and Henningsen, and Col. Pickett, were among the members of the Committee on Resolutions, which treated briefly of Gen. LEE's virtues as a man. Eulogistic speeches were made by JAMES M. CARLISLE, R. T. MERRICK and others.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 14.—The death of Gen. LEE caused profound sorrow here. The bells were tolled, yesterday, and flags were half-masted on the shipping and throughout the city. The Chamber of Commerce met this morning and took appropriate action. A public meeting of the citizens will be held to-morrow noon. Business will probably be suspended during the day.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 14.—Business is suspended, and the houses throughout the city draped in mourning in honor of Gen. LEE.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 14.—The Mayor of Savannah has issued a proclamation causing to-morrow to be observed with fitting demonstrations in honor of the memory of Gen. R. E. LEE. All business will be suspended; all the bells of the city will be tolled at intervals of fifteen minutes, and a meeting of the citizens will be held at 12 o'clock noon. The City Exchange and public offices will be draped in mourning, and services will be held in the various churches of the city.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Oct. 14.—A public meeting of citizens was held this evening, and resolutions were passed in honor to the illustrious dead. All the business houses and city offices will be closed to-morrow. Bells will be tolled and services held in all the churches.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 14.—The City Council, to-night, passed resolutions requesting the Mayor to issue a proclamation asking that all the flags in the city be displayed at half-mast to-morrow, ordering their Chambers to be draped in mourning, and an adjournment until Monday, out of respect to the memory of Gen. R. E. LEE.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 14.—A large demonstration of sorrow at the death of Gen. ROBERT E. LEE was held here to-night. About 300 ex-Confederates were present, and resolutions of condolence were passed. Speeches were delivered by numbers of prominent ex-Confederates, among whom were Gen. JOHN C. BROWN, Democratic candidate for Governor, and Col. J. BURCHCOOK. The speeches manifested the sincerest admiration of the life and character of the lamented hero—not only in war, but in peace—and attributed to his wise counsel, since the surrender, the present peaceful condition of the country.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 14.—Extensive preparations are going on for the obsequies of Gen. R. E. LEE to-morrow. The Legislature of Georgia, the Judiciary and everybody, without distinction of party, will take part.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 14.—Nearly all the business houses in this city were draped in mourning to-day, out of respect to the memory of Gen. LEE. The bells were tolled, and business was in a great measure suspended.

The Arlington Estate—Whose Property Is It?

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The death of Gen. LEE has brought into discussion the subject of the Government possession of the Arlington estate, opposite this city, formerly his property and residence, and which, it has been supposed, was held by the United States under the provisions of the Confiscation law. In this connection the *Evening Star* of this city today publishes the following:

It is supposed by many that the Government holds possession of Arlington by reason of the Confiscation act, and according to the provisions of that law the title can only be vested in the Government during the life of the party who engaged in the rebellion. Hence it is said that Arlington now reverts to the heirs of Gen. LEE. Such is not the case, however, as the property is not held under the Confiscation act, not having belonged to Gen. LEE. At the death of Mr. CURTIS, a life interest in it was bequeathed to Mrs. LEE, his daughter, and at her death it was to be his grandson's, CURTIS and FITZ HUGH LEE. The taxes upon the property having accumulated during the rebellion, it was sold therefor and purchased by the Government. Thus it will be seen it is held by virtue of a tax title. Subsequently, efforts were made to redeem it by paying the amount of taxes; but, so far, they have been unsuccessful, and the title is still vested in the Government, by virtue of the tax sale alluded to. As the Arlington estate has now been converted into a great national cemetery, and is filled with the bones of those who fell in the war of the rebellion, it cannot well be used for any other purpose, and its possession could hardly be desirable to the LEE family.

The Aurora Last Night—Its Remarkable Brilliancy.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 14.—The most brilliant display of northern lights ever observed in this section took place this evening at 7 o'clock. They were of a deep crimson color, and continued about an hour.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14.—There was a magnificent display of the aurora borealis here tonight. The whole firmament was one blaze of crimson light, lasting for several minutes.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 14.—There was a grand auroral display this evening. The red light in the heavens was mistaken for a conflagration, and some one sounded the fire alarm and the Department turned out.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 14.—A remarkably fine auroral display was witnessed by thousands here to-night.

NORWICH, Conn., Oct. 14.—There was a brilliant display of the aurora borealis here tonight, which attracted the gaze of a large number of people.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 14.—One of the most startling and gorgeous displays of the aurora borealis ever seen in this latitude was witnessed to-night. Crowds of people were in the streets to witness the spectacle.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—There was a very fine display of northern lights here, this evening.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 14.—About 7 o'clock, this evening, there was a grand display of the aurora borealis.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 4.—WILLIAM D. COVELL, Deputy United States Marshal for the Northern District of New-York, died very suddenly at his residence in this city, last night. He was forty-nine years of age.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 14.—HAYWARD P. CUSHING, a prominent business man of this city, died last evening, after several weeks' illness.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 14.—The first colored jury was impaneled in the Criminal Court, by Judge A. L. ROBINSON, today.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Senator MORTON is dangerously ill.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The stolen bag belonging to the American Merchants' Union Express Company was found this afternoon in a race-way, minus the $15,000 which it contained when stolen. The papers were all in the bag together with three silver spoons.

Personal.

One of the most assiduous and accomplished American artists now in Rome is Miss FOLEY. Our countrymen sojourning in the regenerated and now national city, the ensuing Winter, will find no one more deserving of substantial encouragement. There lies before us, as we write, a most exquisite design for a fountain. Three lovely Cupids are playfully grouped around a very picturesque and foliated centrepiece rising from a marble basin. We should like to see such a fountain in the Central Park. Miss FOLEY excels in bas-reliefs, both portrait and ideal, and there is no more convenient or inexpensive form of plastic art, to bring home as a memorial of Rome. We would mention, among her most charming efforts of this kind, "Graziella, a Capri Girl;" "Pascuccia, a Famous Roman Model;" "Undine;" "A Trastevrina;" "Joshua;" and "Jeremiah." Among the portrait relievos are excellent heads of S. C. HALL, and a daughter of LUCRETIA MOTT. One special advantage possessed by this kind of sculpture is that it photographs admirably, and those inclined to order copies in marble can select from these fac-similes, some of which are in the possession of Miss FOLEY's friends, in this City.

English Illustrated and Literary Papers.

Supplies of the latest number of the *Illustrated London News*, the *Graphic*, *Punch*, *Saturday Review*, and *Nature* have been received by BRENTANO, No. 33 Union-square. The *News* has a "picture supplement," a double-page colored lithograph, called "Weary Gleaners," from a painting by ROBERT GAVIN, A. R. S. A.; and the *Graphic* has the usual quantity of fine views, splendidly engraved. BRENTANO also had, last night, the first numbers out of *Josh Billings' Almanac*.

NAPOLEON I. was the owner of thirty-six Guanacos.—*Mail.*

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SUNDAY EDITION OF THE TIMES.

LATEST WAR AND GENERAL NEWS.

Literary and Miscellaneous Readings.

The TIMES of to-morrow, Sunday, Oct. 16, will be fully up to the usual standard. It will contain, in addition to a pleasing variety of miscellaneous readings, the very LATEST EUROPEAN WAR NEWS received by cable from our London News Bureau, and from the agents of the Associated Press;—

Other TELEGRAPHIC NEWS from all parts of the world received up to 3 o'clock on Sunday morning;—

A full report of SATURDAY AT THE RACES; Closing Day of the Jockey Club Meeting at Jerome Park; Pleasant Description of Sights on the Road and at the Park; Prominent People Present and Turn-outs Displayed; Detailed Report of the Racing, &c., &c.;—

THE TAMMANY FIGHT IN THE UNION REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE OF THIS CITY; full particulars of the extraordinary meeting called for to-night;—

Also, the usual quantity of literary readings, under the familiar head line, "Current Literature," including a STORY, and entertaining and readable extracts from the newest domestic and foreign magazines, literary papers and books;—

A full complement of NOTES AND COMMENTS; short paragraphs on queer subjects, discovered here and there in our domestic and foreign exchanges, specially prepared for the Sunday edition of the TIMES;—

EDITORIALS, ARTICLES AND NOTES on topics of the day, political, social and general;—

The musical and theatrical news and gossip of the week, at home and abroad, with announcements of promised new attractions;—

The latest local political and general news; military notes; summaries of foreign and religious news, &c., &c.

The Sunday Edition of the TIMES has a large and steadily increasing circulation. It goes among the best classes of readers in the City and immediate neighborhood, and is doubtless more thoroughly read than any other Sunday paper. It is, consequently, an excellent advertising medium, and is so regarded by many of the largest advertisers. Advertisements intended for insertion in this edition must be received in the TIMES Publication Office by 8½ this evening to insure proper classification.

Attempted Bank Robbery.
BANK VAULT BLOWN OPEN.
HERRING'S SAFE STOPS THE BURGLARS.
LETTER FROM THE CASHIER.
SECOND BANK, PERRY, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1870.
Messrs. Herring, Farrel & Sherman, New-York:

GENTS: Our bank was entered by burglars on the night of Sept. 19, and a desperate attempt made to rob the banker's chest we bought from you a few years since. They wedged the doors to our vault, introduced powder, and blew it open. Your safe was the next object of their attention, and was badly abused. They tried it with wedges, sledges, powder, &c., but it still remained intact, and held our valuables all secure, though it bears evidence of a hard fight.

We wish you would send us another of same size, with your new patent tongue and groove door, with rubber-packed flange and all late improvements.

Respectfully yours,
H. N. PAGE, Cashier.

HERRING'S NEW PATENT CHAMPION BANKERS' SAFES, With recent improvements. Protected from the blow-pipe as well as the drill.

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—*Advertisement.*

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STERLING SILVER.
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TABLE ARTICLES.
FORKS, SPOONS, LADLES, &C.,
AND A GREAT VARIETY OF FANCY PIECES
WITH THE SATIN FINISH AND PARCEL GILDING, SUITABLE FOR
WEDDING PRESENTS.
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—*Advertisement.*

A Favorable Notoriety.—The good reputation and extended use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches" for cough, colds and throat diseases has caused the Troches to be extensively imitated. Obtain only the genuine "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not be influenced by those who make more profit by selling worthless imitations.

Lung Complaints, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., are speedily relieved, and if taken in time, permanently cured by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. You will find in it also a certain remedy for coughs and colds. Sold everywhere.

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Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, (Established 20 years,) 2 Vesey-st., Astor House.

MARRIED.

ARCHER—GEDNEY.—At Tarrytown, on Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. David M. Reeves, DANIEL O. ARCHER, Jr., to EDITH, daughter of the late George W. B. Gedney, Esq.

GOLDSBOROUGH—GORDON.—On Thursday, Oct. 13, at St. George's Church, Newburg, N. Y., by Rev. Robert Lloyd Goldsborough, Rev. ALFRED GOLDSBOROUGH to Miss NINA H. GORDON.

HURLBUT—TILLOU.—On Thursday, Oct. 13, at Trinity Church, by Rev. Franklin Babbitt, RICHARD W. HURLBUT and FANNY, daughter of Francis Tillou, Esq., all of this City.

MARTIN—CARPENTER.—At Manor, L. I., on Thursday, Oct. 6, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Mr. Dikeman, SAMUEL MARTIN, formerly of New-York, to ALIDA, daughter of John Carpenter, of Manor, L. I.

MOULTON—BABCOCK.—At Westerly, R. I., on Wednesday, Oct. 12, by Rev. Dr. Hubbard, EDMUND T. MOULTON, of New-York, to MARTHA STANTON, daughter of Horace Babcock, of Westerly.

ROCKWELL—JONES.—On Thursday, Oct. 13, at the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers, by Rev. Dr. Seward, J. TALCOTT ROCKWELL to IMOGEN, daughter of Alfred and Louisa Jones, all of Yonkers.

SCOTT—BURNS.—At the Church of the Annunciation, Oct. 13, JULIAN SCOTT to MARY, daughter of Mary E. and the late William Burns.

WORCESTER—BLOODGOOD.—At Saybrook, Conn., Oct. 12, by Rev. J. E. Heald, HENRY A. WORCESTER, of New-York, to Miss ANNA L. BLOODGOOD, of Saybrook.

DIED.

BININGER.—On Friday, Oct. 14, ABRAM M. BININGER, in the 71st year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 165 West 45th-st.

KEYSER.—Suddenly, Friday morning, Oct. 14, ANNA V., only daughter of George E. and Rebecca M. Keyser, aged 12 years and 6 months.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from Washington-square M. E. Church on Sunday, at 1½ P. M.

TWINE.—On Saturday, Oct. 8, ELIZABETH A., wife of F. W. Twine.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her father, George Caplin, No. 261 West 22d-st., on Sunday, Oct. 16, at 2 P. M.

SABBATON.—On Wednesday, 12th inst., JOSEPH A. SABBATON, aged 45 years.
The friends of the deceased, and those of his family, are invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday next, 16th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 315 West 29th-st.

TOMLINSON.—Suddenly, on Wednesday evening, the 5th inst., at his late residence, Batavia, N. Y., DANIEL W. TOMLINSON, aged 55 years.

WILLIAMS.—At Cornwall, N. Y., Oct. 14, WILLIAM WILLIAMS, of Brooklyn.
The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at 10 o'clock, Monday morning, from Rev. Mr. French's Church, Ormond-place, Brooklyn.

OFFICIAL.
DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, Oct. 10, 1870.
Information has been received at this Department from Mr. J. Donaldson Long, the late Consul of the United States at Montevideo, of the death, on the 14th day of March last, at sea, of HERMANN OLTEN, late a seaman on board the ship *Agenora*. The deceased was a native of New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAND PARK,
WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.
Resumption of the
REGULAR AUCTION SALES
ON SATURDAY, OCT. 29, 1870,
at 2 o'clock P. M., on the grounds.
DINGEE, KETCHAM & CO.,
Auctioneers, No. 82 Cedar-st.

BUY WARNOCK & CO.'S
SEVEN-DOLLAR DRESS HAT.
Get a gentleman's hat.
SAVE ONE DOLLAR.
No. 519 Broadway.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, And Silver Ware bought and sold, taken in exchange, and money loaned on them, by G. C. ALLEN, No. 512 Broadway, under St. Nicholas Hotel.

IMPORTANT SALE OF SPLENDID HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY, POSITIVE AND WITHOUT RESERVE. DOBB'S FERRY, ON THE HUDSON. On SATURDAY, Oct. 15, at 12½ o'clock, on the premises, by order of F. J. Armour, Esq., being part of the PAULDING ESTATE.
No section is more desirable for residence, no property is more sure of increase in value, and no investment is safer or better. Now is the time to purchase, and this is the favorable opportunity. Remember the day, Saturday, Oct. 15. Train leaves at 11 o'clock.
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GUNS—SELLING OUT—GREAT BARGAINS. JOHN G. SYMS, No. 43 Chatham-st.

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OF
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE
FOR NOVEMBER, 1870.
CONTENTS:
THE HUGUENOTS.
ILLUSTRATIONS—Bernard Palissy—Massacre of the Inhabitants of Merindol—Catharine de Medicis—Duke Henry de Guise—The Cardinal of Lorraine—Jeanne d'Albert—Admiral Coligny—Charles IX.—Assassination of Coligny—Streets of Paris on St. Bartholomew's Day.
MY BABES IN THE WOOD.
THE CAVE OF BELLAMAR.
ILLUSTRATIONS—Ascent to the Cave—The Guardian of the Temple—Stalagmites—Capricious Forms of Crystals—The Embroidered Petticoat—Mouth of the Hidden Gallery—Don Cosme's Lamp—Avenue of the Lake—The Confessional.
PHANTOM DAYS.
DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.
ILLUSTRATIONS—The Pilot—The Parting Song—A Crevasse on the Mississippi—Bride and Bridegroom—Playing Poker—A Night Landing.
THE NEGATIVE IN PHOTOGRAPHY.
ILLUSTRATIONS—Light and Dark Spots of the Object—Diagram—Image reversed in Position—Negative—Positive—Winter Scene: the Positive—Winter Scene: the Negative.
MY DISTINGUISHED FRIEND SELTSAM.
LIFE IN BRITTANY.—I. A WEEK AT NANTES.
CHOOSE.
A PILOT'S WIFE.
ILLUSTRATIONS—Headpiece—"Say that again, Sady," said he.
FREDERICK THE GREAT.—XII. FREDERICK AT SANS SOUCI.
ILLUSTRATIONS—The New Palace at Potsdam—Sans Souci—Frederick and Linsenbarth—Tournament at Berlin in Honor of Frederick.
DAWN ON THE HEIGHTS.
ANNE FURNESS. By the Author of "Mabel's Progress," "Veronica," &c.
THE SACRED FLORA. (Part II.)
A SIGH.
ANTEROS. By the Author of "Guy Livingstone," &c.
AN OCTOBER IDYL.
THE ROCK OF THE LEGION OF HONOR. By the Author of "On the Heights." (Part I.)
LITERARY FORGERIES. (Concluded.)
EDITOR'S EASY CHAIR.
EDITOR'S LITERARY RECORD.
EDITOR'S SCIENTIFIC RECORD.
EDITOR'S HISTORICAL RECORD.
EDITOR'S DRAWER.

This number concludes the Forty-first Volume. The Index to the first forty volumes of the Magazine has been issued by the Publishers.
The November number opens with "The Huguenots," by EUGENE LAWRENCE—a thrilling narrative, and a fit companion-piece to the "Vaudois," published in the July number. The illustrations consist principally of valuable portraits of the Reformers and their persecutors.
Major-Gen. FREDERICO F. CAVADA, of the Cuban Army, contributes to this number a very pleasing and interesting paper on "The Cave of Bellamar," in Cuba, which is beautifully illustrated.
"Down the Mississippi," by GEORGE WARD NICHOLS, is another illustrated article, treating of life on a Mississippi steam-boat since the war. JACOB ABBOTT, in "The Negative in Photography," explains one of the most curious features of this art, illustrating his description with several pictures.
The installment of Frederick the Great, in this number, gives a very graphic description of the Prussian King in his retirement at Sans Souci, after the victories terminating in the Peace of Dresden.
Mrs. HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD contributes a characteristic story called "The Pilot's Wife," one of her best efforts, beautifully illustrated by W. L. Sheppard. "Life in Brittany," by GEORGE M. TOWLE, will be continued in the December number. This first part is a picturesque description of Nantes.
"The Rock of the Legion of Honor" is a story in two parts, the first of which is given in this number, by BERTHOLD AUERBACH, author of "On the Heights" and "The Villa on the Rhine." The other stories in this number are, "My Distinguished Friend Seltsam," a very clever satire on quackery in Therapeutics, and "An October Idyl," by Miss CONSTANCE F. WOOLSON.
M. D. Conway contributes a second paper on "The Sacred Flora," which is full of very curious and interesting information. The chapter on "Literary Forgeries" is concluded in this number. "Anne Furness" and "Anteros" are still continued. In poetry this number is very well represented by Harriet Prescott Spofford, Grace Greenwood, Carl Spencer and Miss C. F. Brooks.
The "Easy Chair" chats about Berlin in the time of "Clicquot," the predecessor of the present Prussian King, and about other interesting matters. The "Scientific Record" includes eight closely-printed pages, into which are crowded nearly forty separate articles relating to newly-discovered facts in Science. The other editorial departments maintain their usual standard of excellence.

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Also the Economical Angles for Struts and Ties. By Brevet-Col. WM. E. MERRILL, Major Corps Engineers. Illustrated with nine Lithographic Colored Diagrams. 4to, cloth, $5.
"The work before us is an attempt to give a basis for sound reform in American railroad engineering, by throwing additional light upon the method of calculating the maxima strains that can come upon any part of a bridge truss, and upon the manner of proportioning each part, so that it shall be as strong relatively to its own strains as any other part, and so that the entire bridge may be strong enough to sustain several times as great strains as the greatest that come upon its actual use."—*Scientific American.*
D. VAN NOSTRAND, Publisher,
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 90, 92 and 94 Grand-st., New-York,
Publish, Saturday, Oct. 15:
I.
THE ORIGIN OF CIVILIZATION, AND THE PRIMITIVE CONDITION OF MAN.
By Sir JOHN LUBBOCK, Bart., M. P. One vol., 12mo. Cloth, $2.
Of all the applications of the scientific method of inquiry, the latest, the highest, and by far the most important, is its application to the study of man. Eminent among the inquirers in this domain is the author of the above work, who has devoted himself to researches into the origin of civilization and the primitive condition of man. In his first work, entitled "Pre-Historic Times," Sir John Lubbock presented the evidences that remain of the state of mankind before the period of authentic history. In the present work he enters upon an inquiry into the state of the existing inferior races, and presents a view of the mental and social condition of savage tribes, with a view to ascertain, if possible, if there is a definite and assured law of progress in human affairs.
II.
VALERIE AYLMER.
A Novel. By CHRISTIAN REID. 8vo, paper, price $1. In cloth, $1 50.
"Valerie Aylmer," by CHRISTIAN REID, is the first work of a young American novelist of great promise. It is a brilliant story of Southern life and character, the opening scenes of which are in Louisiana, and the greater portion of the rest in Baltimore, with the highest society of which city the author is evidently perfectly familiar. The style of the work is admirable, and it will undoubtedly make a sensation, especially in the South.
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CHEAPEST BOOK-STORE IN THE WORLD.—Immense prices paid for old Books; 38,924 Magnificent Books, English, at our price; 43,761 Miscellaneous Books at your price; 75,947 Bibles, Prayer-books, &c., at any price. Catalogues Nos. 22, 23, 24, free; send a stamp. LEGGAT BROTHERS, No. 3 Beekman-st., between Park-row and Nassau-st.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN PRIMARY ELECTION.

The Union Republican Electors of the City and County of New-York are requested to meet at the Association Head-quarters in the several Assembly districts in the City of New-York, on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 17, 1870, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, and elect delegates to the several nominating Conventions as follows:

A County Convention to meet at Union Republican General Committee Head-quarters, on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 20, at 8 o'clock, to put in nomination candidates respectively for the office of Mayor, Sheriff, County Clerk, Controller, and Coroners, to consist of delegates in number, from each assembly district, equal to the representation of delegates in the General Committee.

Also, a Congressional Convention to nominate candidates for Representatives in Congress, to meet on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 19, 1870, at 8 o'clock, as follows:

Fourth Congressional District Convention to meet at No. 122 West Broadway.
Fifth Congressional District Convention to meet at Bank's Hotel, No. 274 Grand-st.
Sixth Congressional District Convention to meet at No. 260 8th-av.
Seventh Congressional District Convention to meet at No. 21 Avenue D.
Eighth Congressional District Convention to meet at Republican Head-quarters, corner of 5th-av. and 23d-st.
Ninth Congressional District Convention to meet at No. 1,000 3d-av.

The delegates to the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Congressional District Conventions to be equal in number to the election districts represented within the respective Congressional districts.

The delegates to the Eighth and Ninth Congressional District Conventions to be equal in number to the representatives to the General Committee from the Assembly districts within said Congressional districts.

Also, a Convention to nominate a candidate for member of Assembly, said Assembly District Conventions to meet on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1870, at 8 o'clock, at the Association Head-quarters in the respective districts, delegates to be equal in number to the number of election districts, within the Assembly districts.

Also, Ward Conventions to nominate candidates for school officers and inspectors, and canvassers of election for the several Wards, to meet on SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 22, 1870, at 8 o'clock, as follows:

1st Ward—No. 3 Whitehall-st.
2d Ward—No. 12 Peck-slip.
3d Ward—No. 216 Greenwich-st.
4th Ward—No. 181 Chatham-st.
5th Ward—No. 122 West Broadway.
6th Ward—No. 475 Pearl-st.
7th Ward—No. 286 East Broadway.
8th Ward—No. 242 Spring-st.
9th Ward—No. 303 West 14th-st.
10th Ward—No. 274 Grand-st.
11th Ward—No. 21 Avenue D.
12th Ward—Muller's Hall, corner 3d-av. and 119th-st.
13th Ward—No. 451 Grand-st.
14th Ward—No. 375 Broome-st.
15th Ward—No. 750 Broadway.
16th Ward—No. 250 8th-av.
17th Ward—No. 23 3d-av.
18th Ward—No. 279 3d-av.
19th Ward—No. 1,000 3d-av.
20th Ward—Lincoln Hall.
21st Ward—No. 453 4th-av.
22d Ward—Wigwam, 49th-st.

Delegates to be equal in number to the election districts of each ward within the several Assembly districts.

The President of each association, or, in his absence, the proper officer thereof, shall appoint three inspectors of election, whose duty it shall be to receive and canvass the votes and to sign the credentials of such delegates as shall receive the highest number of votes cast. The Secretaries of the respective associations shall attest the various certificates of election and act with the inspectors appointed by the Presidents as inspectors of elections. The Presidents shall, in all cases, attest such credentials.

The following resolution was adopted as an amendment to the call:

Resolved, That in any nominating Convention which shall meet under authority of this Republican Central Committee, no person shall be eligible as a delegate who directly or indirectly holds an appointment under the Democratic City Government.

By order of the Union Republican General Committee.
JOHN COCHRANE, President.
JAMES GALWAY, HUGH GARDINER, } Vice-Presidents.
GEO. F. COACHMAN, ABRAM BROWN, Jr., } Secretaries.

HARLEM TO CITY HALL IN 15 MINUTES.

We, the undersigned, citizens and property-owners of Yorkville and Harlem, most earnestly request all our fellow-sufferers, both Democrats and Republicans, to ignore mere party and unite as one man for the immediate construction of a quick transit railroad from the upper to the lower end of our island. It will double the value of our property, double our population, increase business, and save two to four hours' time every day, now lost in horse-cars.

To accomplish this great want without further delay, we must elect to the Legislature a man of character, vigor and independence, who cannot be purchased nor controlled by any corrupt 'Ring.' Such a man is the Hon. JOHN FOLEY. His well-known courage and untiring efforts in behalf of the best interests of our city, in destroying the corrupt Board of Supervisors; his great success in opening the Madison-avenue Railroad; his excellent private and public character,—in short, he is just the man to promote and protect our interests in the Legislature.

We therefore, respectfully ask Mr. FOLEY to allow the use of his name as the People's candidate for the Twenty-first Assembly District:

R. W. TOWNSEND, No. 18 East 73d-st.
MYER STERN, No. 10 East 73d-st.
JOHN T. DALY, corner 77th-st. and Madison-av.
JOHN GORMAN, No. 112 East 83d-st.
C. S. BOSTWICK, No. 139 East 70th-st.
F. W. POYNTZ, No. 164 East 119th-st.
W. POWELL WARE, No. 21 West 124th-st.
JOHN HARMON, 121 East 110th-st.
JAMES W. HYATT, 111th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
SAMUEL BROWN, 110th-st. and 9th-av.
HENRY H. BROOKS, 119th-st. and 4th av.
STURGES DEWEY, 121st-st. and 2d-av.
W. H. STEWART, No. 26 East 128th-st.
JOHN McDONALD, No. 121 East 73d-st.
W. H. PECK, No. 169 East 123d-st.
WM. A. DOTY, 116th-st.
JOHN F. PHELPHS, No. 133 East 71st-st.
JOHN B. VANDERBURGH, No. 207 East 83d-st.
CHARLES H. BULKLEY, No. 108 East 79th-st.
GEORGE EBERT, 124th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.
P. D. LODEWICK, No. 244 E. 112th-st.
JOHN W. CLARK, No. 172 East 93d-st.
A. C. SMITH, No. 46 West 132d-st.
JOSEPH DIXON, No. 160 East 92d-st.
LAMBERT QUACKENBUSH, No. 231 East 86th-st.
FRANK NORTHRUP, No. 45 East 84th-st.
THOMAS H. GERATY, 79th-st, between 4th and Madison avs.
CHARLES MASON, 1st-av., between 83d and 84th sts.
JAMES CROWLEY, No. 219 East 79th-st.
CORNELIUS KILLEEN, No. 242 East 83d-st.
JOHN McKEAN, 91st-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
M. H. DERRINGER, No. 8 East 73d-st.
MICHAEL COOKE, No. 1,297 3d av.
THOMAS P. MORRELL, 81st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.
DAVID D. DEMING, 72d-st., near 3d-av.
THOMAS BRUNS, No. 189 71st-st.
H. H. ROTHSCHILD, No. 124 East 70th-st.
G. LIVINGSTON, No. 165 125th-st.
WILLIAM MURPHY, 3d-av., between 119th and 120th sts.
EDGAR KETCHUM, 118th-st.
B. S. STEPHENS, 124th-st., between 4th and 5th avs.
JOHN O'BRIEN, corner 115th-st. and 1st-av.
JOHN MULLIGAN, No. 154 East 119th-st.
JOHN H. MEAD, No. 174 East 114th-st.
W. W. FERRIER, No. 133 East 123d-st.
JACOB BLUMENTHAL, No. 39 East 73d-st.; and 1,250 others.

NINTH WARD UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In pursuance of the call of the General Committee, the members of this Association, and Republicans of the District, are requested to meet at Arthur Hall, No. 3?8 West 14th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 17, 1870, to elect delegates to the several Conventions. Polls open from 7 to 9 P. M. By order of
WILLIAM H. MERRILL, Jr., President.
NELSON A. THAYER, DANIEL A. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.

SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A meeting will be held at head-quarters, No. 750 Broadway, MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 17, at 7 o'clock, for the election of delegates to the several conventions, pursuant to the call of the Republican General Committee. Polls open from 7 to 9 o'clock.
H. M. TWOMBLY, President.
GEORGE E. HILL, Secretary.

UNION REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE.—A special meeting will be held at Head-quarters, corner 23d-st. and 5th-av., on SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 15, at 8 o'clock, to take action in reference to ratification meeting, and call for primary elections. JOHN COCHRANE, President.
GEORGE F. COACHMAN, ALMON BROWN, Jr., } Secretaries.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The Real Estate market was without an event yesterday, (Oct. 13,) as no sales were made at the Exchange or elsewhere. The adjourned sale of JOHNSON & MILLER, of property at New-Dorp, Staten Island, on Thursday, was quite successful, all the property offered being disposed of at fair prices. A complete report of the transactions will be found below. To-day the Dobb's Ferry sale, under the direction of JOHNSON & MILLER, will take place; and as the property is particularly desirable, the result should be a satisfactory one. A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will also offer to-day, at Pelham, Westchester County, some desirable property. The former sale begins at 12½, and the latter at 1 P. M. We shall endeavor to report both of these auctions in full in this column on Monday.

Suburban Sales, Thursday, Oct. 13, 1870.

NEW-DORP, STATEN ISLAND.

By Johnson & Miller.

Part of Unsert Estate.

1 plot F, Ocean Hill-av., 3 331-1,000 acres	$1,300
1 plot E, Ocean Hill-av., 4 8-10 acres	1,680
1 plot D, Ocean Hill-av., New-Dorp road, 4 845-100 acres, with dwelling and stable	1,332
1 plot A, Manor road and New-Dorp road, 2 182-1,000 acres	451
1 plot B, Manor road, 3 85-1,000 acres	722
1 plot C, Manor road, 5 95-1,000 acres	1,100
1 plot, C, with right of way to Egbert-av., 15 94-100 acres	2,240
1 plot, D, with right of way to Egbert-av., 24 12-100 acres	2,132
1 plot, B, Manor road, 8 91-100 acres	1,350
1 plot, A, Manor road, with mansion, farm-house, ice-house, barns, &c., 19 acres	12,500

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Cherry-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Jackson-st., 25x88.9	$5,000
Goerck-st., e. s., 100 ft. n. of Grand-st., 25x100	12,500
Suffolk-st., w. s., 80 ft. s. of Stanton-st., 20x75	16,000
Water-st., s. s., No. 605, 23x70	800
39th-st., s. s., 449 ft. e. of 9th-av., 17.8x91.11	14,750
21st-st., n. s., 435 w. of 9th-av., 19.3x83	6,500
49th-st., n. s., 160 ft. e. of 9th-av., 20x98.9	8,000
51st-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of 8th-av., 50x100.5	27,325
52d-st., n. s., 142 ft. e. of 8th-av., 14x100.5	13,500
76th-st., n. s., 375 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25x102.2	1,075
80th-st., n. s., 237 ft. e. of 5th-av., 21x102.2	34,000
124th-st., n. s., 212 ft. e. of 2d-av., 18.9x100.11	13,800
7th-av. and 120th-st., n. w. corner, 25.2x75x75.9x50 x125	12,000
8th-av., e. s., 44 ft. n. of Bleecker-st., 22.6x40x14 x16	25,000

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Broadway, s. w. s., 150 ft. n. w. of Middleton-st., 30x80	$2,300
Butler-st., s. s., 205 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x120	8,100
Butler-st., s. s., 205 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x120 } Douglass-st., s. s., 137 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 18.9x70 }	16,250
Centre-st., e. s., 700 ft. e. of Sackett-st., 50x100	550
Columbia-st., w. s., indefinite, 75x104	2,000
Downing-st., e. s., 147 ft. s. of Gates-av.	270
De Graw-st., s. s., 90 ft. e. of Clinton-st., 20x80	1,900
Floyd-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of Yates-av., 25x100	2,700
Monroe-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Lewis-av., 200x100	10,000
14th-st., s. s., 272 ft. e. of 5th-av., 50x100	5,650
Classon-av., w. s., 147 ft. s. of Myrtle-av., 100x218	25,000
Dekalb-av., s. s., 90 ft. w. of Oxford-st., 20x100	10,900
Wyckoff-av., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Division-av., 25x100	5,500

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

East Chester.

Bond-st., s. w. s., lot 129 ft. w. of Mt. Vernon, 100 x100	$300

Morrisania.

Forest-av., e. s., 240 ft. s. w. of Wall-st., 30x200	$980

New-Rochelle.

Main-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Centre-st., S. Rutter's property	$8,000
Lots Nos. 6 and 8, subdivision No. 8, Huguenot Park	2,480
Lots Nos. 9 and 20, subdivision No. 8, Huguenot Park	1,500
Lots Nos. 2, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, subdivision No. 12, Huguenot Park	5,100
Lots Nos. 3, 4 and 5, subdivision No. 12, Huguenot Park	3,500
Lot E, subdivision No. 13, Huguenot Park	950

West Farms.

Locust-av., e. s., 50x100	$2,500
Grant-av., s. e. s., lot No. 240 East Tremont, 46 x150	800
Locust-av., n. e. s., lots Nos. 8, 9 and 11, Samuel Ryer's farm	1,250
1st-av., n. w. s., lot No. 45, Claremont	1,100
Prospect-av. and Morris-st., n. w. corner, 222x 243	30,000

Greenburg.

James H. Jones' property, 1 acre	$800

Rye.

King-st., e. s., adjoining Mrs. Craft's, 100x136	$5,400
Lot No. 9, map of Cottage Park, 4 26-100 acres	1,500

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Grove-st., e. s., 100 ft. n. of South 6th-st., 117x75	$9,000
Washington-av., w. s., 100 ft. s. of Walnut-st., 17.6-100x100	3,700
Lots Nos. 1 and 2, block No. 36, Sissin map, 50x 100	4,149
York-st., s. s., 209 ft. e. of Grove-st., 16.8-12x100	1,700
Jersey-av., w. s., 75 ft. n. of Wayne-st., 25x100	3,600

Bayonne.

Avenue 8, w. s., lots Nos. 7 and 8, Bacot's map, 80x196	$9,800

West Hoboken.

Spring-st., e. s., lots Nos. 180 and 181, 50x100	$1,328

Harrison.

William-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 3d-st., 25x100	$4,000
Lots Nos. 73 to 80, both inclusive, Trueman's map	4,000

CITY REAL ESTATE.

VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, No. 182 Grand-st. The management of estates a specialty. Rents, Interest and Dividends collected.

FOR SALE—NO. 41 WEST 47TH-ST.; HOUSE brown stone, 25x55, four stories, built in the best manner, as by day's work, for the present occupant; lot full size; Columbia College lease 21 years, at only $250 annual ground rent, with three renewals of 21 years each. Apply on the premises, or to A. REQUA, No. 24 Pine-st. Also for sale, an eligible Pew in the West Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. Hastings',) in 42d-st. Apply as above.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, that beautiful new four-story brown-stone house on 5th-av., fronting the Central Park, 25 feet north of 85th-st.; house 23x60, lot 22x100; price $60,000; terms easy. Inquire of the owner, JOHN C. SARES, No. 565 Madison-av.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY HIGH-stoop brown-stone front Mansard-roof house for sale, in Brooklyn, on Clinton-av., 100 feet north of Lafayette-av., west side; the most desirable location in either Brooklyn or New-York; the house is elegantly finished in all respects; French plate-glass, black-walnut sash doors, stairs, &c.; eighteen rooms, any amount of pantries, drawers, &c.—in fact, all modern improvements; twenty minutes by Greene-av. cars from Fulton Ferry; a stable lot, if wanted. Also, No. 252 Claremont-av., between De Kalb and Wilbughby avs., a two-and-a-half-story brick-front brown-stone basement and trimmings house, ten rooms; has been lately plumbed, overhauled and frescoed by the owner, with the intention of making a permanent home of it; it is a perfect gem; price moderate and terms easy. Apply on the premises to THOMAS FAGAN. Immediate possession.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—THE THREE-story high-stoop house, No. 278 President-st., opposite Carroll Park, Brooklyn; a beautiful location, desirable in all respects; modern improvements; convenient to ferries. Immediate possession given. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 3 Broadway, New-York, or No. 28 Second-place, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—A house and two lots, 25 by 100, corner of 18th-st. and 4th-av., Brooklyn. For particulars. inquire of J. M. FULLER, No. 244 Fulton-st., New-York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

LINDEN PARK.

GRAND GALA WEEK. FREE EXCURSIONS EVERY DAY, EVERY DAY, EVERY DAY. The immense success of the LINDEN PARK ASSOCIATION, 700 lots having been transferred since July 1, has induced the officers to arrange for FREE EXCURSIONS, FREE EXCURSIONS To their beautiful grounds. Go then either on MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY OR SATURDAY of next week, and before it is too late SECURE A BEAUTIFUL HOME on the most delightful suburb of the Metropolis, within nine miles (forty-five minutes) of New-York City Hall. Lots are sold for the unprecedentedly low prices of $60 and upward, PAYABLE MONTHLY, with immediate possession on payment of $10.

Free tickets and full information can be obtained at the office of the Association, No. 37 Park-row, *World* Building.

J. NEUSTAEDTER, President.
CARL SCHWEDLER, Secretary.
CHARLES MAYNC, Treasurer.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE late Richard S. Field, of Princeton, N. J.—This beautiful country-seat is widely known for its collection of rare trees and shrubs, its choice variety of plants and its splendid evergreen hedges; there are twenty-nine acres of land; the house is of stone, with parlor, dining-room and library on the first floor, five chambers on the second floor, three with dressing-rooms attached, bath-room, hot and cold water, &c., servants' room and garret above; there are two graperies, warm and cold, green-house, gardener's house and all the usual out-buildings; on one part of the property is a frame building in the cottage style, which has been and may be rented without inconvenience or annoyance to the family occupying the place; to a gentleman with sufficient means, particularly if he has sons to educate, no more elegant or refined home could be found. Photographs and particulars at HOMER MORGAN'S, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT ELIZABETH—FIFTY TRAINS EACH WAY DAILY—Forty to fifty minutes from Liberty or Cortlandt sts., by the two most safe, comfortable, picturesque and reliable lines; delightful suburban cottage house, modern built and fitted, roomy and in good order, suitable for Winter or Summer residence; eligible and healthy location; lot 100x380, laid out in lawn, garden, fruit and shade trees; 2½ minutes from one station and 10 minutes from main depots; will sell at $15,000, one-third cash. Address C. C., Box No. 235 Post-office, New-York.

A COUNTRY-SEAT FOR SALE ON the banks of the Hudson, at Poughkeepsie, within ten minutes' ride of the Post-office and depot. Inquire of EDWIN SWAIN, No. 137 Front-st., New-York.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY-SEAT IN Dutchess County, N. Y.; superb in all its appointments. For full description inquire of MALLORY & BLACKWELL, No. 55 Liberty-st.

A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF 25 ACRES for sale in New-Jersey, 28 miles from New-York; 1⅛ miles from depot. Address FARM, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y.; furnished New-York country-seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

JAMAICA, L. I.—TO LET—A DESIRABLE residence in perfect order, gas throughout, pleasant surroundings; five minutes from depots, and convenient to City. Apply to owner, E. A. BRINCKERHOFF, Nos. 13 and 14 Lispenard-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED COUNTRY-SEAT at Throgg's Neck, Westchester County, 12 miles from New-York; convenient to railroad and steamboat. Apply to BARKER & COSTER, Room No. 6 *Herald* Building.

TO LET—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, AT low rent, furnished house, twelve rooms, pleasantly located at Stapleton, Staten Island. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

DEY-STREET HOUSE, NO. 44 AND 46 DEY-ST., NEW-YORK, TO RENT, PARTLY FURNISHED. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 36 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FARM WANTED—A GOOD FARM FOR farming purposes, in exchange for building lots at Rutherfurd Park, N. J. CHAS. THIES, No. 19 Nassau-st. Room No. 18.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BY JOHNSON & MILLER, SATURDAY, OCT. 15, At 12½ o'clock, on the premises. ABSOLUTE AND UNRESERVED SALE, BY ORDER OF P. J. ARMOUR, Esq., OF 16 SPLENDID LOTS ON BROADWAY, AND 25 ACRES CHOICE LAND, divided into several elegant building sites, being part of the PAULDING ESTATE, beautifully situated at

DOBB'S FERRY, ON THE HUDSON,

Selected with great care by the present owner, as constituting the MOST CHARMING SITES FOR COUNTRY RESIDENCES ON THE HUDSON RIVER. This first-class property is now for the first time offered at public sale. It is surrounded by the handsome residences of Messrs. Paton, Barbour, Cochrane, Olyphant, Hatch and Schwartzwaelder, is distant only three minutes' walk from the depot, and lies on an elevated ridge, from which there is afforded a varied and extensive landscape. The views of the river, mountains and valleys at this point are of the most picturesque character.

Communication by steam-boat and cars frequent. After May 1 Hudson River trains will run hourly, and the New-York and Boston Road through Saw Mill Valley will be completed for travel next Summer.

The PLOTS ON BROADWAY—a continuation of the WEST-SIDE BOULEVARD—are very desirable for villa residences, being situated in a select neighborhood, and only three minutes' walk from the depot. THIS PROPERTY WILL BE RESTRICTED AGAINST NUISANCES.

The following choice plots will also be sold:

PLOT OF SIX ACRES situated on private road, with large front on Broadway.

PLOT OF TWO ACRES situated on private road near Broadway.

MAGNIFICENT PLOT OF FOURTEEN ACRES, laid out in lawn, drives, &c., at a cost of $30,000, to render it available for immediate improvement. It must be seen to be appreciated.

Without exaggeration, the above is the choicest and most desirable property in the market. It is first-class in every respect. THE SALE WILL BE POSITIVE AND WITHOUT RESERVE. EVERY PLOT OFFERED WILL BE SOLD IN A BONA FIDE MANNER.

Parties seeking investment, or those intending to build, are particularly invited to examine the property, attend the sale and purchase one or more of the most superb rural sites ever offered on the grandest river of the world. Mr. C. G. Storms will be at the depot daily to show the property. SPECIAL CARS will be attached to the 11 o'clock express train of the Hudson River Railroad. For maps and particulars apply to JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, and No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

Closing-out Sale OF LOTS AND PLOTS, AT RUTHERFURD PARK.

On TUESDAY, Oct. 25, 1870, A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers, Will sell on the premises of the RUTHERFURD PARK ASSOCIATION, ABOUT 800 CITY LOTS, IN PLOTS, and 99 acres of land, in one parcel, between two railroads, to close out the property. Sale peremptory. Terms very easy. Title perfect. Free collation on the ground. Sale to begin at 12 A. M. A special train on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, Boontown Branch, will leave New-York, by Barclay and Christopher-street Ferries, at 11 o'clock, and the train will leave Hoboken at 11¼ A. M.; also from ferries foot of Chambers and 23d-sts., by Erie Railway. For circulars and free passes apply to the auctioneer, at No. 77 Cedar-st., and in the office of the Company, at No. 132 Hudson-st., Jersey City.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER of Executrix, of VALUABLE VILLA SITES on WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, and FIFTY-FOUR LOTS on BROADWAY.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Oct. 25, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (by order of the executrix of Lucius Chittenden, deceased,) SEVENTEEN VILLA SITES, containing an area of from fifteen to twenty-two lots each, situate on WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, adjoining the elegant villas of Hon. William M. Tweed, James Gordon Bennett, Joseph Potter and James Fisher, Esqs.

This property is part of a large tract on the Heights purchased by the late Mr. Chittenden in his life-time, and was reserved as being the CHOICEST AND MOST DESIRABLE property on the Heights. It commands an extensive VIEW OF THE HUDSON AND HARLEM RIVERS, and of the beautiful valley lying between the Heights and Harlem River, and for HEALTHFULNESS OF LOCATION, BEAUTY, GRANDEUR, AND VARIETY OF SCENERY is not surpassed by any property on NEW-YORK ISLAND OR ITS VICINITY. THE NEW RIVER BOULEVARD, now being laid out under the direction of the CENTRAL PARK COMMISSIONERS, and which runs through the westerly portion of this property, will, when completed, add greatly to its accessibility; and its course being along the high land on the BANK OF THE HUDSON RIVER and the RIVER SIDE PARK, will afford the most BEAUTIFUL AND PICTURESQUE DRIVE on the island.

The new road on the westerly side of the property is now open to carriages, and will eventually connect the plots on the hill by a beautifully shaded drive with the Boulevard.

The property is also but a short drive from CENTRAL PARK.

Also, fifty-four lots adjoining the above-described property, and fronting on BROADWAY, which is to be widened, making it one of the best roads on the island.

THE NEW TOWER AT HIGH BRIDGE RESERVOIR, now nearly finished, will, when completed, distribute the Croton water through houses that may be erected on the highest point.

The property will be sold under RESTRICTIONS AGAINST NUISANCES.

Seventy per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage of the premises.

Maps at the office of the auctioneer, No. 7 Pine-st., or at the office of Messrs. STALLKNECHT & HALL, Attorneys, No. 39 Nassau-st.

BY HAZARD, APTHORP & CO., REAL Estate Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 110 Broadway, corner Pine-st.

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF NINETY COTTAGE PLOTS IN ORANGE VALLEY, AT MONTROSE STATION, TUESDAY, NOV. 1, AND FIFTY VILLA SITES ON ORANGE MOUNTAIN, NEAR MONTROSE STATION, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 2.

Special trains each day at 11 A. M. Maps, terms and particulars at auctioneers' office.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LEASE FOR SALE.

A twenty-one years' lease of the fine residence of the late D. FANSHAW, situated on the 3d-av., between 90th and 91st sts., with about fourteen lots and gores, will be sold AT AUCTION, BY A. J. BLEECKER & SONS, At No. 111 Broadway, ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 19, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

The mansion-house is substantially built, size 43x40 feet 6 inches, and contains thirteen rooms.

For further particulars inquire of A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 77 Cedar-st., where a map of the property may be seen, and permits may be procured.

HARRIET A. FANSHAW.

BENJ. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY IN 48TH-ST. AND ADJACENT TO 5TH-AV.—V. K. STEVENSON, SON & CO. will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, Oct. 18, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the very valuable brown-stone house known as No. 21 West 48th-st. The said house is four stories, high stoop, brown stone, with all the modern improvements, and finished throughout in the very best manner. Size of house, 25x60, with bay window in rear; lot, 25x100. It being one of the well-known Columbia College leases, makes it a very desirable chance for investment. For maps and further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers No. 11 Pine-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, OCT. 20.

On the premises at Fordham, (Westchester County,) Under direction of P. T. RUGGLES, Esq., Referee, All of the unsold villa and village lots of the "Lorillard" Estate remaining from former sales.

THIS DAY, AT PELHAM, BY AUCTION.—The splendid Roosevelt property by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., 1 P. M.; trains 11¼, 4th-av. and 27th-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JOHNSON & MILLER and JOHN H. HINDLE, Auctioneers.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE.

130 SPLENDID PATERSON, N. J., LOTS. By JOHNSON & MILLER and JOHN H. HINDLE, Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, Oct. 20, at 1½ o'clock P. M., on the premises, Temple-st. Hill, in the First and Second Wards of the City of Paterson, N. J. Fine collation, ice-cream, music, &c., before the sale. For maps and particulars apply to JOHNSON & MILLER, Auctioneers, No. 25 Nassau-st., N. Y.

FINANCIAL.

MONTCLAIR RAILWAY (OF NEW-JERSEY.)

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS INDORSED BY THE N. Y. AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD CO.

The only railroad now building from New-York Harbor toward the West is the

GREAT MIDLAND ROAD.

The First Mortgage Bonds of THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY COMPANY, (the New-Jersey section of the Midland,) are now offered to the amount only of

HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

They are payable, principal and interest,

IN GOLD.

The rate of interest is 7 per cent., payable semi-annually, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

These bonds are secured by a first mortgage to MARCUS L. WARD and ABRAM S. HEWITT, Trustees, on the most valuable and profitable portion of THE MIDLAND RAILROAD, the traffic of which will alone suffice to pay a fair profit on the cost of construction.

The Montclair Railway

having been leased perpetually to the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad Company, becomes an integral part of that great work, and ITS BONDS ARE GUARANTEED by that Company.

NEARLY 200 MILES

in extent of this most important railroad are now completed and in successful operation, and THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY, constituting the eastern terminal section—forty miles in length—is in process of rapid construction, and will be completed by December, 1871, contemporaneously with the entire line, thereby establishing a new route from New-York westerly by way of Oswego, fifty miles shorter than by the Central, and by way of Buffalo seventy miles shorter than either the Central or the Erie Roads.

We recommend these bonds as a safe and valuable investment, because—

First—They are secured by a first mortgage on THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY and all its franchises, and EACH BOND BEARS THE INDORSEMENT of the

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.

Second—The LOCAL TRAFFIC of this road must be large, as it connects New-York City with its most attractive suburbs, thereby insuring a profitable business to the road.

Third—The franchises of the Company, embracing lines of railway and branches to be built, and an INDEPENDENT FERRY across Hudson River, all of which are included in the mortgage, confer a value on these bonds in addition to that afforded by the main line.

Fourth—The entire capital of both Companies, amounting at the present time to nearly $8,000,000 PAID IN, all of which has been faithfully devoted to the economical construction of the road, is liable for the payment of these bonds.

Fifth—The large rate of interest,

PAYABLE IN GOLD COIN,

affords to holders of Government Bonds a great inducement to change their investment. For instance: A Government Bond of $1,000 costs (say) $1,100
Yielding an income of 60
$1,100, invested in Montclair Railway Bonds, at par, yield an income of 77
Difference, $17, or 28⅓ per cent.

These bonds are issued in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, respectively. For sale by

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER, Bankers, No. 10 Wall-st.

A FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

Cherry Valley, Sharon and Albany Railroad FIRST MORTGAGE Seven Per Cent. Convertible Bonds.

INTEREST PAYABLE JUNE 15 AND DEC. 15, AT THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

THE CHERRY VALLEY, SHARON AND ALBANY RAILROAD connects Albany, by way of Cobleskill, with the largely frequented watering places, Sharon Springs and Cherry Valley. It runs through a very rich agricultural country, thickly settled, and many thriving villages. The length of the road is twenty-two miles from Cobleskill to Cherry Valley; it is perpetually leased to the ALBANY AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD, which road is again perpetually leased to the DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY. The lease made to the latter Company provides that they shall run and keep in first-class order the Cherry Valley, Sharon and Albany Railroad, the latter to receive fifty per cent. of the gross earnings. THE ROAD IS THOROUGHLY WELL BUILT AND EQUIPPED, AND HAS RUN REGULARLY SINCE THE 10TH OF JUNE LAST. ITS EARNINGS HAVE BEEN:

June $1,596 27
July 3,762 00
August 3,146 00

OF WHICH FIFTY PER CENT. IS PAID TO THIS ROAD, AND IT IS THUS DEMONSTRATED THAT IN THE FIRST FEW MONTHS THEIR EARNINGS EXCEED BY THIRTY PER CENT. THE REQUIREMENTS FOR INTEREST ON THEIR FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS. There is no doubt that the business in future will increase vastly, and it is not extravagant to estimate the earnings of the next year at double those of this year, thus making privilege of conversion a valuable one, as the stock will no doubt soon earn dividends of ten per cent. per annum.

THE CAPITAL STOCK IS $300,000, WHICH HAS BEEN ALL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP IN CASH. The whole issue of Mortgage Bonds is $300,000, which is the only lien on the entire property. The trustees of the mortgage are J. Pierrepont Morgan, of Dabney, Morgan & Co., and T. F. Olcott, Vice-President of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, of Albany.

The bonds bear seven per cent. interest, and are convertible into stock at the option of the holder.

Fifty thousand dollars of the bonds have been sold, and we offer the remaining $250,000 AT 92½ AND ACCRUED INTEREST, AND DO NOT HESITATE TO RECOMMEND THEM AS AN UNDOUBTED A 1 BOND, WHICH IS FULLY EQUAL AS A PERFECTLY SAFE INVESTMENT TO ANY FIRST MORTGAGE BOND QUOTED AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

HALLGARTEN & CO., NO. 28 BROAD-ST.

VERMILYE & CO. BANKERS, 16 and 18 Nassau-st.. New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD. MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

St. Louis County, Mo., 7 PER CENT. BONDS.

For sale by H. AMY & CO., No. 21 Nassau-st.

JAMES G. KING'S SONS, BANKERS, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

Issue letters of credit on London and Paris, available in all the principal cities on the Continent. Buy and sell exchange on London, Paris, Amsterdam, Edinburgh and Glasgow.

OFFICE OF THE INTERNATIONAL OCEAN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1870.

AN ELECTION FOR NINE DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office of this Company, No. 59 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, on the first TUESDAY of December next, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock of that day, pursuant to the following by-law of said Company:

"The Board of Directors shall consist of nine members, to be elected by the stockholders on the first Tuesday of December of each year, or as soon after as convenient, and at such election each stockholder shall be entitled, either in person or by proxy, to such number of votes as correspond with the number of shares standing in his name on the books of the Company. The persons receiving the largest number of votes shall be deemed to be chosen."

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed on the 15th of November, and opened again on the 7th of December.

T. F. BLADEN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF HAMPSHIRE & BALTIMORE COAL CO., No. 70 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Oct. 13, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREholders of this Company for the election of seven Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, on THURSDAY, the 20th inst. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.

SAMUEL M. POND, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE. CHOICE CITY AND COUNTY BONDS, PAYING 10 PER CENT. & OVER,

AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE, AND CONFIRMED BY A LARGE VOTE OF THE PEOPLE AT ELECTIONS HELD FOR THAT PURPOSE. ALL OF A HIGH ORDER AND FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES OF UNDOUBTED CHARACTER. INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. SUITABLE FOR PERMANENT, SAFE, AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS. FOR SALE AT A REDUCTION BELOW PAR, FOR THE PRESENT ONLY.

Real Valuation of Property, $50,346,161

Whole Indebtedness only, $1,175,000

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES

RECEIVED IN EXCHANGE AT THE BEST RATES, AND BONDS PURCHASED BY OUT-OF-TOWN RESIDENTS SENT BY EXPRESS FREE OF CHARGE.

TRUSTEES, EXECUTORS OF ESTATES, CAPITALISTS, AND OTHERS SEEKING RELIABLE INVESTMENTS ARE PURCHASING THESE LOANS.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,

BANKER, STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER, NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

N. B.—FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES, PAYING LARGE RATES OF INTEREST, A SPECIALTY WITH THIS HOUSE FOR MANY YEARS.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Comparative Earnings past Three Years:

1867-8	$2,228,609 44		
1868-9	2,381,128 55	Increase	$152,521 11
1869-70	2,954,558 80	Increase	573,520 25

This is on same length of road.

Road cost over $16,000,000
Mortgage debt less than 8,000,000

The stock pays

8 PER CENT CASH DIVIDENDS.

The road to be double tracked as fast as can be done, to keep pace with increasing demands upon it.

The result of many years' business, and the unsullied reputation of this Corporation for punctuality, should command PAR for its bonds. We offer the remnant of this loan of thirty years' bonds, bearing Seven per Cent. Interest, payable semi-annually in New-York, April and October, at 90 and accrued interest.

THE BONDS MAY BE REGISTERED, if desired, and we recommend them unhesitatingly to all investors who desire securities ABOUT WHICH THERE IS NO DOUBT.

J. B. ALEXANDER & CO., 19 Nassau-st.
JNO. J. CISCO & SON, 59 Wall-st.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NO. 336 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL - $1,000,000
DEPOSITS, OVER $5,000,000.

PAYS 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

PAYS 5 PER CENT. INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.

THE COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEYS PAID INTO COURT, AND RECEIVES MONEYS IN TRUST.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
S. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President. BENJ. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

BANKING HOUSE OF Geo. Opdyke & Co. 25 Nassau St. CORNER OF CEDAR ST.

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.

PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.

INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Governments, Gold, Bonds and other Securities.

COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.
JOHN MUNROE & CO., NO. 8 WALL-ST., New-York,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

AGENCY, NO. 17 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

COMMERCIAL CREDITS issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East and West Indies, and South America.

Demand and time bills of exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, cable transfers.

Demand drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and San Francisco. Bills collected, and other banking business transacted.

JOHN PATON, ARCH'D McKINLAY, } Agents.

8 per Cent. Interest FIRST MORGAGE BONDS!

OF THE ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.

85 MILES COMPLETED, and in operation, the earnings on which are in excess of interest on the total issue. Grading finished, and only 26 miles of track are to be laid to complete the road. Mortgage at the rate of $13,500 per mile. Price 97½ and accrued interest. We unhesitatingly recommend them, and will furnish maps and pamphlets upon application.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO., No. 54 Pine-st.
TANNER & CO., No. 49 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK CITY 5s OF 1870

WANTED AT 100.
NEW-YORK CITY 7s OF 1886
For sale. GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 24 Nassau-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., NO. 59 WALL-ST., issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a meeting of the incorporators of the Bankers' Life Insurance and Trust Company of New-York will be held at the office of Barton & Allen, No. 40 Broad-st., in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, at 2 P. M., for the purpose of organization and appointing a committee to open books of subscription to the capital stock.

JAMES M. DAVIS, Chairman pro tem.
HARRY ALLEN, Secretary pro tem.

LOST OR STOLEN—A LETTER CONtaining a note of hand, dated New-York, Oct. 3, 1870, for $1,544 38, payable sixty days from date at the Bank of Commerce, New-York, signed John M. Pendleton, for account of Glamorgan Soap Company. All persons are cautioned against negotiating for the above-described note, as payment of the same has been stopped, and the subscriber requests a return of the said note to him, care of Strang, Platt & Co., No. 37 Broadway.

F. C. CROSS.

FINANCIAL.

The Strongest and Best Secured, as well as Most Profitable Investment now Offered in the Market.

7 Per Cent. Gold. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

COUPON OR REGISTERED, AND FREE OF U. S. TAX,

Principal and Interest Payable In Gold, ISSUED BY THE

Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company.

The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at

90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.

INTEREST PAYABLE MAY AND NOVEMBER.

J. EDGAR THOMSON, CHARLES L. FROST, } Trustees.

The bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion only of the line fully completed and equipped. The greater part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connections, thereby shortening the distance between St. Paul and Chicago 45 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is rapidly progressing, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated, will double the present income of the road.

The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly-settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security. A small quantity of the issue only remains unsold, and when the enterprise is completed, which will be this Fall, an immediate advance over subscription price may be looked for.

The bonds have fifty years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at an early day to command a market price considerably above par. United States Five-twenties, at present prices, return only 4½ per cent. currency interest, while these bonds pay 9⅓ per cent., and we regard them to be as safe and fully equal as a security to any railroad bond issued; and until they are placed upon the New-York Stock Exchange, the rules of which require the road to be completed, we obligate ourselves to re-buy at any time any of these bonds sold by us after this date at the same price as realized by us on their sale.

All marketable securities taken in payment free of commission and express charges.

HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st.. New-York.

Cammann & Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 8 Wall-st.,

Transact a general Banking Business, and give particular attention to the purchase and sale of Government, State and Railroad Securities.

Deposits received subject to check at sight.

BOGERT & WHITE, BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 13 Broad-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL PARK, NORTH AND EAST RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, CORNER 10TH-AV. AND 51ST-ST. NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, and Inspectors of Election, will be held at this office at 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday, Oct. 18, 1870. C. H. TUCKER, President.

WE OFFER FOR SALE—20 SHARES Manhattan Bank Stock. 300 shares Merchants' National Bank Stock. $36,000 shares Manhattan Gas 7 per cent. Certificates. 300 shares Valley Railroad 8 per cent Stock, guaranteed by Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, upon favorable terms. WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & Co., No. 40 Wall-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

All deposits made on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1. $1 to $5,000 received. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK, Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st., Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., And on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WILLIAM B. RIBBINS, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., opposite COOPER INSTITUTE.

MONEY DEPOSITED on or before THE 20TH OF OCTOBER will draw interest from OCT. 1. Interest payable in January.

SIX PER CENT. paid on all sums of $5 and upward. Deposits of one dollar received.

Bank open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY and WEDNESDAY evenings from 5 to 7.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK. Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner Laight-st. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 TO $5,000. Money deposited on or before Oct. 20 will bear interest from Oct. 1.

ASSETS, $7,758,946 96.

N. J. HAINES, W. S. WHITLOCK, Vice-Presidents. JOHN McLEAN, President. G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK, Corner of 8th-av. and West 34th-st.

MONEY DEPOSITED on or before the 20th of October will draw INTEREST from Oct. 1.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also, on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

JOHN HOOPER, President.
JAMES O. BENNETT, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, Chatham-square and New Bowery, New-York. DEPOSITS FROM $1 TO $5,000 received, and interest thereon allowed at the rate of SIX PER CENT., FREE OF TAX.

Interest commences quarterly—January, April, July and October.

ASSETS $2,310,062 52
SURPLUS 189,500 00

Money deposited now will draw interest from Oct. 1.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK, No. 388 6th-av., Booth's Theatre.

Money deposited before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1, at 7 per cent. per annum.

Interest paid on all sums from $1 to $10,000.

ISAAC S. BARRETT, Sec'y. WM. M. GILES, Pres't.
H. K. THURBER, HUGH MURRAY, } Vice-Presidents.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., CORNER of 14TH-ST.—SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1.

Assets ......$2,038,552 63 | Surplus $154,551 68

ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEfore Oct. 20 draw interest from Oct. 1. DIME SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 3 and 5 Broadway, Williamsburg.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS J. BLANCK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the store and place of business of William F. Blanck, No. 318 Hudson-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 20th day of July, 1870.

JOHN W. BLANCK,
WILLIAM F. BLANCK, and
AARON P. BLANCK,
jy22-law6mSa* Executors of said deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FREDERICK H. BARTHOLOMEW, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of James R. Bartholomew, No. 196 Greenwich-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day November next.—Dated New-York the 3d day of May, 1870.

SARAH BARTHOLOMEW, Executrix.
my7-law6mSa*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS B. RICHARDS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their residence No. 231 West 10th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 22d day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 17th day of June, 1870.

SARAH M. RICHARDS, Executrix.
je18-law6mS* JAMES J. RICHARDS, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WATTS SHERMAN, late of the City of New-York and State of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office No. 11 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 31st day of May, 1870.

WILLIAM WATTS SHERMAN, Executor.
je4-law6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES HORN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his office, No. 67 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 19th day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 12th day of May, 1870.

WILLIAM T. HORN, Executor.
my14-law6mSa*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HIRAM HUTCHINSON, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Sanford & Woodruff, No. 102 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of March next.—Dated New York, the 12th day of August, 1870.

MARY ANN HUTCHINSON, Executrix.
au13-law6mSa*

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

GRACE CHAPEL—FREE SEATS—East 14th-st. Rev. JOHN W. KRAMER, Clergyman in charge. Services on SUNDAY at 10 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The evening sermon—one in the course on "Faith and Works." Subject—*Doing*. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

NEW-YORK ASSOCIATION OF SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS.—Monthly meeting Oct. 17, 1870, 7½ P. M., at Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church, corner 22d-st. After the usual introductory services, the audience will resolve itself into a Sunday-school, under the superintendence of Prof. M. M. MERRILL, of Grace Mission; teachers to be chosen at the time. The teaching of classes will occupy twenty-five minutes, after which teachers will make brief reports of methods used in teaching the lesson. Lesson: St. Mark x., 35-49. The meeting will close with an address by Rev. Dr. CROSBY. PHILIP PHILLIPS will be present and conduct the singing.

HOME EVANGELIZATION.—THE friends of the American Tract Society will meet in the Church of the Ascension, 5th-av. and 10th-st., SABBATH, Oct. 16, at 7½ o'clock, to hear statements from Secretary STEVENSON of missionary work among the Chinese on the Pacific coast, and other destitute classes of the South and West. Addresses will also be delivered by the Rector, Rev. Dr. JOHN COTTON SMITH, Rev. Dr. THOS. VERMILYE, and others.

NOTICE.—T. T. KENDRICK, PASTOR Grand-street Methodist Church, Brooklyn, E. D., preaches SABBATH EVENING his fourth discourse in the regular Sunday Evening course, on *Courtship*, and in the MORNING, 10½ o'clock, subject—*The Power of Woman's Faith*. Juvenile temperance meeting at 2 P. M., to be addressed by THOS. HEYWOOD, late of London, England. Seats free.

SYRIA MISSION—LATELY OF THE AMERICAN BOARD.—Addresses for this Mission will be made in the Brick Church, 37th-st. and 5th-av., SUNDAY EVENING, Oct. 16, by Rev. D. STUART DODGE, of Beyrout, and Drs. HITCHCOCK and PRIME, under the direction of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock.

THE FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL MEETing of the Brooklyn Sunday-school Union will be held on MONDAY EVENING, 17th inst., at 7½ o'clock, at the Tabernacle of Central Presbyterian Church, (Rev. T. DEWITT TALMAGE'S,) Schermerhorn-st., near Powers. Addresses by eminent speakers; singing by the Sunday-school. George W. Morgan, Esq., will preside at the organ.

HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR LITTLE WANDERERS, No. 40 New Bowery, Rev. W. C. VAN METER, Superintendent.—Sunday-school 2 to 3 o'clock, followed by addresses from Rev. J. HYATT SMITH and others; singing by the children. Prayer-meeting TUESDAY EVENING, 7½ o'clock. Day-school 9 to 3 o'clock. Visitors welcome daily, (except Saturday,) from 10 to 2 o'clock.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY.—Preaching on SUNDAY, at the Mariners' Church, corner of Catharine and Madison sts., at 10½ A. M., by Rev. Mr. PARSONS, and at 7½ P. M. by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. MURPHY; also, the Mission, corner of Water and Dover sts., and No. 275 West-st. at 3½ o'clock P. M.

BIBLE QUESTION.—REV. OSCAR HUGO will preach SUNDAY MORNING in Plymouth Baptist Church, 51st-st., between 9th and 10th avs.; Rev. Dr. WESTCOTT, Pastor. In the EVENING Mr. HUGO will preach in Sands-street (near Fulton-st.) Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, Rev. Dr. KETTELL, Pastor. Subject—*Protestant Rights in Catholic Countries.*

WILLETT-STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, near Grand-st., Rev. JOHN S. HAUGH, Pastor.—Preaching at the usual morning and evening hours. Sunday-school at 9 and 2 o'clock, A. H. BRUMMELL, Superintendent. Young people's meeting at 6 P. M. Seats all free and a hearty welcome.

SEVENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, 7th-st., near 3d-av.—Preaching on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. H. F. PEASE; and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. C. BACKMAN; Subject—*Dancing*. Monthly meeting of the Youths' Missionary Society at 2 P. M.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF SEA AND LAND, corner Market and Henry-sts.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. EDWARD HOPPER, at 10½ and 7½. Sabbath-school at 9 and 2. At the afternoon session FANNY CROSBY will read a poem and address the school. Seats all free.

SPIRITUALISM ON SUNDAY IN THE hall south-west corner of 8th-av. and 16th-st. Startling manifestations are witnessed here every Sunday, proving conclusively that spirits do hold converse with mortals, encouraging and wooing them onward toward their heavenly home. Seats free.

FORTY-SECOND-STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near 5th-av.—Rev. T. RALSTON SMITH will preach SABBATH MORNING on account of the Missionary meeting in the Brick Church, 37th-st. and 5th-av. This Church will be closed in the evening.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, COOPER Institute, Room No. 24.—Preaching on SUNDAY, by Elder JOHN B. COOK, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., on subjects connected with the *Coming and Kingdom of Christ at Hand*. All are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

REV. WM. ORMISTON, D. D., LATE of Hamilton, Canada West, having entered on his pastoral duties of the Reformed Dutch Church, 5th-av. and 29th-st., will preach his Introductory Sermons in that Church, SABBATH NEXT, the 16th inst., at 10½ o'clock in the morning and 3½ in the afternoon.

ST. PAUL'S REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, Reservoir-square, 40th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., Rev. ALEXANDER R. THOMPSON, D. D., Pastor.—Please God, Divine service on SUNDAY, 16th inst., at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Sunday-school and children's service at 9 o'clock A. M.

EASTERN BRANCH YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, No. 473 Grand-st., junction East Broadway.—Bible class every SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock, under the direction of Rev. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS. All are welcome.

MOST IMPORTANT!—THAT MAN OF God, who is much hated for the truth's sake, will preach the word of prophecy in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M.; seats free. Subject—*The Time, Manner, and Object of Christ's Second Coming.*

MRS. EMMA HARDINGE WILL speak before the Society of Progressive Spiritualists, at Appollo Hall, Broadway and 28th-st., SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. No reserved seats. Children's Lyceum at 3 P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, PARK av., between 39th and 40th sts.—Services—Sunday-school at 9 A. M.; preaching by Pastor, T. D. ANDERSON, D. D., at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3½ P. M.; prayer and conference meeting at 8 P. M.

ASSOCIATION HALL.—REV. H. D. GANSE, Pastor of North-west Reformed Church, now worshiping in this hall, preaches every SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and AFTERNOON at 3½.

SEVENTEENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between 1st and 2d avs.—Preaching SUNDAY MORNING by Rev. I. S. WILLIS, Pastor. General prayer-meetings at 3 and 7 o'clock P. M. Conducted by Brother SAMUEL HALSTED. Seats free.

REV. WILLIAM H. BOOLE WILL preach in the Beekman Hill M. E. Church, East 50th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., SABBATH MORNING at 10½ o'clock, and in the EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath-school at 2 P. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH HOME CHAPEL, No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.—Services on SUNDAY next at 10½ A. M. The Rector, Rev. Dr. PRICE, will preach. Seats free.

ANTIOCH BAPTIST CHURCH, BLEECKer-st., corner Morton.—The Pastor, Rev. JOHN LOVE, Jr., will preach SUNDAY, Oct. 16, at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Subject for the evening—*Ark of Safety*.

JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH, BEtween Nassau and William sts.—Pastor Rev. L. S. WEED will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject in the evening—*An Astronomical Miracle*. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

REV. H. D. NORTHROP WILL PREACH in the West Twenty-third-street Presbyterian Church, near 7th-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Young people's prayer-meeting at 7½ P. M. A cordial invitation given to attend these services.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET will preach at 7½ and 10½ A. M., and 2½ for deaf mutes; 4 P. M. catechetical instruction. Rev. O. WITHERSPOON will preach at 7½ P. M.

TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, West 34th-st., near 8th-av.—Preaching on SUNDAY, the 16th inst. MORNING at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Dr. FOSS; EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. Dr. FERRIS.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 5th-av. above 45th-st.—Rev. R. S. HOWLAND, D. D., Rector; Rev. T. K. CONRAD, D. D., Associate Rector. Divine service on SUNDAY, Oct. 16, at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH OF ST. JAMES, East 15th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. A. C. WEDEKIND, D. D., SUNDAY, Oct. 16, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath-school at 2½ P. M.

REV. W. W. PAGE WILL PREACH on SABBATH, in the New-York Presbyterian Church, corner Houston and Thompson sts., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public are cordially invited to attend.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, 21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs.—Rev. G. F. KROTEL, D. D., Pastor. Services SUNDAY, 16th inst., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

REV. W. H. MILBURN WILL PREACH (D. V.) in St. Luke's Church, Hudson-st., opposite Grove-st., on SUNDAY NIGHT, Oct. 16. Service commences at 7½. Services 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

REV. T. H. BURCH, PASTOR, WILL preach at Thirty-seventh-street M. E. Church (near 3d-av.,) SUNDAY MORNING. Sabbath-school at 9 and 2.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH—PARK-av., Rev. G. H. HEPWORTH, Pastor.—Services MORNING and EVENING. Subject Sunday Evening—*Conscience*.

MADISON-AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, corner of 31st.—Rev. J. F. ELDER, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY NEXT, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Madison-av. and 42d-st., Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr., Rector.—Hours of service, every SUNDAY during the Winter, 10½ A. M. and 3½ and 7½ P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH—Working men and women especially welcome; earnest, practical sermons for the masses. Service 10½ and 7½ o'clock, 31st-st. near 2d-av.

WEST FIFTY-THIRD-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, near 7th-av.—Rev. WM. H. PENDLETON, Pastor, preaches every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2 P. M.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, WEST 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. R. S. MCARTHUR, SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers welcome.

MURRAY HILL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 40th-st., near Lexington-av.—Services on SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. GEORGE S. CHAMBERS.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY LIGHT, 7th-av., next to 34th-st.—Divine service at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN will preach.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

STEINWAY HALL, 14TH-ST.

SUNDAY EVENING SERVICES AND LECTURES ON THE DOCTRINES OF EMANUEL SWEDENBORG. On SUNDAY EVENING, Oct. 16, lecture by Rev. J. C. AGER.

Subject—*Jesus the Physician; or, the Atonement a Work of Healing.*

The public invited. To commence at 7½ o'clock.

THE EVANGELICAL ANNIVERSARIES.—The Evangelical Societies of the Protestant Episcopal Church will hold their Anniversaries as follows: Church of the Holy Trinity, Madison-av. and 42d-st., New-York. Oct. 18—TUESDAY.—Evangelical Knowledge Society—10 A. M., Devotional meeting; 11 A. M., Business meeting; 7½ P. M., Anniversary meeting, with a sermon. Oct. 19—WEDNESDAY.—American Church Missionary Society—10½ A. M., the Holy Communion; 12, noon, Business meeting; 7½ P. M., Anniversary meeting, with addresses. Oct. 20—THURSDAY.—Evangelical Educational Society—10 A. M., Devotional meeting; 11 A. M., Business meeting; 7½ P. M., Anniversary meeting, with addresses. By order of the Committee of Arrangements. WILLIAM A. NEWBOLD, Corresponding Secretary.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY of the Bedford-street Methodist Episcopal Church will be held on SUNDAY, the 16th inst. Preaching in the MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Dr. JOHN H. VINCENT, Secretary of Sunday-school Union. Addresses in the AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, by Rev. Dr. DEEMS, Rev. WM. H. BOOLE and GEORGE BUNGAY, Esq. Preaching in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. Dr. EGGLESTON, late of Chicago. All interested in Sunday-school work are most cordially invited to be present.

THE PILGRIMS' JUBILEE.—TO COMmemorate the fifth jubilee of the LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS, a course of lectures will be given in the BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH, by REV. LEONARD BACON, D. D., of New-Haven, on the Church history of the Pilgrims prior to their coming to New-England. The first lecture will be on SUNDAY EVENING, Oct. 16, at 7½ o'clock. Subject: THE ORIGIN OF NATIONAL CHURCHES AND THE PURITANS AS A PARTY IN THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND. SEATS FREE TO ALL.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison-av. and 35th-st.—Right Rev. Dr. EASTBURN, Bishop of Massachusetts, will preach in the Church of the Incarnation on SUNDAY MORNING, the 16th inst. Divine service and sermon in the AFTERNOON at 3½; Rev. Dr. MONTGOMERY will preach. At 7½ there will be a special service, when Right Rev. Dr. CUMMINS, Assistant Bishop of Kentucky, will preach.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—(Dr. SEAVER'S.) Rev. GEO. H. GOULD, D. D., of Hartford, is expected to speak in this Church on SUNDAY, 16th inst. Services at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. The Pastor has so far recovered from his recent severe illness as to return to the City, but is not yet able to supply the pulpit.

GREENE-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. A. K. SANFORD, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M. The morning sermon more particularly to aged Christians; prayer-meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING; experience-meeting on FRIDAY EVENING. The seats are free.

ALLEN-STREET M. E. CHURCH, BEtween Rivington and Delancy sts.—Rev. SAMUEL H. SMITH will preach at 10½ A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., and Rev. WM. MCALLISTER, Pastor, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 1½ P. M. Young people's Prayer-meeting at 6 o'clock. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

REV. MERRILL RICHARDSON, Pastor elect of the New-England Congregational Church, of this City, will preach SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Services temporarily in Rutgers Chapel, 5th-av., between 41st and 42d sts. All are invited. Due notice will be given of the removal to the church, corner of Madison-av. and 47th-st.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE of the Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st., the original Mission at the Points; Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent.—Service at 10½ A. M., and preaching at 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9½ A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M. Friends of the cause are invited.

REV. CHARLES T. LEE WILL PREACH at Plimpton's Building, 9th-st., east of 3d-av., on SUNDAY, Oct. 16, at 10½ A. M. Subject—*Joys and Duties of a Christian Life*. Seats free. The public cordially invited.

REV. J. M. PULLMAN WILL PREACH AT the Church of our Savior, (Sixth Universalist,) 35th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Sunday-school at 3 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—56th-st., near Broadway.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES D. WILSON. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath-school at 2½ P. M.

SAINT THOMAS' CHURCH, 5TH-AV., corner 53d-st., Rev. Dr. MORGAN, Rector.—Services on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

SAINT THOMAS' CHURCH—B. W. WILLIAMS, sexton and undertaker, No. 276 6th-av.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CINCINNATI, Oct. 11, 1870.

The directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of Four per Cent., free of tax, payable in cash on or after the 24th inst., at the Banking-house of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., Pine-st., New-York.

The transfer-books will be closed from the 13th to the 24th inst., inclusive.

F. H. SHORT, Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., NEW YORK, Sept. 27, 1870.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., free of United States tax, has been declared, payable on the 17th day of October next, to shareholders who shall be registered as such on the closing of the transfer-books. The transfer-books will be closed on the afternoon of the 8th day of October and opened on the 2d day of November next.

The capital stock of the Company has been increased one million dollars, in conformity with the proceedings of the stockholders at their meeting in June, 1869, and the same is offered to stockholders at par in the proportion of one additional share to each sixteen shares held by them on the closing of the transfer-books, said stock to be subscribed and paid for on or before the 1st day of November next, at which date negotiable scrip will be issued, entitling the holder to convert the same into shares of stock on and after 1st December next, when presented in sums of one hundred dollars, or any multiple of the same.

Stockholders not having complied with the above requirements by the 1st day of November next will be considered as having waived their right to subscribe, and the stock will be otherwise disposed of.

FRANCIS H. TOWS, Treasurer.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, Sept. 10, 1870.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the capital stock thereof, payable on the 15th day of October next, at the office of Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., in the City of New-York.

They have also declared a like dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the "Consolidation Certificates" issued by the Company, payable on the same date, at the office of the Union Trust Company in the City of New-York.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on Thursday, the 15th day of September inst., and will be reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 19th day of October next.

E. D. WORCESTER, Treasurer.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE interest on the Bonds and Stocks of the City and County of New-York due Nov. 1, 1870, will be paid on that day by JOHN J. BRADLEY, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at his office, in the new Court-house.

The transfer-books will be closed Saturday, Sept. 24, 1870.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Controller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1870.

OFFICE OF DENVER PACIFIC RAILWAY, DENVER, COLORADO, Oct. 10, 1870.

THE COUPONS DUE NOV. 1, 1870, on the first mortgage seven per cent. gold bonds of the Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company, will be paid, on and after that date, at the banking-house of Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., No. 53 Exchange-place, New-York.

D. H. MOFFAT, Jr., Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE CO., NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1870.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Ten (10) per Cent. has this day been declared, payable on demand. A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 14th day of October, A. D. 1870, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ANDREW J. WHITE, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 63 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1870, at 12 o'clock M.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 13th day of October, A. D. 1870, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GILES W. DART, at New-York City, in the County and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., New-York City, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 2d day of November, A. D. 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, COURT-HOUSE, PARK, No 32 CHAMBERS-ST., Oct. 11, 1870.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE is hereby given that the tax-books for real estate will be opened for payment at this office on SATURDAY NEXT, Oct. 15.

Payment thereof can be made between the hours of 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. A deduction, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, calculated from the date of payment to the 1st day of December, will be made on all taxes paid previous to the 1st of November.

BERNARD SMYTH, Receiver.

STATIONERY.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL, NO. 45 MAIDEN lane.—Blank books, paper and stationery, all kinds, at low prices. Books made to pattern. Job printing and lithographic work. Orders solicited.

SHIPPING.

THE ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS
SAIL EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE WEDNESDAY TO AND FROM GLASGOW AND DERRY.
Passengers booked and forwarded from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, or Denmark to America, as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other line or line.

"REGULAR" STEAMERS.	"EXTRA" STEAMERS.
Anchoria.....Sat., Oct. 15	Britannia...Wed., Oct. 19
Italy.....Sat., Oct. 22	Iowa.....Wed., Nov. 2
Australia...Thurs., Oct. 27	Caledonia...Wed., Nov. 16
Columbia.....Sat., Nov. 5	Britannia...Wed., Nov. 30
Europa.....Sat., Nov. 12	Iowa.....Wed., Dec. 14
Cambria.....Sat., Nov. 19	Caledonia...Wed., Dec. 28

and every SATURDAY and alternate WEDNESDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York, at noon.
RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY, TO LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, OR DERRY:
First Cabin $65 and $75, according to location.
Cabin excursion tickets, good for 12 months, allowing two stopovers on the way, $120.
Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $22.
Certificates, at REDUCED RATES, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts issued, payable on presentation.
Apply at the Company's office, 7 Bowling-green.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

CUNARD LINE.
THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Siberia.	Tuesday, Oct. 18	Malta.	Thursday, Oct. 27
Russia.	Wednes., Oct. 19	Tripoli.	Saturday, Oct. 29
Calabria.	Thurs., Oct. 20	China.	Wednesday, Nov. 2
Aleppe.	Saturday, Oct. 22	Abyssinia.	Thurs., Nov. 3
Cuba.	Wednesday, Oct. 26	Palmyra.	Saturday, Nov. 5

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the steamers, not carrying Steerage:	PAYABLE IN GOLD.	PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
1st Cabin	$75	Steerage..... $30
Return tickets	140	To London..... 35
To Halifax, N. S.	20	To Halifax, N. S. 15

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NATIONAL LINE.
STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN,
From Pier No. 47 North River.
HOLLAND, THOMAS, Saturday, Oct. 15, at 8 A. M.
FRANCE, GEORGE, Saturday, Oct. 22, at 2 P. M.
ITALY, GRACE, Saturday, Oct. 29, at 9 A. M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown; Cabin, $75 and $65, currency; steerage, $28 currency.
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.

LONDON DIRECT.
VIRGINIA, ANDREWS, Saturday, Oct. 15, at 8 A. M.
Cabin passage, $85 and $75, currency.
Steerage passage, $28, currency.
For further particulars apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE TO
CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.
FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.
Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:

First Class.	Steerage.
$195 to $170.	$60.

according to location of berth.
These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon.
ON 4TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on SUNDAY, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendances free.
OCT. 20. ALASKA, Capt. GRAY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. CAVARLY.
Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco Nov. 1, 1870, for China and Japan.
All freight for San Francisco will go as fast, and be received until 4 P. M. Wednesday, Oct. 19.
Freight for Central American and South Pacific ports will be received until 4 P. M. on Tuesday, Oct. 18, only.
See the usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, Oct. 24.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. THINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM, Dec. 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

HAVANA. SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line—Sailing every twenty days, from Pier No. 17 East River.
The new steamers
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. THOMERMAN, THURSDAY, Oct. 20, 3 P. M.
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DRAKEN, WEDNESDAY, Nov. 9, 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 23 Broadway.

SAN DOMINGO LINE
FOR PUERTO PLATA, SAMANA AND SAN DOMINGO CITY.
The United States mail steam-ship
TYBEE,
Capt. E. A. DELANOY,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY,
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 2 o'clock P. M. precisely from Pier No. 4 North River.

MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS	Oct. 20
MORRO CASTLE Capt. R. ADAMS	Oct. 27
COLUMBIA. Capt. E. VAN SICK, (via Nassau.)	Nov. 3

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President.
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.,
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICK, will sail Nov. 3, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President.
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Old line, low freight.
The well-known, first-class side-wheel steam-ship
DE SOTO,
T. H. MORTON, Commander,
now at her dock receiving cargo, will leave Pier No. 36 North River on SATURDAY, 22d October, at 3 P. M. Freight taken for Mobile to be reshipped at New-Orleans.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 88 Liberty-st.
Steam-ship VICTOR will follow from Pier No. 29 East River on SATURDAY, Oct 22.
C. H. MALLORY & CO.,
No. 153 Maiden-lane.

DELAWARE AND NEW-YORK S. S. CO.—Pier No. 21 N. R.—The steamer W. W. COIT will leave for Lewes, Del., MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 5 P.M., taking freight for all points on the Junction and Breakwater and Delaware Railroads. Returning, leave Lewes WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M.
Splendid fishing at Lewes.
For freight and passage apply at office on pier.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who are desirous to get at earlier, should leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from the multiplicity of cares and troubles concerning passports, examination and conveyance of luggage in entering the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying at the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 9 Rue d'Antin, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 68 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS
AND SATURDAYS.
THE STEAM-SHIPS
MAGNOLIA, Capt. WEEKMAN, SATURDAY, Oct. 15, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. E. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FARNHAM, SATURDAY, Oct. 15, from Pier No. 15 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 39 Wall-st.

CLEOPATRA, Capt. PERLEE, TUESDAY, Oct. 18, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
Nos. 61 and 63 South-st.

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, Oct. 20, from Pier No. 26 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
C. D. OWENS, Agent, | GEORGE YONGE, Agent, A. & G. R. R.,
No. 229 Broadway. | No. 409 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
8TH-AV., CORNER 20TH-ST.
In the departments of ancient and modern languages, English and mathematics, reopens MONDAY, Sept. 12; the Primary department Sept. 19, and the gymnasium Oct. 3. School hours, 9½ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
NO. 620 FIFTH-AVENUE.
Fourteenth year opens Sept. 20. Able masters in charge of the several departments.
Carriages provided for pupils at a distance.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MOUNT PLEASANT MILITARY ACADEMY,
A SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
AT SING SING, ON THE HUDSON.
The course of instruction embraces the following departments: CLASSICAL, MODERN LANGUAGES, ELEMENTARY, MATHEMATICAL, ENGLISH STUDIES AND NATURAL SCIENCE. Classes are also formed in MUSIC, DRAWING, FENCING and ELOCUTION. A THOROUGHLY ORGANIZED MILITARY DEPARTMENT. RIDING-SCHOOL, WITH WELL-TRAINED HORSES; GYMNASIUM, &c. For further information address
BENJAMIN & ALLEN, Principals,
Sing Sing, N. Y.

MISS COMSTOCK'S,
NO. 32 WEST 40TH-ST.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Vacancies may be filled in October.
An EXCLUSIVELY French department (or French and German, if desired,) modeled after the best schools abroad, will be organized Oct. 1.
N. B.—No remission of care and talent for regular course of tuition in English and French.
Address by mail as above.

GERCKE & HOESSLY'S
GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
NOS. 207 AND 271 WEST 23D-ST.,
Embraces a Kindergarten for children from 4 to 6½ years old, and two schools for young ladies and young gentlemen. Drawing, dancing, gymnastics, and four languages taught, without extra charge. Reopening: TUESDAY, Sept. 13.

MRS. GARRETSON'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NO. 44 WEST 40TH-ST.
will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20, 1870. Circulars may be obtained by application as above. Mrs. GARRETSON will be at home on and after Sept. 1.

FLUSHING INSTITUTE,
FLUSHING, N. Y.
Terms, $100 per quarter, from
NOV. 22.
E. A. FAIRCHILD.

WOODBURN.
A family and classical school for young boys. Asylum-av., Hartford, Conn. Rev. CHARLES E. ABBOTT, Principal. The number of pupils is quite limited. The Winter term will begin on the 1st of November.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
Established 1864, for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men. Thorough teaching. Common sense management. Reopens Sept. 5. BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 308 Yonkers, N. Y.

SCHOOL OF MINES, COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—Practical and theoretical instruction in Civil and Mining Engineering, Metallurgy, Geology, Mineralogy, Assaying, Analytical and Technical Chemistry, Physics, Mechanics, Mathematics, Drawing, French, German, &c., with laboratory practice. Regular courses for the degrees of Mining and Civil Engineer, Bachelor and Doctor of Philosophy. Special students received without examination. Preliminary aid for those who require it. Reopens MONDAY, Oct. 3. Examinations for admission to the regular courses, THURSDAY, Sept. 29. For further information and for catalogues apply to C. F. CHANDLER, Dean of the Faculty, East 49th-st., New-York.

NEW-JERSEY MILITARY INSTITUTE—Pine Grove, on the Delaware River, Trenton, N. J.—Rev. ELIAS S. SCHENCK, A. M., Principal, (removed from Brainard Institute, Cranbury, N. J.)—Line school; thirty years' experience. Send for a circular.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS."—BEGIN their 10th year Sept. 20. For girls, 15 W. 42d-st., (removed from 64 W. 23d-st.) M. Pr.—Private recitation rooms for young ladies connected with the above. Boys' school 1,420 B'way, cor. 39th-st. For admission or circulars apply to Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 W. 42d-st.

FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE
for young gentlemen, No. 27 West 32d-st., will reopen on Sept. 20. Day and boarding scholars; English, French, German and Spanish languages; Primary, Commercial, Classical and Scientific Departments. E. PEZANDIE, Principal.

PROF. ROUSSEL'S FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE, No. 810 6th-av., reopens Sept. 19. Boarding and day pupils prepared for college or business; French the language of the school; primary department. Send for circular.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE,
NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 15. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

MISS DU VERNET WILL REOPEN her Preparatory School for boys, and Miss M. F. DU VERNET, her classes for little girls, at No. 122 West 20th-st., one door from 6th-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

UNDERCLIFF YOUNG LADIES' Boarding-school, Cold Spring, N. Y., opposite West Point. For circulars apply to Mrs. MORRIS and Miss VICKERSGILL, of *Home Journal*, New-York. Terms moderate. Reopens Sept. 20.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE,
Westchester County, N. Y., will reopen its fifteenth year, WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21, in charge of Rev. R. BOLTON. Terms, $350 per year. Circulars had of Mr. J. M. HATFIELD, No. 165 Broadway.

MRS. J. T. BENEDICT'S BOARDING and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 45 East 34th-st., New-York, will reopen on Sept. 28. Particular attention given to French and German. For circulars call or address as above.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY, corner of Washington-place and Wooster-st., prepares boys for college or for business.
M. M. HOBBY, G. CHASE, Principals.

MRS. MARY RODGERS GRIFFITTS' French and English Day School for young ladies and children, at No. 106 West 43d-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 26.

J. H. MORSE'S ENGLISH, CLASSICAL and Mathematical School reopens Sept. 19, at No. 1,327 Broadway, near 53d-st. For circulars, apply to J. H. MORSE, No. 737 7th-av.

MISS McINTOSH'S "HOME CLASS" for ladies, will reopen on MONDAY, Nov. 14, at her residence, No. 15 West 24th-st. First subject: "German History and Literature."

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their English and French Day School for young ladies, No. 148 Madison-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. BOWER, M. A., Principal.

DE. BETTNER'S FRENCH, ENGLISH, Classical and Mathematical School opens Sept. 19, at No. 302 East 40th-st., two doors from Park-av. Prospectus at Lockwood's, No. 512 Broadway.

A. DODWORTH'S CLASSES WILL recommence at the old location, No. 212 5th-av., corner of 26th-st., on MONDAY, Oct. 3, and at No. 681 5th-av., on SATURDAY, Oct. 1.

NORWICH, CONN.—MISSES VICKER'S French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, will reopen Sept. 20. For circulars apply to the Principals, No. 10 Washington-st.

MISS PERRINE WILL REOPEN HER English and French School, for young ladies and children, No. 108 East 38th-st., Sept. 22.

ADDRESS A. P. LASHER, PENNINGTON, N. J., for circulars for one of the best and cheapest schools.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Class in book-keeping commences SATURDAY EVENING, the 15th.

MISS OLSSEN'S ENGLISH AND French school, for Misses and children, No. 230 4th-av., will be reopened Sept. 22.

MISS F. M. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 252 West 19th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.

MRS. STORER'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies, No. 13 West 45th-st., will open Sept. 21. Address as above.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL,
White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 19 at No. 1,182 Broadway, between 29th and 30th sts.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address Miss EMILY WILSON.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and FRENCH Boarding-school for young ladies, New-Brunswick, N. J., will reopen Sept. 20.

INSTRUCTION.

HOUSE WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
CLASSICAL, COMMERCIAL, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN,
No. 49 Washington-square, (south.)
GEO. W. CLARKE, PH. D., PRINCIPAL.

Pupils are boys of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms, and opens its twenty-eighth academic year Sept. 5th. For references and particulars see circular, to be had at the Institute, which parents are invited to visit.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE,
FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN,
Nos. 128, 130 AND 132 EAST 17TH-ST.,
REOPENS SEPT. 19.
College, Business, West Point, Navy School. Modern languages. Boarding and Primary Departments, Gymnasium, &c.
Prospectus to be had.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, No. 575 Broadway.—Boys preparing for business can become quick at figures, rapid business writers and good book-keepers. Open day and evening.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
NOS. 121 6TH-AV. AND 967 BROADWAY,
Corner 22d-st.—Fifteenth year.
Rooms spacious, light, airy and steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the latter with Mr. Lyon.—A Yale graduate, he wholly instructs the College class, and means that all from this school shall have ample fitness. In four years, 20 have entered College—3 Columbia, 2 Yale, 2 Harvard, 2 Williams, 1 Troy Polytechnic. Of all, only three were conditioned. Other classes follow yearly. More pupils applied than pass year than could be received. Light gymnastics. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN
No. 36 Madison-av., between 26th and 29th sts.,
Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.
Address as above.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, CORNER PARK-AV. AND 37TH ST., (Murray Hill,) will reopen Tuesday, Sept. 20, 1870.
Address as above.

MRS. PARKS'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 128 Madison-av., corner 29d-st.
Formerly Ferris' Female Institute.
Reopens Sept. 21. For circulars apply as above.

MRS. PRINCE AND MISS LYONS'
French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 104 West Twenty-third-st., will open Sept. 14, 1870. Apply for circulars to above address.

MRS. EDWARD B. WHITE,
No. 19 West 42d-st.,
opposite Reservoir Park. English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children; will reopen Sept. 20.

WEST SIDE LADIES' SEMINARY,
No. 328 West 34th-st.,
MISS C. A. FERRIS, PRINCIPAL,
will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE.
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
A SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL.
C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL,
No. 1,314 Broadway, next to 30th-st. Number limited; primary department and gymnasium.

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT Somerfield, Mass.—This school, limited to six pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 19. For particulars concerning it, apply to RICHARD P. SMITH, Somerfield, Mass. Circulars may also be obtained at R. Lockwood's book-store.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, (ESTABLISHED A. D. 1830,) No. 61 West 14th-st., corner of 6th-av., reopened Sept. 19. Boys thoroughly prepared for college or business.
Rev. R. H. CHAPIN, Ph. D., Rector.

MISS BULKLEY'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies, Tarrytown, N. Y., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

BENDAN'S SCHOOL (FOR FORTY Boys only,) Broadway, corner 32d-st.—English, Classical, French, German. Primary.

MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for young ladies and children, 22 East 28th-st., near Madison-av., will reopen Thursday, Sept. 22.

MISS VAN WAGENEN WILL REOPEN her Boarding and Day School for young ladies at No. 13 East 46th-st., on Thursday, Sept. 22.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—MISS WARREN'S French and English School in Trenor's Lyric Hall, No. 723 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts.

MRS. FREDERICK JONSON'S PRI-VATE classes for young ladies, No. 134 Lexington-av., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 26.

RAND'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND English School, 1,267 Broadway, reopens Sept. 14.

TEACHERS.

A LADY LONG CONNECTED WITH the best schools in the City has a few hours disengaged; she instructs in Latin, French, the higher mathematics, history, literature, and usual English branches; undoubted references given. Address D., No. 54½ West 32d-st.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—AN ENGLISH lady, just arrived in the City, desires an engagement; the usual branches of modern education; highest references as to capability, &c. Address C. D., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT IN A PRIVATE family or school, by an experienced teacher; qualified to teach English branches, ancient languages, French, German, and music, piano and organ, if desired. Address P., Box No. 124 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD GIVE INstructions on the piano to a limited number of pupils, at her own residence; terms moderate. Address TEACHER, Post-office Box No. 1,625.

PIANO AND SINGING.—A LADY QUALIfied in London and experienced has some hours disengaged. Address A. B., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

MUSICAL.

NEW STYLES MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, with improvements patented June and August, 1870. Prices reduced this month. Organs to rent. Ware-rooms, No. 596 Broadway.

A GREAT OFFER!!!

HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, N. Y., will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Chickering & Sons, as extremely low prices, for cash, or will take from $4 to $20 monthly until paid; the same to let, and rent money applied if purchased. Monthly installments received for same.

AT THE AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
NO. 211 4TH-AV., NEW-YORK.
Thorough instruction is given in all branches of Music by the most competent Professors at liberal terms.
H. J. PETERS, Secretary.
H. SCHROEDER, Director.

THE GALIN METHOD OF INSTRUC-TION IN MUSIC.—Mr. C. H. FARNHAM'S classes will be formed on each TUESDAY in October, at 4 o'clock P. M., at Messrs. Chickering & Sons', East 14th-st.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS, BEST makers, to rent or sell cheap for cash or on installments. Come and see them at M. M. MERRELL'S Warerooms, No. 8 Union-square (16 4th-av.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
CLASSES FOR DANCING,
At No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st., and No. 681 5th-av. Send for a circular.
Morning Class now forming for ladies and children on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 10.
Also, Mr. FRANK DODWORTH'S Afternoon Class, at 4 o'clock on the same days.
Children's Evening Class will commence on FRIDAY, Nov. 4, at 5 o'clock.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 32 8th-av., corner of 14th-st.—Morning and afternoon classes, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS; WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Evening classes for gentlemen, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 8 o'clock.

C. H. RIVERS' BROOKLYN DANCING Academy, corner of State and Court sts., entered on State-st. Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular.

MRS. HLASKO'S DANCING CLASSES for juveniles will commence SATURDAY, Nov. 5, at Harvard Rooms, corner 6th-av. and 42d-st. Send for circulars.

HLASKO'S DANCING CLASSES WILL commence Nov. 1, at Harvard Rooms, corner 6th-av. and 42d-st. Send for circulars.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—Mantels and grates of designs from $25 up to $300. GEO. W. STEWART & CO., No. 635 6th-av., between 36th and 39th sts.

MANTELS AND MARBLEIZED MAN-TELS of the latest imported patterns. Mouldings at reduced prices. A. KLAISER, Steam Marble Works, No. 124 East 125th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS ($20 PER DAY) TO sell the celebrated Home Shuttle Sewing-machine. Has the undersigned, makes the "lock-stitch," (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family sewing-machine in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Penn., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST IN WAITing and chamber-work in a private boarding-house. Apply at No. 124 East 16th-st. Good reference required.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO THE cooking and washing in a very small family; good reference required. Apply for three days, between 10 and 12, at No. 226 West 35th-st.

AGENTS WANTED ($25 A MONTH) BY the American Knitting-machine Co., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A LARGE UNFURNISHED ROOM, with bed-room connected, to rent without board to a single gentleman desiring first-class accommodations; family private; location central; rent low. Call Sunday, 11 A. M., at 19 East 17th-st.

A SMALL, PRIVATE FAMILY WILL let their entire second story, well furnished with every convenience, private table, location very desirable; best references given. Address C. H. P., Box No. 113 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET their entire second story, well furnished with every convenience, private table, location very desirable; best references given. Address C. H. P., Box No. 113 *Times* Office.

No. 26 WEST 14TH-ST.—HANDSOMELY furnished front parlor and bedroom in second floor, also other rooms to let, with first-class board, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen; references exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—TO A single gentleman, in a private family, at No. 45 East 18th-st., between 4th-av. and Broadway; references exchanged.

TO LET.—A HANDSOME SECOND-STORY front room, furnished, to a family or party of gentlemen; house and table first-class; family small. Apply at No. 19 West 12th-st.

WEST 23D-ST., NO. 245.—A SITTING-room and bedroom on first floor; also a double and single room on second floor, at moderate price, with board.

No. 129 EAST 10TH-ST., SOUTH-WEST corner IRVING-PLACE.—Two elegantly-furnished floors to let, with private table only; unexceptionable references given and required.

No. 7 WEST 25TH-ST.—A SUITE OF handsomely-furnished rooms, also single rooms, to let; desirable location; opposite Hoffman and adjoining St. James.

No. 58 WEST 23D-ST.—SUPERIOR board with large well furnished rooms, on third and fourth floors, for gentlemen rooming together, or gentlemen and wives.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, for families or single gentlemen, No. 106 East 16th-st., near Union-square; central location; accessible to all parts of the City; terms moderate.

A BEDROOM AND PARLOR, ELE-GANTLY furnished, with first-class board, or private table, in a well-educated Parisian family. Apply at No. 15 East 24th-st., near Madison Park.

LARGE AND SMALL FURNISHED rooms to let, without board, to gentlemen only, at moderate rates; references required. No. 45 Bond-st. Central location.

ONE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and excellent table at No. 271 West 11th-st.; convenient to several lines of cars.

No. 27 WEST 16TH ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsomely-furnished parlor floor to let, with or without private table. Also single rooms. References required.

BOARDING—AT NO. 210 EAST 17TH-ST., near Stuyvesant-Park.—Large pleasant rooms to let to single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, with board. Also hall bedrooms.

A FAMILY RESIDING AT NO. 122 EAST 24th-st. will rent, with first-class board, an entire second floor, elegantly furnished, to responsible parties; location convenient to car and stage routes.

No. 31 WEST 16TH-ST.—A PRIVATE family will let an entire second floor, handsomely furnished, with private table only; highest references required.

No. 15 WEST 29TH-ST.—SECOND floor, handsomely furnished, with first-class board; also a hall bedroom.

No. 23 WEST 18TH-ST.—TO RENT, with board, a suite of rooms, second floor, front; also, large front room on third floor.

MADISON-AV., MURRAY HILL.—FOR pleasant rooms, with or without board, address C., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

A LARGE AND HANDSOMELY-furnished parlor and bedroom, with board, $25 per week, at No. 253 West 14th-st.

No. 4 EAST 16TH-ST., ONE DOOR FROM 5TH-AV.—Rooms en suite (whole floor) to let, with private table only.

ONE DOUBLE AND ONE SINGLE room to let, with board, to gentlemen, with reference. Apply at No. 163 East 34th-st.

No. 123 MADISON-AV., SECOND door from 30th-st.—First and second floor en suite; handsomely furnished, with first-class board.

No. 15 WEST 24TH-ST.—ROOMS ON second floor to let, with board, separately or en suite; also, a hall bedroom on third floor.

SEVENTEENTH-ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS without board, to gentlemen only. No. 104 East 17th-st., near Union-square.

PLEASANT SUITES OF ROOMS FOR families and single gentlemen, with first-class board, at No. 134 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

A FEW HANDSOMELY AND EN-tirely new furnished rooms to let, in elegant private house. No. 66 East 4th-st.

ROOMS EN SUITE, WITH PRIVATE table if desired, at No. 238 West 23d-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FOR FALL AND Winter; three or four rooms with board, at a pleasant farm-house eighty miles from the City; high land, healthy location; terms moderate. Address H. L., Reopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

BOARD AT CORNWALL FOR THE Fall; also, furnished cottage to let.
JAMES G. ROE.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY OF refinement, who own their own house and wish to reduce their expenses, an office and bedroom, by a married physician without children; perfectly satisfactory references; the physician requires no sign on outside of house. Address X. X. B., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED.—TWO young gentlemen desire a furnished room in a good locality, without board; private family preferred; no replies noticed that do not give full description, stating location, terms, &c. Address N. M., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, DAUGHTER AND grand-daughter, a pleasant home for the Winter in a strictly private family, in a desirable location; references of the highest character given and required. Address No. 34 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND daughter would like the second story, or parlor and two bedrooms, with board, in a small family. Address; with terms and particulars, R. A., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

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BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
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This old and well-known Company, now in the second half-century of its existence, are prepared, as usual, to dye, cleanse and finish every variety of ladies', gentlemen's and children's garments, and piece goods, in their usual superior manner.
NOTE.—THE ABOVE ARE OUR ONLY OFFICES.

MILLINERY.

VELVET BONNETS AND LADIES' Hats, this day, at half price others charge. Elegant Bonnets and Hats. Market Hats $1 to $3 each. Children's Hats. BINNS' Millinery, No. 647 Broadway, upstairs.

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CHLORODYNE.
The most wonderful remedy ever discovered. Caution and advice to invalids: Beware of spurious imitations of
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,
the original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, CRAMP, NEURALGIA.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
is publicly acknowledged, by the most eminent physicians of London, to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered.
To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp, with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraven thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 22c., $1 40 and $3 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New-York, ARPIGNAL, WILLIAM-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 192 Fulton-st.

TO HARNESS-MEN AND OTHERS.
Public notice is hereby given that the new market between 16th and 17th sts., Avenue C and the East River, will be opened for the transaction of business on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, 1870.
Applications for stands and stalls in said market must be made to the Collector of City Revenue in this department.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY,
Controller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. 29, 1870.

GUERLAIN,
PERFUMER,
Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—EVerybody reads the Medical Great Social Essay, which instructs how

POLITICAL.

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

Prominent Republicans on the Stump.

The Republican State Committee announce the following appointments for prominent orators of the party:

MONDAY, OCT. 17.

Rochester—Hon. Sigismund Kaufman.
Syracuse—Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Hamilton—Gov. Butler G. Noble.
Geneseo—Gen. John L. Swift.
Washington Heights—Hon. Ethan Allen.
Washington Heights—Gen. Thomas M. Hite.

TUESDAY, OCT. 18.

Rochester—Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Buffalo—Hon. Sigismund Kaufman.
Boonville—Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Albion—Gen. John L. Swift.
Waverly—Gen. Thomas M. Hite.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 19.

Seneca Falls—Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Elmira—Hon. Sigismund Kaufman.
Lowville—Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Military Hall, Brooklyn—Hon. Ethan Allen.
Medina—Gen. John L. Swift.
Candor—Gen. Thomas M. Hite.

THURSDAY, OCT. 20.

Brooklyn—Hon. Geo. M. Robeson.
Brooklyn—Hon. Freeman J. Fithian.
Buffalo—Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Buffalo—Gen. John L. Swift.
Binghamton—Hon. Sigismund Kaufman.
Johnstown—Hon. Butler G. Noble.

TAMMANY'S TACTICS.

How the Republican Party of This City is Deceived—Account of the Operations of the Tammany Republicans—What the Latter are Ordered to do—Instructions from Tweed and Sweeny—The Proposed Meeting To-night.

The articles in the TIMES exposing the secret efforts of certain local politicians, known as "Tammany Republicans, toward securing the success of the "Ring" at the November election, created the wildest consternation among the leaders of the Tammany Democracy, and added to the previous dismay of the latter in consequence of the defeat of their "tools" at the last meeting of the Republican General Committee. The "wolves in sheep's clothing," as the pseudo Republicans are termed, were highly discomfited with the disclosure of their strategic machinations for continuing the supremacy of the dishonest rulers of this City, and were upbraided by the honest members of their own party for their traitorous actions, and by their Democratic masters for their ill-success. It has been ascertained that the programme of the Tammany despots was to have their friends and office-holders in the Republican ranks obtain a majority of the delegates to be chosen for the Republican County Convention on Tuesday next, in order to control that body. They hoped that by so doing they could be able to prevent the Convention from indorsing the nomination of an anti-Tammany candidate for Mayor, besides compelling the Convention to strengthen the Tammany cause by running a separate candidate. Their policy, in brief, was to get as many rival party candidates in the canvass as possible, in order to weaken the prospects of Tammany's opponents, and inversely improve the chances of their own nominee. The possibility of having to contend against a single man in the Mayoralty struggle, on whom all opposition voters of whatever party would solidly unite, was something which caused the corruptionists the most unpleasant feelings, agitating them with visions of approaching disaster and ejection from office. Tammany's tactics were first openly developed on Thursday evening, the 6th inst., at a meeting of the Republican General Committee, at which a straightforward Republican moved, as an amendment, "that the secretaries of the respective associations at least the various certificates of election, and act with the inspectors appointed by the Presidents as Inspectors of Election." In offering the resolution the intention was to give the officers of some of the doubtful Assembly District Associations, authority to reject all delegates of recognized Tammany tendencies. Its introduction, however, was received with boisterous opposition on the part of a crowd of Tammany sympathizers, who "packed" the meeting. The resolution was finally adopted, although a daring attempt was made to make it appear otherwise on counting the vote. Subsequently the following resolution was proposed:

Resolved, That in any nominating Convention which shall meet under the authority of the Central Republican Committee, no person shall be eligible as a delegate who directly or indirectly holds appointments under the Democratic City Government.

Several political schemers undertook to alter the purport of the resolution, but it was ultimately approved, after a company of "outsiders" had been expelled from the assembly. At the commencement of the proceedings, the Republican backsliders were confident of their ability to mould the Committee to suit their own plans; but when their overthrow became apparent, they determined, by the advice of two Tammany leaders, to call another meeting. On the Monday night following the meeting, the Tammany Republicans furnished another exhibition of their tactics at the First Assembly District Republican Association gathering. Our exposé of the political trickery which was practised on that occasion has been fully confirmed by Mr. JOSEPH J. SCULLY, Vice-President of the Association. That gentleman says that the Association had "the misfortune to be presided over by the notoriously corrupt Ring politician, Police Commissioner HANK SMITH," and that "the present respectable men there on presenting themselves, found the room packed with ununiformed policemen and Ring politicians, notably the members of the First Ward Tammany Hall General Committee, assembled together for the purpose of manipulating the meeting in the interest of the Ring." He also says that the legitimate members of the Association held another meeting, at which they denounced Mr. SMITH for his political knavery, and deposed him from office, besides resolving to sever all political connection with him in the future.

On Wednesday last, FRANK RAYMOND, a reputed Republican, enjoying a position under the Democratic Board of Public Works, was ordered to take the Tammany workmen of his district to the polls at the Republican primary election to be held on Monday night next in the Twenty-first District, and to have them vote for the ticket headed by the name of CHARLES H. COOPER. The latter holds a clerkship under Police Commissioner MANIERRE. The election of himself and his associates on the ticket was desired in order to have them assist in executing Tammany's programme at the Republican County Convention. A meeting of the Eleventh District Association was held three nights ago, during which some Tammany Republicans adroitly slipped through a resolution, instructing the delegates to the Convention not to vote for any persons except recognized members of the Republican Party. This action was solely prompted by a desire to prevent the election of an outside anti-Tammany man for Mayor. At present there are several associations where the Tammany Republicans are dominant, including the First, Fourth, Sixth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Sixteenth, and Twenty-first District organizations. Schisms also exist in the Fifth and Tenth District Associations—one faction in each being out-and-out Republicans. The remainder are Tammany Republicans. Several members of the doubtful associations are known to be office-holders under the Ring. Their names are withheld for the present, in the hope that they will renew their allegiance to their party. Their defeat is reported to be certain in case they oppose the action of the genuine Republicans. Since the Tammany leaders discovered that they were in danger of losing control of the Republican nominations, they have resorted to bribes and threats for the purpose of effecting their infamous designs. Yesterday they endeavored to suborn a member of the Republican General Committee by offering him four political offices in case he would vote this evening to rescind the action of the Committee at the last meeting. His name is known, but it is not made public at present on account of the belief that he will refuse to comply with the base proposition. At the close of business hours, yesterday, TWEED declined, it is said, to attend to anything excepting matters relating to the meeting of the Republican Committee, to be held this evening. Every vote, however, will be closely watched this evening, and the position of every man will be ascertained. Those who fight the Administration Republicans in the interest of Tammany will be regarded as traitors to their party, and will be ostracised in the future. They will be considered mercenaries, whose influence has been purchased by the money which TWEED and his fellow-conspirators have liberally distributed among Tammany Republicans. On Thursday night "Hank" SMITH beguiled several Republicans into attending a private assemblage at the Cooper Institute, at which he persuaded them to make a call for a meeting to take place this evening. There were some gentlemen present who were unaware of SMITH'S real design in demanding another meeting of the Committee. It is to be hoped that these misguided persons will completely renounce the leadership of SMITH and his hired satellites, this evening, and that they will unite with true Republicans.

On Thursday afternoon two prominent Tammany Republicans, one an ex-Surveyor and the other an ex-Marshal, were seen in private consultation with PETER B. SWEENY, at the latter's office, in regard to the arrangement of the Republican "slate." The latter is about to make a great effort to break it.

THE ANTI-RING TICKET COMPLETE.

J. Nelson Tappan for Controller, Josiah W. Brown for Sheriff, and Ernest Conradus for County Clerk—Messrs. Flynn, Knox and Herman Nominated for Coroners—Harmony and Enthusiasm—Speech by Mr. Clinton.

The County Convention of the Anti-Ring Democracy reassembled in Apollo Hall, last evening, to complete their nominations for City and County officers for the coming election. The hall was filled with delegates and friends of the movement, and all seemed animated with the most brilliant hopes of success. W. C. BARRETT, Esq., the President of the Convention, called the assembly to order at 8 o'clock, and expressed his gratification at the harmony and good feeling that characterized the proceedings of the Convention at their meeting last Monday night, and hoped that the same kind spirit and fraternal feeling would be exhibited now when they had met to complete the ticket. They would all recollect that at the last meeting a committee of one from each Ward was appointed to present candidates for the balance of the ticket, and he would now call upon the Chairman to present the report of the Committee.

Hon. JOHN FOX, the Chairman, then read the names of the following gentlemen who had been agreed upon as candidates:

For Controller—J. NELSON TAPPAN, of the Twenty-first Ward.

For Sheriff—JOSIAH W. BROWN, of the Fifteenth Ward.

For County Clerk—ERNEST CONRADUS, of the Eighteenth Ward.

For Coroners—IGNATIUS FLYNN, of the First Ward; DR. KNOX, of the Ninth Ward; and Dr. AUGUST HERMAN, of the Eleventh Ward.

A motion was made and seconded that the report of the Committee be accepted, and the nominations indorsed by the Convention. This was put to vote and responded to by one unanimous "aye," which was followed by three rousing cheers for the ticket.

On motion of ROSWELL D. HATCH, Esq., the Committee of one from each Ward was ordered to continue in power as an Executive Committee, to carry on the canvass and transact the business of the organization during the campaign.

On motion a committee of five, consisting of H. L. Clinton, Jno. Fox, Gen. Barnum, Peter Calkin and Jas. McLean, was appointed to inform the candidates of their nomination by this Convention.

SPEECH OF MR. CLINTON.

In answer to repeated calls, HENRY L. CLINTON, Esq., took the platform and addressed the Convention. He congratulated them on the perfect harmony that had attended all their proceedings, and said they had embarked in a noble movement—a movement for the destruction of the most dangerous and the most corrupt combination, called a "Ring," that had ever existed in this City. [Applause.] The movement would not cease till that combination was utterly destroyed, root and branch, and honest and faithful men were placed in office in this City. They had put at the head of their ticket a man whose election was as certain, in his opinion, as that time should roll on till the 8th of November, [great applause;] a man who in an honest election was never yet defeated; a man who had succeeded against the "Ring" and against all other corrupt combinations; a man who could beat everything except in retreat; a man who could not be bought, coaxed or driven from the field by all the money or persuasions or threats of the "Ring." [Great applause.] He would relax no effort to insure the success of the ticket, and he would bring to his support a mass of voters that would astonish all who were not aware of the feeling that exists in this City. Mr. CLINTON then spoke of the Rochester Convention and the 1,500 thieves and vagabonds that TWEED took with him to the Rochester Convention to pull the wool over the eyes of that body so that they should not recognize the merits of the Reform Democracy. Mayor HALL, he said, spent a large share of his valuable time in torturing the English language into wretched puns, but the last one he had yet got off was that the two great powers in Tammany Hall at the present were A. OAKEY HALL and Alcohol. [Laughter and applause.] The speaker then reviewed the career of OAKEY HALL from the time he emerged from a Know-nothing lodge and employed his time in drafting Republican commissions for the Government of this City, until he landed in the ranks of the Democracy and was taken into the bosom of the "Ring." The Tammany Ring had the impudence to accuse the Reform Democracy of turning their backs upon the Democratic Party, and yet they have done nothing since they had been in power but form coalitions with the opposite party. They owed their political existence today to a coalition formed with the unprincipled Republicans in the last Legislature. [Applause.] The City Departments were full of Republican office-holders, and they had selected the worst Republicans at that—men who were in bad odor with their own party; men like "Hank" SMITH and BEN. MANIERRE, who would act as their tools and lure the Republican Party, year after year, into the nomination of an independent ticket in order to insure the success of the Ring. [Applause.] When they did appoint any Democrats to office they generally brought them from the rural districts. A year ago he had occasion to go to urge the claims of a young Democrat of his acquaintance for a certain position, and he found the appointment had already been given to a man all the way from Arkansas. It turned out that he was a man who had done service during the war, but his service was on the rebel side. [A voice, "Name the Fellow."] You have hit it, said the speaker; I have nothing to say against the gentleman; he did right in getting the office, if he could, but he believed that equally able and efficient young men could be found in New-York, without going all the way to Arkansas for them. [Applause.] After dwelling at some length upon the corrupt and anti-Democratic management of affairs by the "Ring" that now rules the City, the speaker closed with the watchword, "LIBERTY and victory; one and inseparable."

On motion, the Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

THE CANDIDATES.

Mr. G. NELSON TAPPAN, the candidate for Controller, is a well-known citizen, carrying on the business of a banker and broker in Wall-street, and is universally esteemed for his high character and integrity.

Mr. JOSIAH W. BROWN, the candidate for Sheriff, is a merchant, and was formerly in the Tax Commissioner's office under the old Board of Tax Commissioners. He is a man of prompt business habits, sterling honesty, and would make an excellent Sheriff.

ERNEST CONRADUS, the candidate for County Clerk, is a highly-respected German citizen of the Eighteenth Ward, exceedingly popular with his countrymen, and in every way qualified for the office to which he has been nominated.

The candidates for Coroners are all men eminently fit for the position. Coroner FLYNN has already served one term as Coroner, and Drs. KNOX and HERMAN are physicians of good repute in their respective Wards.

The Eighth Assembly District Republicans—Sharp Reply to Mayor Hall.

A mass-meeting of the Woodford and Kaufman Club of the Eighth Assembly District was held last evening, at No. 274 Grand-street, Mr. JAMES A. LUCAS in the chair. Resolutions were adopted in support of the entire Republican ticket. The following was also adopted:

Resolved, That we heartily join with our German brethren in rejoicing at the glorious victories of their united Fatherland, and fondly hope that the efforts already made to establish a Republic in Sunny France may result in a permanent success.

Marshal SHARPE, in an address on the issues of the contest, took occasion to reply to Mayor HALL'S denial of the correctness of the census returns, and showed from the Mayor's own admissions that the charges of Tammany frauds and repeatings were true. He strongly condemned the political character of Mayor HALL, and added that the Government which suppressed rebellion in the South, even when supported by brave men, would not shrink from preserving the purity of the ballot-box when contaminated by thieves, bullies and swindlers. Addresses were delivered by Hon. W. A. DARLING and others, and the meeting terminated.

Democratic Repudiation of Col. Rafferty in the Fourth New-Jersey District—Letter from Judge Haines.

W. H. HUNT, Esq., of Schooley's Mountain, whose family have for many years been intimate with Judge HAINES, one of the most influential Democrats in the Fourth District of New-Jersey, recently wrote to the Judge, asking his advice in regard to his duty toward the present Democratic candidate for Congress in that district. Judge HAINES' answer contains the following points: "I regard the nomination of Col. RAFFERTY as irregular and a fraud upon the party, and such as absolves every member from the obligation of supporting it." "The nomination was procured through a lavish and corrupt use of money." "It is conceded by his friends, and I am informed, boasted of by Mr. RAFFERTY, that men were present attending the primary meetings and voted for delegates to the Convention—men known to be favorable to him, and that large sums of money were paid to delegates for their influence." "We are entitled to be represented by one of good repute for honesty and morality. The reputation of Mr. RAFFERTY for morality is, unfortunately, against him." "If nominations under such circumstances must bind a party, then the days of our free institutions are numbered." "To abstain from voting is to do but half the duty, and we must, therefore, cast our votes for Mr. HILL, who, although differing from us on political party questions, is believed to be a worthy and competent man, and, on any other than a party question is entirely reliable."

As an honest man and a Christian gentleman, Judge HAINES is universally respected and admired, and the honest expression of his opinion and of his reasons for declining to vote for the Democratic nominee, will have a very damaging effect on his prospects.

Political Brevities.

The Thirteenth Assembly District Soldiers' and Sailors' Campaign Club, last evening adopted a resolution urging the nomination of Col. A. J. H. DUGANNE for member of Congress. Capts. HYNES, SCHEIDLER and GILLIS were appointed a committee to present his name to the Congressional Convention.

At a meeting of the Fourth Assembly District Soldiers' and Sailors' Association, held at No. 46 East Broadway, last evening, Dr. HANS POWELL was unanimously recommended for the nomination of School Trustee.

A mass-meeting was held last evening at Brevoort Hall, corner of Fifty-fourth-street and Third-avenue, and another banner bearing the name of CHARLES E. LOEW was raised there. Speeches were made by Judge CURTIS, WM. C. GOVER, and others.

The Fifteenth Ward William M. Tweed Association held a meeting last night at the Liberty House, No. 40 West Houston-street. Mr. JOHN A. CAROLIN offered his resignation as President, which was accepted, and Mr. JOHN A. DUNN was elected in his stead, after which JOHN A. CAROLIN was unanimously recommended to be nominated for member of Assembly for the Seventh District.

At a meeting of the Eighth Assembly District Union Republican Association, held last evening at No. 274 Grand-street, Mr. JOHN O'BRIEN in the chair, Mr. WM. P. ALLEN, delegate to the General Committee, sent in his resignation, which was accepted, and the President, Mr. O'BRIEN, elected in his stead.

A meeting of the Ninth District Woodford and Kaufman Club was held last evening in Bleecker-street, near Morton, Mr. GEO. LELAND presiding. Addresses were delivered by E. DELAFIELD SMITH and Major BULLARD. The latter said more was to be feared from the miscounting of the ballots by the canvassers than from stuffing the boxes, and warned the party to have no affiliation with Republicans who held position under Tammany. He said that MANIERRE and SMITH had been paid their price with office for assenting to the appointment of dishonest canvassers, and he would sooner counsel affiliation with the Young Democracy than association with Tammany Republicans, who were ready to betray their party whenever occasion required. Songs were sung by a glee club, and the meeting was very enthusiastic.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

JAMES H. LYNCH was brought up, yesterday, before United States Commissioner SHIELDS, charged with a felonious assault on JOHN COLLINS. The parties were seamen employed on board the steamer *Glasgow*, from Liverpool to New-York, and had an altercation on the 3d inst., when the prisoner presented a revolver at the head of COLLINS and shot him in the throat. He also stabbed him with a knife, and from the effects of these injuries, COLLINS has been ever since in a dangerous condition. The prisoner was held in default of $5,000 bail.

The Board of Health held another adjourned meeting, yesterday, but transacted no business beyond receiving complaints from the Trustees of the Inebriate Asylum and Widows' Home about throwing of offal in the Lower Bay.

The religious services at Steinway Hall, commenced by the Swedenborgians, last Sunday evening, will be continued to-morrow evening. Rev. J. C. AGER will officiate, and give a discourse on "Jesus, the Physician; or, the Atonement a Work of Healing," developing the Swedenborgian view of the atonement.

The California fast-freight line have just made another reduction in rates from New-York to San Francisco, Sacramento, Marysville and San Jose, Cal., as follows: First-class goods, per 100 pounds, are now reduced to $6 50; second-class, $5 50; third-class, $4 50, and fourth-class, $4. Eleven days is the quickest time yet made for first-class goods from ocean to ocean.

On Thursday evening last CHAS. MCCULLUM, a resident of Paterson, N. J., was robbed of $5,500 in a house of ill-repute, No. 56 West Houston-street, by EMMA ALLEN, by means of the panel game. He discovered his loss immediately, and seizing the woman, threatened to shoot her if she refused to return him his money. He succeeded in obtaining $5,400, but the remainder she refused to account for. She was arrested, and on being brought before Judge COX at the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, was held for trial.

Several of the largest butcher firms, yesterday afternoon, announced that the immense cost of ice during the past heated term had so entirely swallowed up what ought to be their profits as to make it impossible for them to pay up their little bills at the slaughter-houses. They declare that they hope to make an installment of about sixteen cents on the dollar—that is, if, after paying the ice companies, such a residue is forthcoming.

A meeting of the survivors of the late First Regiment New-York Volunteers, Col. W. B. BURNETT, who served in the Mexican War, will be held on Wednesday evening, Oct. 19, at 8 o'clock, at the Odd-Fellows' Assembly Rooms, No. 274 Grand-street, for the purpose of adopting measures to secure the immediate payment of the money appropriated for their relief by the Legislature of 1870.

The rooms of the New-York Liberal Club were last evening crowded with a large audience of ladies and gentlemen to listen to the reading, by Mr. JAMES E. MUNSON, of a paper on "BELL'S Visible Speech, or the Science of Universal Alphabetics." The reading was listened to with great interest. Many new and interesting facts were developed, and the subject was presented in a most attractive form.

The Young Men's Universalist Association of the City of New-York has been formed for the purpose of spreading the knowledge of Universalism, and for bringing within its circle and influence the young men of this City. The formal opening will take place on Monday evening next, at its rooms, No. 1,288 Broadway. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Chapin, Hon. Horace Greeley, Hon. P. T. Barnum, Rev. Jas. M. Pullman, (President of the Association,) Rev. E. C. Sweetser, Rev. E. C. Bolles, Rev. Chas. Fluhrer and Rev. Chas. F. Lee.

The delegates of the North-eastern Saengerbund, last evening, held a meeting at the Germania Assembly Rooms, Dr. HEIDENFIELD in the chair, and action was taken to complete the Festival Committee for the twelfth national saengerfest, to be held in this City next Summer, for which two members of each Society represented in the Saengerbund have been selected. The permanent organization of the Festival Committee, and the appointment of the sub-committees were postponed until a future meeting.

On Wednesday night last, at a late hour, Sergt. DOUGLASS, of the Sixth Ward Police, ascertained that two men had been seen in the premises of PHILIP HIRSHKIND, dealer in clothing, at No. 114 White-street. He made the necessary investigations and placing officers in the rear proceeded to make a search, finding in the hall-way DANIEL SULLIVAN, aged sixteen, of No. 68 Baxter-street, and THOMAS DALY, aged sixteen, of No. 162 Bayard-street. Both admitted that they had broken open the glass fanlight over the door. They had packed up a quantity of cassimere cloth valued at $3,500, which, they stated, they had intended to throw out of a window into the street to confederates, if the Police had not discovered their movements. A quantity of sewing-silk, valued at $600, was also found packed up ready for removal. When the accused were arraigned before Alderman COMAN, yesterday, at the Tombs, they confessed their guilt, and were fully committed for trial. A search is being made for the remainder of this daring gang of burglars.

BROOKLYN.

Rev. JOHN DUNCAN, D. D., was installed as pastor of the Central Baptist Church of Williamsburg on Thursday evening last. The services were opened with the singing of an anthem by the choir, and a solemn invocation by Rev. J. B. BRACKETT, pastor of the First Baptist Church of the district. Rev. J. H. BRONT, of the South Ninth-street Congregational Church, read a Scripture lesson, and was followed by Rev. Dr. D. MOORE, who delivered the discourse of the occasion. Rev. J. B. BRACKETT extended the right hand of fellowship to the newly-installed pastor, after which an address to both pastor and people was made by Rev. Mr. ANGELL, of the Sixth-street Church, New-York. The services were fittingly concluded with singing the Doxology, and a benediction by the Rev. Dr. DUNCAN, who subsequently received a warm welcome at the hands of his new parishioners.

DAVID H. PATTEN, who was arrested for bigamy on Monday last, was discharged yesterday by Justice WALSH; the plaintiff, his mother-in-law, having failed to appear.

THOMAS MURPHY, who was found guilty of manslaughter in the third degree in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, on Tuesday, was sentenced, yesterday, by Judge [illegible] to imprisonment in the Penitentiary for two years.

The Brooklyn Academy of Design will open for the Fall and Winter season on Tuesday next. Those desiring admission are requested to make application at the rooms of the Managing Committee, at the corner of Court and Joralemon streets. This is an institution where all with a taste for the fine arts may receive instruction free. Many of the best artists in the city, chief among whom is Mr. WHITTAKER, will be present here, night after night, to teach the pupils.

NEW-JERSEY.

On Thursday the Orange Orphan Society met at the Methodist Church. Dr. ADAMS, Pastor of Trinity Church, opened the meeting. Dr. WILLIAM PIERSON, in behalf of a society for the education of poor children, tendered to the Society the sum of $3,900. The Society accepted the donation with thanks. The Secretary's and Treasurer's reports were read and adopted, and it was decided to occupy their new building at once, and furnish it as fast as possible.

It is estimated that there are 4,223 negro voters in New-Jersey, and it is believed that the census may show even a larger number. This is more than half the number of negroes in New-York State, and is a larger number in proportion to the whole number of inhabitants than is found in any other State north of Maryland.

A meeting will be held to-night, at Library Hall, Jersey City, for the purpose of taking preliminary steps to secure a large park in the central portion of the present city. The ground proposed is the meadow-land lying at the foot of Bergen Hill, and reaching from Grand-street to Newark-avenue. The plot contains about a hundred acres.

To-day the Hudson and Oneida Boat Clubs, of Jersey City, will row a match-race of three miles, off Pleasant Valley. Both Clubs possess good oarsmen, and they have already engaged in one six-oared race which resulted in favor of the Oneidas. The steam-boat *Virginia Seymour*, chartered for the invited guests, judges and reporters, will leave the foot of Morris-street, Jersey City, at 2 P. M.

Two Russians were arrested in New-York, a few weeks since, on a charge of counterfeiting, and papers found in their possession implicated one ANTON TOCKERT, a resident of Jersey City. A warrant was issued for TOCKERT'S arrest, but he suddenly disappeared. On Thursday evening he was seen in Paterson by Officer BODEN, and followed to West End, where he was arrested by Capt. JAHN, to whom BODEN had telegraphed, and who had the warrant. TOCKERT was then sent to New-York, where he will answer before a United States Commissioner.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—American Securities opened quiet and closed firmer. Stocks opened quiet and closed quiet and steady. The course of the market during the day is indicated by the following table:

	11½ A. M.	1½ P. M.	4½ P. M.
Consols for money	92¼	92⅜	92¼@92⅜
Consols for account	92⅛@92¼	92⅜	92⅜
United States 5-20s, '62	88½ ex c.	....	89
United States 5-20s, '65, old	88¼ ex c.	....	88½
United States 10-40s	86	....	86½
Ill. Cen. R. R. shares	114	....	114
Erie Railroad shares	18	....	18⅛
Atlantic and Gt. West'n	20¼	....	20¼

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 14—4½ P. M.—COTTON closed at 8⅞d.@8¾d. for Middling Uplands, and 8⅞d.@9d. for Middling Orleans; the sales of the day foot up 12,000 bales, including 4,000 for speculation and export. BEEF firmer. PORK declining. LARD firmer.

LONDON, Oct. 14—4½ P. M.—Spirits PETROLEUM, 1s. Spirits TURPENTINE, 29s. 6d. WHALE-OIL, £36 10s.

ANTWERP, Oct. 14.—PETROLEUM, 51½f. for Standard White.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 15—Evening.—COTTON—The market is irregular. The total stock afloat is 340,000 bales, including 20,000 bales of American. *Trade Report*—The advices from Manchester are unfavorable; the market for Yarns and Fabrics is flat and nominal.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

BUFFALO, Oct. 14.—RECEIPTS—Flour, 6,900 bbls.; Wheat, 125,000 bushels; Corn, 108,000 bushels; Oats, 122,000 bushels; Barley, 14,000 bushels; Rye, 22,000 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 100,000 bushels; Corn, 15,000 bushels; Oats, 20,000 bushels; Barley, 10,000 bushels; Rye, 15,000 bushels. Railroad SHIPMENTS—Corn, 22,000 bushels. FREIGHTS firm; Wheat, 12c.; Corn, 11½c.; Oats, 7¼c., to New-York. FLOUR quiet. WHEAT heavy and lower; sales, 22,000 bushels No. 1 and 2 Spring, on private terms, probably at $1 07 and $1 16. CORN dull and nominal, at 73c. for No. 2 Western. OATS dull; sales, 10,000 bushels Toledo, at 44c. RYE—Western held at 88c. BARLEY dull; sales, 2,000 bushels Canada at 95c. PORK steady at $26 50 for heavy Mess. LARD quiet at 16⅛c.@16¼c. HIGHWINES nominally 90c. CATTLE—Receipts at this point up to the close of the market this week, 563 cars, against 309 cars last week. The market closed weak at the decline already quoted. As usual, on the last day of the market, but little trade was done, the sales reaching only 400 head. SHEEP—The market closed heavy, with a standing-off in prices. HOGS were slow of sale, with no change in quotations. Market dull and heavy throughout the week.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 14.—COTTON depressed and prices have declined; Low Middling, 15c.; sales, 1,010 bales; net receipts, 344 bales; coastwise, 330 bales; total, 674 bales; exports, coastwise, 300 bales; stock, 4,475 bales; net receipts of the week, 796 bales; coastwise, 2,250 bales; total, 3,046 bales; exports, coastwise, 630 bales; sales of the week, 2,175 bales. FLOUR dull, but steady; Howard-street Superfine, $5 25@$5 75; do. Extra, $6 25@$6 75; do. Family, $7@$8 50; City Mills Superfine, $5 25@$6 75; do. Extra, $6 25@$7 25; do. Family, $7 50@$9 75; Western Superfine, $5 25@$5 75; do. Extra, $6 75@$6 75; do. Family, $6 50@$7 50. WHEAT steady and in improved demand; sales Choice Maryland Red at $1 60@$1 70; Good to Prime, $1 40@$1 50; Common to Fair, $1 15@$1 35; White, $1 40@$1 75; Indiana Red, $1 30@$1 35. CORN dull; receipts light; Southern White, 80c.@84c.; do. Yellow, 80c.@82c. OATS dull and lower at 48c.@49c. RYE, 75c.@80c. MESS PORK firm at $27. BACON firm; Rib Sides, 18c.; Clear Rib, 18¼c.; Shoulders, 15c. HAMS, 25c. LARD firm at 17c. WHISKY firm at 91c.@91½c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—EXCHANGE unchanged. FLOUR—Spring Extras, $4 50@$5 50, cash. WHEAT dull and lower at $1 04½ for No. 2 Spring; during the afternoon dull at $1 04½@$1 05. CORN dull at 57½c.@58c. for No. 2 Mixed; during the afternoon, 56c. OATS dull and lower at 34½c.@35c. for No. 2. RYE quiet; No. 2, 65c. BARLEY dull and lower at 81½c.@82c. for No. 2. HIGHWINES firm at 84½c., iron-bound. MESS PORK dull at $25 25@$25 50. LARD, 16½c.@16¾c. Dry-salted MEATS—Shoulders, 12½c.; Short Rib Sides, 16½c. Live HOGS in active demand, and advanced to $7 10@$8. CATTLE quiet and unchanged. RECEIPTS—7,000 bbls. Flour, 122,000 bushels Wheat, 62,000 bushels Corn, 43,000 bushels Oats, 10,000 bushels Rye, 16,000 bushels Barley, 4,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 52,000 bushels Corn, 22,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 5,000 bushels Barley, 5,500 Hogs. FREIGHTS to Buffalo steady at 8c. on Wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—COTTON lower; Middling Upland at 15½c.@15¾c.; do. Orleans, 15¾c. CLOVER-SEED sells at $9 @$9 75. TIMOTHY, $4 75@$5. FLAXSEED, $2 27½@$2 30. FLOUR very dull and market favors buyers for medium and low grades; Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota Extra Family, $6 75@$7 50; Pennsylvania do., $6 50@$7 25; Indiana and Ohio do., $6 50@$7 25; Fancy lots, $7 50@$8. WHEAT—Demand light; Western Red, $1 35@$1 38; Amber, $1 40@$1 45. RYE steady at 92c. CORN dull; Yellow at 88c.@89c.; Mixed Western, 80c.@84c. OATS dull at 49c.@52c.; Black, 46. GROCERIES unchanged. PROVISIONS—Very small business. PETROLEUM quiet; Crude, 15¼c.; Refined, 25c. WHISKY held for an advance; Western Iron at 93c.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 14.—COTTON dull and nominal. FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT dull; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 12@$1 13; No. 1 Red Winter, $1 20@$1 22; Choice, $1 25@$1 28. CORN dull; Prime White, 60c.; Choice Yellow, 60c.@63c. OATS firm at 36c.@38c., in elevator; 42c.@45c., in sacks. BARLEY firm; Prime, 95c.; Choice, 73c. PORK quiet and unchanged. BACON—Shoulders, 14½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 18c.@18½c.; Clear sides, 19c.@19¼c. LARD quiet and unchanged. WHISKY dull at 87½c.@88c. HEMP quiet and unchanged. BAGGING firm at 30c. Live HOGS firm at $7@$8 50. RECEIPTS—4,500 bbls. Flour, 27,000 bushels Wheat.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 14.—COTTON firmer; Middling, 14½c.@14¾c.; sales, 500 bales; net receipts, 2,713 bales; coastwise, 10 bales; total, 2,723 bales; exports, coastwise, 2,671 bales; stock, 12,333 bales; net receipts of the week, 17,162 bales; coastwise, 10 bales; total, 17,172 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,066 bales; coastwise, 8,030 bales; sales of the week, 4,300 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 14.—COTTON steady and demand fair; Middling, 14¾c.@14⅞c.; sales, 2,000 bales; net receipts, 2,759 bales; coastwise, 363 bales; total, 3,122 bales; exports, coastwise, 3,752 bales; stock, 42,352 bales; net receipts of the week, 19,658 bales; coastwise, 1,644 bales; total, 21,209 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 5,736 bales; coastwise, 4,759 bales; sales of the week, 15,500 bales.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 14. COTTON—Net receipts of the week, 22,346 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 4,071 bales; coastwise, 10,469 bales; sales of the week, 5,800 bales; stock on hand, 41,445 bales. Market to-day—The demand fair; Middling, 14¼c.@14⅜c.; sales, 500 bales; net receipts, 3,364 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,794 bales.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 14.—BAGGING firm at 26½c.@28c. for Hemp and Flax. COTTON dull; Middling, 14½c. FLOUR firm; Extra Family, $6. GRAIN quiet and unchanged. PROVISIONS quiet and unchanged. WHISKY dull at 85c.@86c.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 14.—COTTON dull at 13¾c.; receipts, 1,408 bales; exports, 1,314 bales; receipts of the week, 4,893 bales; exports of the week, 5,601 bales; stock, 6,212 bales. Markets quiet and generally unchanged; but little doing owing to the Fair.

GALVESTON, Oct. 14.—COTTON easier but not quotably lower; Good Ordinary, 12¾c.; sales, 400 bales; net receipts of the week, 350 bales; stock, 6,611 bales; net receipts of the week, 1,890 bales; exports, coastwise, 675 bales; sales of the week, 950 bales.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—COTTON dull; Middling, 15¾c.; sales, 200 bales; net receipts, coastwise, 160 bales; stock, 4,500 bales; net receipts of the week, 68 bales; coastwise, 2,100 bales; total, 2,168 bales; sales of the week, 1,500 bales.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 14.—COTTON dull; Middling, 14c.; net receipts, 141 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,147 bales; stock, 795 bales; net receipts of the week, 1,874 bales; exports, coastwise, 2,047 bales; sales of the week, 380 bales.

[Advertisement.]

THE DOOMED CITY.—Germans and their sympathisers say that Paris must fall. Rivals of less magnitude have said the same about PYLE'S O. K. SOAP, and yet it rises every day in the estimation of consumers. We have practical evidence of this in the increased demand. Housekeepers discover that pure hard soap is better than the soft, gummy stuff that floods the market, put up in all manner of shapes to deceive the people and favor the retailer. Respectable grocers supply PYLE'S O. K. whenever called for. Depot, No. 350 Washington-st.

[Advertisement.]

Strasbourg has fallen, and Foie Gras fluctuates in the price per pate. The great American Crown Prince, however, steadily holds his position in the face of all comers, and, like Wellington's Guards, never fails at the proper moment to "up and hat 'em." But, unlike those of the Iron Duke, the charges of KNOX are moderate. The rush to No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, for the new Fall styles of head-gear is unexampled.

[Advertisement.]

Look out for infringements upon my Burglar Alarm Telegraph Patent, under the guise of an improvement. Using as well as selling an infringement is violation of law, and will be treated as such. Don't be deceived about improvements. That has been my study for ten years.

E. HOLMES, No. 7 Murray-st.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Oct. 14—8 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Port Hastings	N	Showery	54
Halifax	N.W.	Clear	58
Portland	S.W.	Clear	[illegible]
Boston	W	Clear	[illegible]
New-York	W	Clear	[illegible]
Philadelphia	W	Clear	[illegible]
Wilmington, Del.	W	Clear	[illegible]
Washington	W	Clear	[illegible]
Fortress Monroe	N.W.	Clear	[illegible]
Richmond	N.W.	Clear	51
Charleston	N.E.	Clear	[illegible]
Savannah	N.E.	Clear	65
Augusta	N.W.	Clear	[illegible]
Oswego	N.E.	Cloudy	55
Buffalo	N.	Cloudy	[illegible]
Pittsburg	N.E.	Clear	44
Chicago	N.	Cloudy	52
Louisville	S.	Clear	54
Mobile	N.	Clear	60
New-Orleans	N.E.	Clear	65

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Anglia	Oct. 15	New-York	Glasgow.
Siberia	Oct. 15	New-York	Liverpool.
Holland	Oct. 15	New-York	Liverpool.
St. Laurent	Oct. 15	New-York	Havre.
City of London	Oct. 15	New-York	Liverpool.

Closing of Foreign Mails at Post-office.

WARNING.

All letters for Europe should be marked "via England."

SATURDAY.

For France, via Havre and Brest, by the *St. Laurent*, at 8 A. M. For Europe, via Liverpool and Queenstown, by the *City of London*, at 6½ A. M. Supplementary mail, for paid letters only, on Pier No. 45 North River, until 8½ A. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through via H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R. Chatham Four Corners	7 A. M.
East, via New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Newport	5 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	5 P. M.
South, Through	7 A. M.; 7:00 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

OCT. 14.—*In steam-ship Calabria, from Liverpool.*—J. Howatt, E. Calman, wife, 6 children, infant and 2 nurses, E. Culbach, Miss J. Newmuller, L. A. Cahan, Mrs. Flammer and 2 sons, A. Witteman, F. D. Downer, wife and child, J. Stuart, Dr. Livermore and lady, J. Moore, wife and 2 daughters, Geo. Power, Dr. Royal Marshall, William Barker and 2 daughters, George Brummer, Dr. T. S. K. Carson, Mr. Rodal and lady, Miss L. C. Wattles, A. C. Barney, J. Cropper and 2 sisters, Mrs. C. Blassius and 2 children, W. B. Bowring and wife, B. Cohen, Miss Gonolory, W. Burlingame, J. C. Crane, L. Shewett, S. Young, wife and 2 children, C. Dechman, Mrs. Jane Barrett, Thomas Rutherford, wife and child, Master Bannatyne and sister, Mrs. Boyd and nephew, Miss Chase and sister, Mr. Muir, wife, infant and nurse, Mr. Pickering A. B. Campbell and 3 sons, Mr. Livermore and wife, Miss E. Swobisky, A. Rutter, G. Wilhelm, L. A. Halford, F. Webster, Mr. Kiermanir and wife, E. Schaaf, J. T. Waterhouse, wife, son and daughter, J. F. Ball, E. Marshall, H. Metsell, Dr. J. W. Jones and lady, T. Kelsall, E. F. Malette and sister, A. Bach, P. G. Hoch, F. L. Schmitagall, wife and 3 children, T. Bowring, I. Allison, W. Allison, A. Porter, Mrs. F. Schnyder, 4 children and nurse, Samuel Kirghan, Samuel Barid, B. Hafti, H. Warnsing, wife and 3 children, Julius Baur, J. P. Pfister, A. B. Bannatyne and wife, N. Hunter, T. Terry, lady, 2 daughters and 2 servants, N. Aeleo, lady, infant and 2 servants, Mr. Hawkins and sister, Mrs. Fitch, 4 children and nurse, R. Anderson, G. Hartly, Mrs. T. Todd and son.

OCT. 14.—*In steam-ship France, from Liverpool.*—Mr. and Mrs. A. Van Winkle, child and servant, Prof. and Mrs. H. S. Smith, Misses Smith, Master G. Smith, Mrs. F. Herbert and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. Desfree and 3 children, Miss Louise Kohnel, Miss Bertha Scott, Miss Ellen Hyde, Mrs. and Miss Bunsted, D. Blacco, John Wolfe, John Gorman, H. Allen, John Galt, Charles Ingram, Dennis Lansley, Geo. Marriott, F. Berthoud, Jas. Rolio, C. C. Eulis, Edward Foley, Jas. Butterworth, H. Smart, P. T. Walker, Geo. W. Nelson, D. Barrows, Theo. Dambling, Jno. McCutcheon, J. Farrelly, Robert Ward, J. A. Bennett, Dr. Fustin, Mr. Sundries, Mr. Bentley, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoover, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Vickey, Mr. and Mrs. Germitz and servant, Mrs. E. Galt, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Belcher, Mrs. T. Isod & son, Mrs. Elliott, Mr. Chas. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. L. Holst, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hern, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Raynor, Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Musgrave, Mr. and Mrs. John Lauri, Chas. Lauri, Miss Rosini Lauri, Master Geo. Lauri, Master Chas. Lauri, Louisa and Stella Lauri.

OCT. 14.—*In steam-ship India, from Glasgow.*—A. McDonald, Miss Jane McDonald, Miss Ellen McDonald, R. B. L. Alexander, J. H. Worcester, W. S. Nicholson, Agnes Nicholson, M. I. Greenwood, M. S. Greenwood, W. J. Whittaker, Wm. Hopkinson, Jane Hopkinson, Ira Hopkinson, Emma Hopkinson, J. L. Bailey, Wm. Holmes, Jane Holmes, Maggie Kerr, Mary Urey, Dr. Rudd, Mrs. E. Rudd, C. Witney, Alexander Steele, A. McCheyne, Mary Swan, Eliza M. Corkindale, Duncan Corkindale, Charles Corkindale, E. Herbert Noyes, Hugh Berkley, George Stone, Alexander Wood, W. C. Barras, G. S. Boak, J. W. R. Boak, Mary A. Boak, Harriet Kyle, Jane Kirkpatrick, Isabella Tyrell, and 250 in the steerage.

OCT. 14.—*In steam-ship Britannia, from Glasgow.*—Miss Schlater and family, Mr. and Mrs. Honeyman and family, Miss Hall and brother, Mrs. Green and son, Mrs. Armour and son, Miss Carstrussen, Mr. Bullock, Mr. Fraser, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Reynolds, Dr. Byerkland.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung and New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises....6:11 | Sun sets....5:20 | Moon rises..9:18

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..11:07 | Gov. Island..11:56 | Hell Gate...1:18

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Oct. 14.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Algeria, (Br.,) Le Messurier, Liverpool, Chas. G. Francklyn; Columbia, Van Sice, Havana, Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Co.; H. Livingston, Cheeseman, Savannah, Livingston, Fox & Co.; William P. Clyde, Morgan, Wilmington, N. C., J. Lorillard; S. C. Walker, Sherrin, Philadelphia; S. F. Phelps, Braine, Philadelphia; E. C. Biddle, McCue, Philadelphia; Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia; Dirigo, Johnson, Portland, J. F. Ames.

Ship John Sidney, Bartlett, Charleston.

Barks Jeanie, (Br.,) Cornwell, Falmouth, for orders, E. Morgan & Co.; Uno, (Russ.,) Wikander, Odessa, Funch, Edye & Co.; Mattia, (Ital.,) Lunra, Trieste, Funch, Edye & Co.; Carib, Jayne, St. Croix, P. Hanford & Co.

Brigs Eva N. Johnson, Coyle, Nuevitas, Brett, Son & Co.; Gambia, Gilley, Galveston, N. H. Brigham.

Schrs. Henry Middleton, Brewer, Beaufort, Thomas, Holmes & Co.; R. B. Wharton, Bonsall, Newbern, Thomas, Holmes & Co.; Tarry Not, Knowles, Philadelphia, Crandall, Berteaux & Co.; G. A. Pierce, Poole, Salem; Sallie Burton, Palmer, Stamford; Tryphena, (Br.,) Gardner, St. Kitts and Antigua, Jones & Lough; Dauntless, Coombs, Demerara, Miller & Houghton; Mary Farrow, Bagley, Jacksonville, Bentley, Miller & Thomas; Petronella, (Br.,) Emery, Weak's River, Ga., Brett, Son & Co.; Artie Greenwood, Godfrey, Wilmington, N. C., Evans, Ball & Co.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Calabria, (Br.,) McMickan, Liverpool Oct. 4, and Queenstown 5th, with mdse. and 616 passengers to Chas. G. Francklyn; Oct. 6, lat. 51 12, lon. 15.40, passed a steamer, bound E., supposed to be steam-ship China; 10th, lat. 46 06, lon. 40 53, exchanged signals with a National Co.'s steam-ship, bound E.; 11th, lat. 46 18, lon. 46 33, exchanged signals with a Guion steamship bound E.

Steam-ship Britannia, (Br.,) Campbell, Glasgow Sept. 28, via Moville 29th, with mdse. and 162 passengers to Henderson Bros. Experienced strong N. W. gales from 40 75 to the Banks; Oct. 2, lat. 54 12, lon. 27 07, passed Anchor line steamer Iowa, hence for Glasgow; 7th, lat. 47 10 N., lon. 46 37 W., passed Anchor line steamer, supposed to be Europa, bound E.

Steam-ship Cleopatra, Phillips, Savannah Oct. 11, with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steam-ship Hansa, (N. G.,) Brockelstein, Bremen Oct. 1, with mdse. and passengers to Oelrichs & Co.

Steam-ship Charleston, Berry, Charleston, Oct. 12, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co. 13th, at 8 A. M., off Hatteras, exchanged signals with steam-ship Jas. Adger, hence for Charleston.

Steam-ship Vanita, Freeman, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. Lorillard.

Steam-ship Georgia, (new, iron,) Crowell, Philadelphia, in ballast to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Brig Arctic, (Br.,) Windsor, N.S., 8 ds., with plaster to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig D. B. Doane, Vessey, Norwalk, for Philadelphia.

Schr. D. C. Hulse, Hildreth, Jacksonville 16 ds., with naval stores to Dibble, Worth & Co.—vessel to Jonas Smith & Co. Has been 10 ds. N. of Hatteras, with strong E. gales; 8th, while hove to during an E. gale, was boarded by a sea which swept away Stern boat from the davits.

Schr. John Mosser, Rhodes, Newbern, N. C., 9 ds., with staves to Thomas, Holmes & Co.

Schr. Mary Louisa, Gaskell, Washington, N. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to Zophar Mills.

Schr. New-Zealand, (of Friendship, Me.,) Cook, Jacksonville 14 ds., with lumber to Eppinger, Russell & Co.

Schr. Geo. Gillum, Murray, Elizabethport, for Middletown.

Schr. S. P. Goodwin, Waterbury, Elizabethport, for Stamford.

Schr. Emily, Morrell, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. G. C. Burdett, Rogers, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Black Diamond, Merrill, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Liberty, Johnson, Elizabethport, for Norwalk.

Schr. C. C. Smith, Mayo, Elizabethport, for Taunton.

Schr. James Henry, Wilson, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Sarah, Merton, Rockland, with lime to Candee & Pressey.

Schr. Hannah Westbrook, Littlejohn, Portland, with lumber to Geo. E. Holyoke.

Schr. H. Prescott, Freeman, Portland, with lumber to master.

Schr. Harriett Thomas, Van Cleaf, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. R. S. Gildersleeve, Carroll, Savannah 15 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. E. H. Potter, Ellsworth, Greenport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Jacob Raymond, Anderson, New-London, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Knight, Veazie, Bangor, with lumber to John G. Moore.

Schr. D. B. Smith, Rogers, Elizabethport, for Taunton.

Schr. Sarah Selsey, Selsey, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Orlando Smith, Ferris, Portchester, for Elizabethport.

Schr. A. M. Acken, Hale, Norwalk, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Wm. Palmer, Dale, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Wm. H. Bowen, Smith, New-Haven, for Baltimore.

Schr. Niagara, Morton, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Native, De Hart, Elizabethport, for Middletown.

Schr. Silas Brainerd, Buell, Elizabethport, for Portland, Conn.

Schr. C. H. Northam, Hall, Elizabethport, for Middletown.

Schr. O. C. Acken, Hobbie, Stamford.

Schr. Ripple, Conover, New-Haven, for Trenton.

Schr. Motto, Searle, Connecticut River.

Schr. J. K. Mitchell, Morrell, Stamford, for Albany.

Schr. Oliver Spelman, Smith, Haddam.

Schr. White Wing, Hall, Westerly.

Schr. Dart, Murphy, Stamford.

Schr. L. A. Tollen, Day, Elizabethport, for Norwalk.

Schr. Delight, Allen, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

WIND—Sunset, light, N. W., clear.

Below.

Bark Yumuri, (of Nassau,) Johnson, from Sagua, with sugar, &c., to Waydell.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—Arr. steamer Saxon, from Philadelphia; reports that on the 12th inst., 15 miles from Montauk, saw brig San Carlos, from Philadelphia, for Portland, before reported dismasted; she was standing N. E. by E., under mainsail and temporary jibs.

The schr. Wm. L. Springs, of New-York, from Chisholms Island, S. C., for Woods Hill, foundered off Cape Hatteras recently; the crew were saved by the schr. Moonlight, and landed at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 14.—Arr. steam-ship James Adger, from New-York; steam-ship Falcon, from Baltimore.

Sld. bark Kathleen, for Liverpool.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Oct. 14.—Sld. United States steamers Kansas and Mayflower, for Tehuantepec, to make surveys for a ship-canal; schr. Sparkling Sea and bark D. McPherson, for New-York.

HOLMES' HOLE, Oct. 13.—Arr. schrs. Romeo, Bangor, New-York.

The schr. St. Croix, at this port, reports 9th inst., spoke San Carlos, from Philadelphia, of and for Portland, reported lost foremast; she would try to get into Sandy Hook.

Sld. schr. E. W. Pratt.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 14.—Cld. ship Hampton Court, for Liverpool, and schr. Clara Montgomery, for New-York.

Miscellaneous.

Steam-ship India, (Br.,) Munro, from Glasgow, which arrived at an early hour yesterday, reports experienced strong westerly winds, with a high cross-sea, as far as Cape Race; afterward more moderate weather. Oct. 10, lat. 45 17 N., lon. 54 45 W., spoke ship Electric, bound E.; same day passed ship Jno. or Geo. Fleming, for Montreal; 11th, lat. 42 45, lon. 60, steam-ship Cambria, hence for Glasgow.

Steam-ship France, (Br.,) Grogan, from Liverpool, which arrived at an early hour yesterday, reports strong head winds and heavy westerly sea. Oct. 1, lat. 51 22, lon. 14 29, passed ship Southampton, from Liverpool for New-York; 10th, lat. 43 31, lon. 55 27, passed Cunard steam-ship Batavia, hence for Liverpool; 11th, lat. 42 32, lon. 61 25, steam-ship Cambria, do. for Glasgow; 12th, lat. 40 29, lon. 71 30, a Cunard steam-ship bound E.

Spoken.

Oct. 13, lat. 40 38, lon. 71 57, bark H. B. Walker, (of Boston,) Fentengill, from Trinidad de Cuba for Holmes' Hole, with three of the crew sick. By pilot-boat Jas. W. Elwell No. 7.

Whalers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—The whaling brig Victoria has arrived in 29 ds. from the Arctic Ocean with 60 bbls. of whale-oil, 65 bbls. of walrus-oil, 10,000 pounds of bone and 5,250 walrus-teeth. She reports the Arctic clear of ice. It was impossible to judge how the season would turn out. She spoke the Florida, with 500 bbls. walrus-oil; the John Howland, with 481 bbls. whale; the Aurora, with 750 bbls. whale; the Concordia with 900 bbls. whale; the E. Swift, with 250 bbls. whale; the Menchikoff, with 900 bbls. whale; the Emily, with 400 bbls. whale; the Seabreeze, with 481 bbls. whale; the Elmira, with 250 bbls. whale; the Trident, with 550 bbls. whale; the Roman, with 800 bbls. whale; the Hercules, with 400 bbls. whale; the Hibernia, with 550 bbls. whale; the Massachusetts, with 400 bbls. whale; the Lagoda, with 400 bbls. whale; the Ohio, with 450 bbls. whale; the Marengo, with 500 bbls. whale, and the Josephine, which had taken 9 "greys" and 3 "cowheads."

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

MOVILLE, Oct. 14.—The steamer North American touched at this port on Wednesday on her way to Liverpool.

SMITH'S

American

ORGANS!

Have never been recommended to the public solely on the ground of cheapness.

TO MAKE THE BEST INSTRUMENTS

is the first aim of the manufacturers; next, to fix a reasonable price upon them.

But they are now able to furnish a few new styles, with solid excellence, and in cases of

New and Tasteful Designs,

At prices ranging from $100 to $200.

☞ These instruments cannot be surpassed by any of their class, either in quality or beauty.

Larger and more complete organs, possessing all desirable features, and made with the conscientious care which marks the workmanship of this establishment, are offered at prices equally moderate in comparison.

***An elegantly illustrated Circular, containing descriptions and prices, will be sent, post-paid on application.

S. D. & H. W. SMITH, Boston, Mass.

LE BOUTILLIER BROTHERS

have now a full assortment of

DRESS GOODS, MOURNING GOODS, PLUSHES, VELVETS, VELVETEENS, SATINS, WATER-PROOF CLOTHS, SHAWLS, &c., BLACK SILKS AND FANCY COLORED SILKS,

bought by one of the firm in LYONS during the recent panic there, also very superior BLACK ENGLISH SILK made to our order.

WINTER VESTS AND DRAWERS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS AND SASH RIBBONS, HOUSE-KEEPING LINENS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, QUILTS, AND COMFORTABLES.

All goods have been bought at cash prices, and will be sold at the very lowest rates.

NO. 48 EAST 14TH-ST., IN UNION-SQUARE.

MITRAILLEUSE!

30,000 Prussians Killed.

We are now offering the Mitrailleuse, a marble-shooter, discharging twelve marbles at once loading. It is three feet long; barrel, guard-bow, magazine, trigger, hammer, are all made of iron, highly polished; stock of wood; and pronounced by all as the most complete and novel parlor-gun that has been offered to the public. Sent by express on receipt of $3.

LA PETIT MITRAILLEUSE, COMPOSED OF ALL WOOD—NO. 1, 35 CENTS; NO. 2, 50 CENTS, EACH SHOOTING SIX MARBLES.

THE BUNNELL MANUF'G CO., makers, Unionville, Conn.

Samples can be seen at HART & SLOAN'S, Nos. 8 and 10 John-st., New-York.

1 TO 10,000

SHOW CARDS

OR

PICTURES

MOUNTED AND FINISHED

with our ENAMEL WATER-PROOF FINISH, or FRAMED in GLASS at SHORT NOTICE. PRICES LOW and WORK GUARANTEED.

HARRIS FINISHING CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1862. NO. 28 DEY-ST.

WM. KNABE & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1833, BALTIMORE, MD.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Grand, Square and Upright

PIANOS,

NO. 650 BROADWAY, N. Y.

J. BAUER & CO., GENERAL AGENTS.

PIANOS TO RENT AND SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CLOTHING

OF ALL GRADES FOR

MEN AND BOYS.

NEW AND CHOICE STYLES

IN THE GREATEST

VARIETY,

PRICES UNIFORMLY LOW.

DEVLIN & CO.,

BROADWAY, COR. GRAND-ST.

BROADWAY, COR. WARREN-ST.

AMERICAN

BROILER,

THE FINEST CULINARY INVENTION OF THE AGE.

Embodying in a plain and cheap utensil, as simple as a pot or skillet, and weighing less than three pounds, ALL THE PRINCIPLES INVOLVED IN THE PERFECT BROILING OF MEATS, WITH THE GREATEST CONVENIENCES AND ADVANTAGES OF PRACTICAL USE, AND DOING ITS WORK WITH A RAPIDITY MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT OF ANY OTHER BROILER!

It affords to the poor and rich alike the FIRST and ONLY relief ever offered from the tedious, troublesome, juice-evaporating and dyspepsia-producing broilers of the past; from the deadly foe to human health, the FRYING PAN; and from MEAT-COOKING ABOMINATIONS OF ALL DEGREES!

It renders broiling, heretofore so vexatious, the QUICKEST AND EASIEST OF ALL MODES OF COOKING, and meats broiled by it MORE PALATABLE AND NUTRITIOUS THAN BY ANY OTHER MODE OF COOKING THEM, because it prevents the loss of nutriment by evaporation or otherwise. It sets on top of the stove or range, over one of the openings; requires no preparation of fire; no Coke or Charcoal; no Pounding of Steak; renders tough meat tender by its action; does away with all smoke and smell of grease; broils equally well over Coal or Wood; answers for all sized stove or range openings;

AND IS EQUALLY GOOD FOR BEEFSTEAK, CHICKEN, HAM, CHOPS, FISH AND OYSTERS.

It broils steak, over an average fire, in SEVEN to EIGHT MINUTES, and, over a very hot fire, WITHIN FIVE MINUTES. Other meats in proportion; and RETAINS ALL THE JUICES AND FLAVOR, which no other Broiler does. SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND ARE NOW IN USE! All sold under STANDING and UNCONDITIONAL GUARANTEES, and have given a unanimity of satisfaction unprecedented in the history of culinary inventions.

We guarantee them, wherever sold, to fulfill the above specifications, and authorize all dealers to do so with their customers. An universal test is invited on these terms; and to any not satisfied, after a fair trial, the money will be refunded, with charges both ways.

Each Broiler will have the authorized label attached with the trade-mark, "American Broiler," stamped thereon.

This Broiler is also an unequaled BREAD-TOASTER and CORN-POPPER, and a good COFFEE-ROASTER.

RETAIL PRICE ONLY $2.

FINE MESH GRATE, for Corn Popping and Roasting Coffee, if desired, 25 cents extra.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

AMERICAN BROILER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Offices: No. 62 Broad-st., New-York, and No. 169 Race-st., Cincinnati.

For sale in New-York City by the houses below-named, in half-dozen and dozen packages, at the minimum rates, who will be responsible to the full extent of the above guarantees for all Broilers sold by them.

LALANCE & GROSJEAN MFG. CO., No. 39 Beekman and Nos. 53 and 55 Cliff sts.
E. KETCHAM & CO., No. 289 Pearl-st.,
RUSSELL & IRWIN MFG. CO., Nos. 45 and 47 Chambers-st.,
N. E. JAMES & CO., No. 23 Cliff-st.,

And at retail by house-furnishing, tin and stove dealers generally.

7 PER CENT. GOLD LOAN

ON A COMPLETED TRUNK LINE.

THE INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN RAILWAY,

From Indianapolis, Ind., to Pekin, Ill., 205 miles in length, is completed and fully equipped with new and first-class Rolling Stock, and already EARNING NEARLY DOUBLE THE INTEREST ON THE WHOLE ISSUE OF BONDS, with rapidly-increasing receipts.

The Company have leased the Peoria and Pekin Railroad on favorable terms, making the Western Terminus at Peoria, the second city in Illinois, where through connections are made to Omaha and the Pacific, saving over 65 miles travel from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The bonds are secured by a First Mortgage on the Road, Equipments and entire Property of the Company, and, BEING ON A COMPLETED ROAD WHICH PASSES THROUGH ONE OF THE MOST THICKLY POPULATED AND RICHEST PORTIONS OF THE WEST, with so many valuable connecting trunk lines East and West, NO SECURITY CAN BE MORE ABSOLUTELY SAFE.

The road passes through six flourishing and growing cities, and numerous towns, which contain in the aggregate nearly 200,000 people, and within twenty miles of the track there is a population of over 600,000.

THE BONDS ARE CONVERTIBLE into Stock at par, which is a valuable option, as MANY OF THE WESTERN ROADS, LESS FAVORABLY LOCATED, ARE AT A HIGH PREMIUM.

Over seven-eighths of the loan has been marketed during the construction of the line. The balance we offer at 97½ AND INTEREST, giving investors the full benefit of the advantages of the completion of the road.

All marketable securities received in exchange at market rates. Bonds forwarded to all points FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

For maps and full particulars, apply to

TURNER BROTHERS,
Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

CORNS.

Thousands in this City and suburbs suffering from CORNS, BUNIONS, CLUB or DEFORMED NAILS, NAILS PENETRATING THE FLESH, and other ailments of the feet, are not aware that there is immediate relief at a nominal charge, by a regularly educated Chiropodist. Established in 1840. The most difficult corns removed without pain. Only $1. Dr. R. H. WESTERVELT, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 863 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts., New-York.

THE COLD SEASON

IS APPROACHING.

The subscribers are prepared to put up

FURNACES OR HEATERS

at short notice, and their long experience in this line enables them to give entire satisfaction.

Parties having worn-out or inefficient heating apparatus can have them replaced at moderate expense, and receive a liberal allowance for furnaces taken out.

JANES & KIRTLAND,
NOS. 8, 10 AND 12 READE-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.

Pyle's O. K. Soap.

Most Popular HOUSEHOLD SOAP in market.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Depot, No. 350 Washington-st., New-York.

"RUSSIAN BRACES."

The best Suspenders ever worn.